Chapter 1

Okuna-to-English Dictionary

This dictionary includes a large yet still preliminary alphabetical listing of Okuna words and phrases. Some notes on the arrangement and formatting of the glossary are given below:

- 1. Alphabetization follows English conventions. Words beginning with lh are alphabetized with words beginning with l, while words beginning with tl and ts are alphabetized with words beginning with t.
- 2. Words and phrases are classified into the following categories: adverbial [a], conjunction [c], interjection [i], noun [n], particle [p], and verb [v]. Verbs are further divided into Class I, Class II, and Class III, abbreviated [v1], [v2], and [v3], respectively. When a case-inflected form of a noun or noun phrase is listed separately, the case abbreviation (see below) is included with the category abbreviation—e.g., [n(LOC)] for a locative case-marked noun or noun phrase. Idioms and fixed expressions are marked [e], and are listed under the (main) verb they contain.
- 3. Nouns are listed in their unmarked form. This is identical to the stem, except when the unmarked form ends in a stressed vowel (e.g., $nap\grave{e}$ 'daughter'), in which case the stem ends in h (napeh-). Verbs are listed in their citation form, consisting of the stem followed by the ending -a, which marks both the non-past imperfect and the dependent indicative forms.
- 4. Productively derived words, along with idioms and fixed expressions, are listed as subentries. Derived words are listed under the word from which they are derived. They are generally included only if they have an unpredictable meaning, or if their closest English equivalent(s) are not obvious. Idioms and fixed expressions consisting of two or more nouns or two or more verbs are listed under the head (i.e., the final noun/verb). Those consisting of a verb and a noun are listed under the verb.
- 5. Entries for verbs may end in a CASE FRAME, given in angled brackets. The case frame provides information about the cases which the verb assigns to its arguments, in situations where this information cannot be clearly inferred from the verb's meaning and class membership. Case frames make use of the following abbreviations: nominative (NOM), dative (DAT), ergative (ERG), locative (LOC), allative (ALL), ablative (ABL), instrumental (INST). These abbreviations fill 'slots' within the case frame which designate the corresponding arguments. For example, the case frame for *kahta* 'hit' is given as:

<ERG hit DAT (with NOM/INST), ERG hit NOM on/against DAT>

This is meant to show that if a sentence like 'The girl hit the tree (with a stick)' or 'The girl hit the stick against the tree' were translated into Okuna, 'the girl' would be rendered with a noun phrase in the ergative case, 'the tree' with a noun phrase in the dative case, and 'the stick' (if present) with a noun phrase in either the nominative case or the instrumental case. Note that, when a verb has more than one possible English equivalent, typically only one of the equivalents will be used in the case frame, unless different equivalents require different case frames.

afa [v3] come on, come along, go on, go along, accompany; take along, bring along; (fig.) participate, take part; follow, obey, comply with, conform to. <NOM come along with INST, ERG bring NOM along, NOM take part in ALL, NOM comply with INST> afemit [n] escort, entourage. tuhanme afa [v3] follow a rule, obey a law.

afima [v1] be parallel, be side by side; be arranged in parallel lines. <NOM be parallel to INST>

ahim [n] breath; air.

ahinka [v2] let air escape; breathe out, exhale;
blow out. <ERG/ABL breathe out> ahinkota
[v2] pant, breathe heavily, be out of breath.

ahkame [n] full sibling (child of both one's parents).
ahkamehats [n] the sibling relationship.
ahkamie [n] twins, pair of twins.
ahkamieu ehtsan [n] twin, one of a pair of twins.

ahkena [v1] be principal, main, primary, major, of greatest importance, (most) essential, supreme; be central, innermost. ahkene [n] head, chief; the main (one(s)), the primary (one(s)); (inner) essence, core, centre. ahkenemit [n] council of elders.

ahkunan [n] companion, fellow. ahkunanmit [n] fellowship, cohort, group of companions.

ahkunankats [n] companionship, fellowship.

ahkupa [v1] be connected to, related to, relevant to; have something to do with. <NOM be connected to INST in terms of ABL> ohpeu akhupa [v] be causally connected to, have a cause and effect relationship with.

ahkusta [v3] agree; decide (together), settle on.
<ERG agree with INST on NOM> ahkuste [n] agreement, arrangement, settlement, shared decision.

ahmoita [v3] share, share in, receive a share of (food or other resources); share out, divide up, split up, apportion, distribute, give (s.o.) a share of. <DAT receive a share of NOM, ERG give DAT a share of NOM, DAT/ERG share NOM with INST> ahmoite [n] share, portion, cut.

ahmokame [n] maternal cousin; relative on one's mother's side.

aho [n] sun.

ahokipihe [n] the planet Mercury.

ahopiau [n] zenith, the highest point of the sun in the sky; noon, midday, the time of day when the sun is at its highest point; (fig.) south, southern (esp. when used to modify a noun denoting a location).

ahopiaut [n] south (lit. direction of the sun at its

highest point in the sky).

ahotsin [n] corn, maize.

ahotsinkot [n] ear of corn.

ahpa [v1] include, incorporate; be fitted with, be equipped, furnished, outfitted with. <LOC include NOM> ahpanen [n] whole (containing or incorporating smaller parts). ahpe [n] part, portion, component; addition, supplementary element. ahpemit [n] gear, equipment, provisions, accourrements. ahpeta [v2] come to include, incorporate; add to, incorporate into; provide, furnish, equip with. <LOC come to include NOM, ERG add NOM to LOC, ERG equip LOC with NOM>

ahta [v2] join, meet up with, rendezvous with; bring together. <NOM join (up with) INST, ERG bring NOM together with INST>

ahte [n] father.

ahtehats [n] fatherhood. ahtehatsme [n(INST)] as/like a father, in a fatherly way.

ahtena [v2] be included; count, matter, be important; include, count, consider, pay attention to, assign importance to. <NOM be included in/with INST, ERG include NOM in/with INST>

ahti [n] shape; style, mode; technique.

ahtima [v1] lie on the ground, collect/accumulate on the ground, cover the ground (used esp. of particulate substances like snow, sand, or leaves).

ahtimen [n] patch, covering (of snow, sand, leaves, gravel, etc.), place where falling material has collected; collection, accumulation.

ahtlama [n] domesticated animal; pet, animal companion.

ahtseipa [v1] share a common source or origin;
share ancestry, be related (by blood/birth), be kin, be cognate; be akin. <NOM be akin to INST>
ahtseipats [n] relatedness; familial relationship, kinship, consanguinity. ahtseipanen [n] common origin, common source, (shared) ancestry.
ahtseipe [n] kin, kindred, relative, blood relation, family member; cognate, person or thing with which one shares a common origin.

ahuna [v1] be uncovered, bare, (in the) open, exposed; be naked, nude, unclothed. ahunta [v2] uncover, expose, bare, reveal; disrobe, remove one's clothing.

aihan [n] gold (metal).

aihne [n] gold(en) thing, amber thing. aihnenalei [n] the colour gold, the colour amber.

aila [v2] cry, bawl, wail.

aile [n] silver(y) thing, object with a shiny or reflective surface. ailot [n] silver (metal); mirror.

aipa [v2] float, hover, drift (in the air, or on the surface of water); be afloat, be aloft; move through the air/water, be blown. aipyipa [v2] float, be buoyant. an aipa [v2] (p.t. atmosphere) be still, calm (i.e., not windy). tsasan aipa [v2] be humid, sticky, moist.

aitsip [n] wasp.

 $ak\grave{a}$ [n] spleen.

akaile [n] temperature.

akapa [v2] be steady, move at a steady pace; do (s.th.) at a steady pace.

aki [n] flea.

akiel [n] appearance, looks.

akime [n] to us (1st plural exclusive irrealis dative pronoun).

akioit [n] speed, velocity, pace.

akma [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person inclusive ergative).

akme [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person inclusive nominative).

ako [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + second person ergative).

akoi [n] to you (2nd singular irrealis dative pronoun).

akoloim [n] difficulty, level/degree of difficulty; effort, toil.

akot [n] box, small chest; compartment.

aktapa [v3] help (bring about), aid in, facilitate, enable. <ERG help DAT in/with NOM, ERG help DAT to (do) NOM> aktapats [n] help, aid, assistance.

aku [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + second person nominative).

akuiset [n] length of time, duration, span.

akut [n] to you (2nd plural irrealis dative pronoun).alaine [n] (p.t. light) degree of brightness, inten-

sity; (p.t. sound) pitch, frequency.

alats [n] birch tree.

ale [n] thread, yarn.

aleut [n] help, aid, assistance.

aleutekan [n] benefit, advantage; use, usefulness.alha [v1] be allowed, permitted.

alhena [v1] feel like, be in the mood for, be inclined to(wards). <LOC be in the mood for NOM/ALL>
alhene [n] mood, feeling, inclination; desire.

alhme [n(INST)] though, although, despite (the fact that); even if (marks concessive clauses). ntsune
alhme [n(INST)] nevertheless, even if not; although that's not the case.

alhoit [n] weight.

alhta [v3] invert, turn over, flip. ailhta [v1] be inverted, flipped, upside-down. ampe alhta [v3] change one's mind, change one's opinion or position; have a change of heart. kasu alhta [v3] turn a page (of a book). kutsmoi alhta [v3] turn over on one's back. ope alhta [v3] change one's mind, change what one believes.

aliaken [n] length, distance, span.

alimalh [n] beginning (point), start, inception, commencement, opening. alimalhu [n(ABL)] from the start, from the get go. alimalhu su [n(ABL)] right from the start, all along.

alina [v1] be uncertain, doubtful, dubious; be reluctant, hold back, hesitate to act. <NOM be uncertain, LOC be reluctant, LOC feel uncertain about ABL> alinats [n] doubt, uncertainty; reluctance, hesitation.

alioin [n] age.

alioinkats [n] age (esp. of a person), stage or period in one's life/development.

aliointuk [n] age group, generation.

alla [v1] be fresh (i.e., not spoiled, used of food).

alna [v1] be alluring, sexually attractive. <NOM be
attractive to ALL, ALL be attracted to NOM>

alom [n] hill (esp. with steep sides), butte; cone of a volcano. kihalom [n] hillock, knoll.

alona [v1] be aroused, lusty, horny, in the mood for sex; arouse, inspire lust. <LOC be aroused, NOM arouse LOC> alone [n] lust, arousal; object of lust.

alontsa [v2] make camp, set up camp. alontse [n] camp, camping.

alontsen [n] camp, campsite.

alu [n] fat, grease; oil.

aluhtse [n] smell, aroma, odour.

alusak [n] lamp oil, oil used as fuel.

ama [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person singular ergative).

ama [n] mama, mommy.

amahtle [n] taste, flavour.

amai [n] to me (1st singular irrealis dative pronoun).

amalò [n] happiness, joy, delight.

ame [n] mother.

ame [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person singular nominative).

amehats [n] motherhood; childbearing.

amoitl [n] meaning, significance, signification, content (of a sign or message); interpretation, reading; understanding.

ampa [v1] think, believe, consider, have the opinion

that. <LOC believe NOM> ampe [n] opinion, belief, viewpoint, position, feeling(s). ampeta [v2] come to believe, come to the opinion that, decide; convince. <LOC come to the opinion that NOM, ERG convince LOC of/that NOM> eihte ampa [v1] be right, have the right position/opinion. kele ampa [v1] agree, concur. <LOC agree with INST that NOM is the case> ufatl ampa [v1] be wrong, have the wrong position/opinion.

ampilan [n] perimeter, periphery; outline; border(line), boundary (around something).

ampilomuats [n] ripples.

ampimutu [n] pen, corral, enclosure, stockade, surrounding wall or fence.

ampio [n] area around, surrounding area. ampiomit [n] surroundings, environs, environment; community, society. tohampiona [n(LOC)] everywhere, all around.

ampioian [n] rim, circumference.

ampiota [v3] surround, encircle, go around;
put/place around. <nom surround DAT, ERG put
NOM (all) around DAT, ERG surround DAT with
NOM> ampioita [v1] surround. <nom surround
LOC, LOC be surrounded by NOM> iante ampiota [v3] jump out and surround, ambush.

ampisemu [n] foreskin.

amuohfe [n] (degree of) thickness, density, consistency; (p.t. colour) brightness, intensity, degree of saturation.

an [n] still air, lack of wind.

anai [n] to him, to her; to this (one), to that (one) (3rd singular animate irrealis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

anat [n] to them; to these (ones), to those (ones) (3rd plural animate irrealis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

ania [v1] (see: iena).

aniema [v2] get better, improve; make better, ameliorate.

anihte [n] as many, equally many. ianihtena [a] as often, as frequently, equally often. kanihteme, kanihtei [a] as many times (in a row); as much, to as great an extent, to the same extent. ntse anihte [n] not as many, fewer. ntse ianihtena [a] not as often; seldom. ntse kanihteme, ntse kanihtei [a] not as many times, fewer times (in a row); less, not as much, to a lesser extent.

anin [p] still, even so; nevertheless, anyway, in any case. husu anin [p] even so.

aniohta [v1] be better, preferable; be best; it would be better/best (if).

ankim [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person inclusive nominative).

ankima [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person inclusive ergative).

anma [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person singular ergative).

anme [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person singular nominative).

ano [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + second person ergative).

anohte [n] more, a greater number (of); the most, the greatest number (of). ianohtena [a] more, more often. kanohteme, kanohtei [a] more times (in a row); more, to a greater degree/extent, by a larger factor. kihanohte [n] a few more. tohanohte [n] a lot more, many more. ntse anohte [n] not more; no more, not any more.

ante [n] many, a lot (quantifies count nouns).
iantena [a] often, many times, on many occasions; in many cases. kantene, kantei [a] many times (in a row); by a large amount/proportion.

antsa [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person exclusive ergative).

antsaka [n] many kinds (of), various.

antse [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + first person exclusive nominative).

anu [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate irrealis dative + second person nominative).

apait [n] height.

apiat [n] prong-horned antelope.

apun [n] wheel.

apunkol [n] axle.

apunmet [n] hub (of a wheel).

asa [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person exclusive ergative).

asat [n] to us (1st plural exclusive irrealis dative pronoun).

ase [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate irrealis dative + first person exclusive nominative).

atai [n] to it; to this (one), to that (one); there, to there, thither (3rd singular inanimate irrealis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

atak [n] leg, limb, appendage (esp. of an animal).atat [n] to them; to these (ones), to those (ones)(3rd plural inanimate irrealis dative pronoun and

demonstrative).

atia [v2] approach, move towards, get close(r) to; bring/move close(r) to. <NOM approach ALL, ERG move NOM closer to ALL> utia [v1] be close (to), near, nearby, in the area (of), in the vicinity.

<NOM be close to ALL> heulhte atia [v2] pull towards, draw towards, attract. klalpe atia [v2] stalk, sneak up on, approach stealthily. lhahe atia [v2] reach (out) for, reach towards. nalhpe atia [v2] beckon towards, motion towards. <ERG motion towards ALL, ERG beckon NOM towards all> pake atia [v2] (take a) step towards, step closer to. pihe atia, sahe atia [v2] gain on, catch up with.

atlo [n] warning, alarm. atlo ha [e] look out, watch out, be careful!

atlpa [v2] play, make music. <ERG play INST (an instrument), ERG play NOM (a piece of music) with/on INST> atlpaka [n] player, musician. atlpakamit [n] band, ensemble, group of musicians. atlpanen [n] musical instrument. atlpe, atlpats [n] music, piece of music; playing, musical performance. kiyn atlpanen [n] stringed instrument.

atoihe [n] size, bigness.

aton [n] can, canister, tin, metal container.

atsafe [a] very, truly, really, extremely, terribly, horribly (intensifier for verbs with a negative connotation).

atsoin [n] loudness, volume (of sound).

atua [v2] rest, have a rest. tsan atua [v2] rest oneself, get (oneself) some rest.

atulme [n] breadth, girth; mass, weight.

aule [n] sound. kihaule [n] soft sound, small noise.tohaule [n] loud noise.

aulina [v3] determine, ascertain, establish, make sure, confirm, verify; conclude, reach a conclusion, decide, resolve, settle (a question). <ERG determine NOM, ERG reach a conclusion about DAT, ERG settle DAT> auline [n] determination, conclusion, decision, resolution.

aun [n] if, whether (marks indirect questions).
aunme [n(INST)] if, when, provided that, on condition that, supposing, assuming (marks conditional clauses); as for, regarding, given X, as far as X is concerned (marks contrastive topics).
aun anteme [n(INST)] often when, in many cases when/where. aun elhkoua [n(ALL)] just in case. aun iketme [n(INST)] always when, whenever. aun sepyime [n] sometimes when, in some cases when/where. aun tsomoteme [n] usually when, in most cases when/where. ntsune aunme [n(INST)] if not, otherwise. X aunme ne [e] what about X?

auohi [n] darling, dear one, beloved (term of endearment). auote [n] feeling, sensation; emotion; stimulus, thing which is felt or perceived; feature, trait, characteristic, property.

auotekan [n] sensory value, (visual/auditory) interest, appeal.

efa [v1] have, own, possess; belong to. <INST have NOM, NOM belong to INST> efanen [n] owner; ownership. efe [n] property, possession; goods.

efin [n] order, system, harmonious arrangement, organization; regular or repeated pattern.

efinma [v1] be orderly, systematic, organized, arranged, in order; be harmonious; be regular, patterned.

efoi [a] then, later, hereafter, after now, from now, in the future; in (a certain amount of time; preceded by a noun phrase in the instrumental case). esihpi efoi [a] in a while.

efos [n] problem, difficulty.

ehampi [a] for a long time.

ehisne [a] late.

ehkalain [n] dawn, daybreak, first light of day.

ehkamne [a] early.

ehkana [v1] come from, be from, hail from, originate at, be native to; emerge from, spring from, issue from. <NOM come from ABL> ehkanampa [v2] be original, act in a distinctive manner. okau ehkana [v1] be a member of a tribe or cultural group.

ehkanen [n] origin(s), source, provenance; home, birthplace; homeland, native region, territory claimed by a tribe or cultural group.

ehkasati [n] breakfast.

ehkasuk [n] baby tooth.

ehkisut [n] firstborn child.

ehkype [n] cargo, goods, merchandise.

ehsa [v3] tear, rip, rend. <ERG make a tear in DAT, ERG tear NOM into DAT>

ehtape [n] weft (on a loom).

ehte [n] three. ehteka [n] third (ordinal). ehtetla [n] (one) third (fraction). kaiehte [n] triple, three-part (thing); three times; threesome, trio, group of three. kaiehtei, kaiehteme [a] three times (in a row); threefold, by a factor of three. iehtena [a] thrice, three times, in three cases, on three occasions. iehtekana [a] for the third time.

 ${\it ehtepatam}$ [n] thirteen. ${\it ehtepatanka}$ [n] thirteenth.

ehtsan [n] one, only one, a single.

eiahtena [a] at other times, in other cases, on other occasions.

eihtaut [n] the right way.

eihte [n] the right one(s), the correct one(s).

eima [a] still, yet; again; more; (in comparative constructions) even. eima ante [n] many more; still a lot. eima ntse [p] still not, not yet. eima takan [a] still, even now.

eka [n] here (place near both speaker and addressee); there (place near addressee).

eka [v1] be empty; be lacking (in some property or substance). ekta [v3] empty, make/become empty. elhko eka [v1] be pointless, have no purpose. lhan eka [v1] be defeated, demoralized, have low morale; lack the will to act. mohi eka [v1] be unclouded, clear (p.t. fluids, glass, crystal, etc.); be colourless, transparent. tipe eka [v1] be simple, plain, unadorned; be lacking in detail.

ekane [p] just, specifically, in particular; exactly, precisely; in this case.

ekanta [v3] choose, select, appoint, elect; authorize, empower. <ERG elect NOM to DAT> ekantal [n] office, function, appointment, post, position of responsibility. ekantats [n] election, appointment. ekainte [n] elected official. ekaintanen [n] tenure, appointment, term (of office).

ekas [n] single (thing), whole; once, one time.
ekasme [n(INST)] (only) once (referring to the number of repetitions of an event). ekas iapme
[a] again, once more, one more time.

eket [n] each, every, each of them, they each; each of the (inanimate). eun eket [n] everywhere.
hen eket [n] both, both of them, both of the; the two of them each (inanimate).

eketl [n] shell, carapace, exoskeleton (of an arthropod); fingernail, toenail. euti eketl [n] eggshell.

ekina [a] every time, each time, whenever, in every case. lò ekina [a] every day. ulhmo ekina [a] every year.

ekitomu [n] fool, idiot.

ekitymok [n] frantic, chaotic, and misdirected or meaningless activity; pointless commotion; much ado about nothing (lit. 'empty thunder').

eklion [n] left, left hand side. ekliona [n(ALL)] left, to the left. eklionme X etlenme Y [n(INST)] on the one hand X, on the other hand Y. eklionna [n(LOC)] on the left.

ekme [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person inclusive nominative/irrealis dative).

ekmo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person inclusive realis dative).

ekona [v1] be hungry; hunger. <LOC be hungry (for NOM)> ekonampa [v2] cause/inspire hunger; be appetizing, palatable; be tempting, enticing, delectable. ekonats [n] hunger. ekone [n] hunger, cause or source of hunger; type of food for which one is hungry.

ekop [n] pinecone.

ekpa [v2] carry, bear; bring, take, convey (by carrying); hold, keep; wear (an article of clothing); be about, concern, deal with. <ERG carry/hold NOM, ERG deal with ALL> ekpanen [n] topic, subject matter. atsafe ekpa [v2] be terrible, awful, horrible; be very unfortunate, highly regretable. efos ekpa [v2] have a problem; have problems, be in trouble. **fasoun ekpa** [v2] be proud, act with pride. *ihfoite ekpa* [v2] keep a secret. kan ekpa [v2] be worthy; be valuable, have worth/value. *kilhte ekpa* [v2] hold in/with one's teeth. **lhan ekpa** [v2] be resolved, determined; have will, act with determination; be certain, definite. **masiò ekpa** [v2] be sorrowful. **mehu** ekpa [v2] be ashamed, feel shame; be shameful. *minahkan ekpa* [v2] be beloved, cherished, dear, highly valued. <ERG be dear to ALL, ALL cherish ERG, ALL be fond of ERG> minta ekpa [v2] have meaning, be meaningful; mean, express, denote, signify. minukan ekpa [v2] be interesting, stimulating. nesap ekpa [v2] have a question (to ask). **nole ekpa** [v2] be admired, respected, esteemed; be admirable, respectable. *ntahò ekpa* [v2] despair; be miserable, demoralized, daunted. okoni ekpa [v2] be in a certain condition. ta okoni mà èkpan? [e] what condition is it in?, what's it like?, how is it? simu ekpa [v2] show concern. siokuminta ekpa [v2] be ambiguous, have a double meaning. **soun ekpa** [v2] be brave, bold, courageous, strong-willed, undaunted; act with conviction. *tlehai ekpa* [v2] respect, have respect, show respect. <ERG show respect for/towards ALL> $tsimu\ ekpa\ [v2]$ be compassionate, have empathy. yhmamehu ekpa [v2] be humiliated.

ekpiha [v2] search, look around. <ERG search for ALL with NOM/INST> ekpihe [n] search. inie ekpiha [v2] look, search (by looking around).

eksia [v2] shave; scrape the surface of (to remove hair). ekseia [v1] be shaved, (clean-)shaven, smooth.

eku [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate erga-

tive + second person nominative).

ekue [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + second person irrealis dative).

ekulha [v3] treat, infuse, flavour, season; enhance; add (as an enhancement). <ERG infuse DAT with NOM; ERG add NOM to DAT> ekulhe [n] infusion, flavour(ing), seasoning.

ekuo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + second person realis dative).

ekusa [v2] be a cowardly act; be cowardly, craven, timid, fainthearted; act with cowardice, act out of cowardice, succumb to fear, lack the courage of one's convictions. <NOM be a cowardly act, ERG be cowardly, ERG do NOM out of cowardice> ekusaka [n] coward, craven. ekuse [n] act of cowardice. ekusats [n] cowardice, acting in a cowardly manner, not living up to one's convictions.

ekusin [n] cowardice, timidity, crippling fear.

ela [a] in each case; in any case, anyway, anyhow; regardless. ela ehtsanme [n(INST)] one at a time, one by one. ela henme [n(INST)] two at a time, two by two, in pairs. ela mà [n] anything (at all), it doesn't matter what. ela X su Y [c] either X or Y.

elan [n] line, edge, contour.

elh [c] and, and then; so, and so, and thus (denotes a sequential or causal relation).

elha [v3] put into, place inside, insert; soak, saturate, treat with (a liquid). <ERG put NOM in DAT, ERG soak DAT with NOM/INST> elhe [n] contents, filling; substance used to treat something. eilhanen [n] container, vessel; compartment; treated material. hauk elha [v3] smoke (e.g., meat or fish). myiouk elba [v3] pad, cushion, line the inside of. nalei elha [v3] dye. tiause elha [v3] pour into.

elhkani [n] snout.

elhko [n] purpose, goal; reason; sake, benefit.
elhkoua [n(ALL)] for, for the purpose of; for the sake/benefit of; in order to, so that. aun elhkoua [n(ALL)] just in case. tiaun elhkoua [n(ALL)] in that case, just in case (of that).

elhu [n] eleven. elhuka [n] eleventh (ordinal). elhutla [n] (one) eleventh (fraction). kaielhu [n] eleven-part (thing); eleven times; group of eleven. kaielhoi, kaielhume [a] eleven times (in a row); elevenfold, by a factor of eleven. ielhuna [a] eleven times, in eleven cases, on eleven occasions. ielhukana [a] for the eleventh time.

elia [v1] be soft and smooth, toned, lithe; be easy,

graceful; be calm, relaxed, at ease, peaceful, comfortable; be well, healthy; trust, believe in. <NOM be easy, LOC be comfortable with INST, LOC trust INST> eielioma [v3] make/become more relaxed, calm down; recover, recuperate, get better. eliampa [v2] be calming, relaxing, put at ease; be graceful, nimble, agile; move gracefully; be hospitable. eliampe [n] comfort; grace, ease, agility. elita [v3] relax, become relaxed, calm (down).

eliampi [a] easily, with ease; smoothly, gracefully; well.

elifa [v1] be beautiful, attractive, aesthetically pleasing (not used of people); (p.t. landscapes) be scenic.

elila [v2] hug, embrace, hold tightly in one's arms. elilhanke [n] calligraphy.

eliol [n] ease, comfort; trust; health, well-being.

elipaimanen [n] medicine; food or preparation which promotes health.

elohfoi [a] tomorrow. fene elohfoi [a] tomorrow at the earliest, no sooner than tomorrow. hulne elohfoi [a] tomorrow at the latest, no later than tomorrow, by tomorrow. hun elohfoi [a] tomorrow night. koset elohfoi [a] tomorrow evening. kotsim elohfoi [a] tomorrow morning, in the morning.

elohka [a] yesterday. hun elohka [a] last night.
koset elohka [a] yesterday evening. kotsim
elohka [a] yesterday morning.

emalh [n] when, which time, which occasion; some time, some point (in time), some occasion.
emailh sikà [n(DAT)] until when, (for) how long, how much longer.
emalhme [n(INST)] during what time, for how long; how, under what circumstances.
emalhna [n(LOC)] when, at which time, on which occasion; sometime, at a certain point, on a certain occasion; at any point.
emalhu su [n(ABL)] since when, (for) how long.
eme [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate erga-

tive + first person singular nominative). *emi* [a] when; sometime, at some point; ever.

emi [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person singular irrealis dative).

emiampi [a] (for) how long; for a certain length of time

emifoi [a] when; sometime, at some point; ever (used of future events).

emihka [a] when; sometime, at some point; ever (used of past events).

emo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate erga-

tive + first person singular realis dative).

emot [n] all, all of them, they all; all of the (inanimate). eun emot [n] everywhere, all over. hen emot [n] both, both of them, they both; both of the (inanimate).

empehisna [a] the next time.

empehkaina [a] (for) the first time.

empekamna [a] last, the last time, previously, most recently.

empekunna [a] (for) the last time, the final time.empiolhna [a] nowadays, these days, currently; lately, recently.

emuna [a] always, in all cases, on all occasions.

emuohpi [a] (for) the whole time. hun emuohpi
[a] all night (long), (for) the whole night. lò
emuohpi [a] all day (long), (for) the whole day.
ulhmo emuohpi [a] all year, (for) the whole year.

enek [n] lizard.

enkit [n] breeze, light wind.

epa [v3] head for, make for, move towards; lead towards; take (s.o.) in the direction of; try (for), attempt, strive for, aspire towards, have a go at; seek, search for, look for, aim for. <NOM head for ALL, ERG lead NOM towards ALL, ERG try/search for ALL> epanen [n] heading; goal, aim, objective; aspiration(s). epe, epats [n] attempt; effort, endeavour.

epam [n] top, horizontal surface (solid, as of a table). **epamna** [n(LOC)] on (top of).

es [n] one, a/an.

esalh [n] one time/occasion. esalhna [n(LOC)] once, at one time, on one occasion. esalh iapna [n(LOC)] another time, some other time, on another occasion. esalhna ihka [a] once before, at one time, at one point (in the past).

ese [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person exclusive nominative).

esi [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person exclusive irrealis dative).

esiampa [v3] address (by name), call by name.
<ERG call DAT by name> esiampe, esiampanen [n] use of one's name; form of address; greeting, salutation. tsutakis esiampa [v3] insult, call (s.o.) a bad name.

esian [n] name (esp. one's adult name). kihesian[n] (adult) nickname, epithet.

esiankats [n] adulthood, maturity. esiankatsme [n(INST)] as an adult. esiankatsna [n(LOC)] in adulthood, when/once one is an adult.

esianta [v3] name, mention, refer to, identify

(by name), use/say the name of. <ERG mention DAT> esiante, esiantats [n] reference, mention, citation.

esie [n] light rain, mist.

esiehuilau [n] rainbow.

esihpi [a] for a while.

esimoita [v3] be named, acquire one's adult name.esimoitats [n] naming ceremony.

esip [n] flower, blossom.

esitia [v2] grow up, mature, develop; raise, rear, bring up, parent (a child). <NOM grow up, ERG raise NOM> esitiaka [n] parent, caregiver, guardian, one raising a child. esitie [n] growing child, developing child, child whom one is raising; ward. esitianen [n] growing up, maturation, development; (time, place, etc., of one's) childhood. esitiats [n] growth, growing up; parenting, child rearing.

esitiemin [n] puberty, (period of) maturation.
eska [v3] ask for, request. <ERG ask DAT for NOM,
ERG request NOM from DAT> eske [n] request.

eskuke [p/v] please (marks polite commands).

eso [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate ergative + first person exclusive realis dative).

esta [v3] reach, get to, get as far as, make it to, manage to get to; manage, succeed. <NOM reach DAT, ERG get NOM to DAT> estal [n] achievement, attainment. estats [n] success. etle esta [v3] find, locate (by scent). inie esta [v3] (manage to) find, spot, locate (by sight). sahe esta [v3] catch up to/with, intercept. sot esta [v3] get through to, make understand, manage to communicate with. <ERG get through to DAT> estin [n] range, reach, distance.

eta [v3] go, come; bring, take. <NOM go to DAT, ERG take NOM to DAT> eliampi eta [e] goodbye, farewell (said to someone leaving; lit. '[may you] go easily'). iante eta [v3] jump (on)to. inie eta [v3] look, gaze, cast one's eyes (upon). kuhinie eta [v3] scowl, glare, give a dirty look. <ERG glare at ALL> lhahe eta [v3] reach out to, stretch out to, extend to. ntahò eta [v3] lose one's nerve, cause/begin to despair; demoralize, make/become miserable. <DAT lose one's nerve, ERG cause DAT to despair> pake eta [v3] step up to. saninie eta [v3] be enraged, furious. <ERG be enraged at ALL> solhe eta [v3] throw to, cast to, toss to. tupe eta [v3] walk to.

etaupa [v1] be predicted; should, supposed to.etlampi [a] for so long; for that long, that's how long.

etle [n] nose.

etleloi [n] nostril.

etlen [n] right, the right hand side. etlena [n(ALL)] right, to the right. etlenna [n(LOC)] on the right. etohampi [a] for a very long time, for a great while. etotsomopi [a] almost always, nearly all the time. etsa [v3] say, tell. <erg say nom to dat, erg tell dat (that) nom> etsampa [v2] speak, talk to/with; converse with. <ERG speak to/with INST> etsampe, etsampats [n] talk, speech; conversation, discussion. etse [n] utterance, (spoken) word/phrase. etsihpa [v3] mean, intend (to say). <LOC mean (to say NOM)> eihte etsa [v3] tell the truth, be honest. eliol etsa [v3] say good-bye, bid farewell, wish (s.o.) well (upon leaving). fenu etsa [v3] tell a riddle. haio etsa [v3] whisper, speak/say in a whisper. hate etsa [v3] shout, exclaim. **kanu etsa** [v3] lie, tell a lie, say something false; deceive. **kanu etsaka** [n] liar. kefis etsa [v3] threaten. kufusot etsampa [v2] gossip, spread gossip. **muohsot** etsa [v3] apologize. <ERG apologize to DAT for ALL> tlehaime itse [e] with all due respect. tlote etsa [v3] be serious, sincere, in earnest (i.e., not joking or dissembling); say something serious. uske etsa [v3] deceive, mislead, lie.

etsi [n] here, over here (place near the speaker).

etskana [v3] arrive, show up, appear, come; bring.
<NOM arrive at DAT, ERG bring NOM to DAT>
etskuna [v1] be here, be present. eliampi etskana [e] welcome (lit. '[may you] arrive easily'). tuohisne etskana [v3] be late, arrive late.
tuohkamne etskana [v3] be early, arrive early.
etskasta [v3] summon, cause to appear; call, bring (forth), produce. <ERG summon NOM to DAT>

etskopa [v3] realize, come to know, come to understand; notice; cause to notice/realize, point out, bring (s.th.) to the attention of. <DAT realize NOM, ERG bring NOM to the attention of DAT>

etsoma [v2] be talkative.

etsomopi [a] for most of the time, mostly.

etsuompi [a] for too long.

eua [v1] be clean. aieuema [v2] clean, get/make cleaner, do some cleaning. euta [v2] clean (up), cleanse, get clean. lhime euta [v2] wipe clean (with a rag). pese euta [v2] sweep (up), sweep clean.

euhte [n] the only ones (plural).

eun [n] place, location.

euolh [n] there, over there, yonder (away from both

the speaker and the addressee).

euolha [v1] be over there, be yonder (away from speaker and addressee); be there (at a previouslymentioned location); there is, that is, voilà. euolhota [v2] stay there, remain there; keep (s.th.) there. euolhta [v3] go (over) there, take (over) there (away from speaker and addressee), go there, take there (to a previously mentioned place).

eupa [v1] be alone, be the only one. eupampa [v2] keep to oneself, stay apart, stay away (from others). eupe [n] lone, lonesome (one); the only (one), the sole (one). tiefu eupa [v1] be all alone.

eupona [v1] be forlorn; be lonely, feel alone. <NOM
be forlorn, LOC be lonely>

euti [n] egg (of a bird or reptile). eutimit [n] clutch of eggs.

eutimok [n] egg yolk.

fà [n] feather.

faha [v3] fold, fold over. <ERG fold NOM into DAT> hentlai faha, hentla hein faha [v3] fold in half.

fahfa [v1] be terrible, horrible, awful.

fahka [v2] moult, shed feathers; cause to moult.
<abl border="ABL"><ABL moult, ERG cause ABL to moult> fahkats
[n] moulting time, period of flightlessness during moulting. fahke
[n] moulting; moulted feathers.

fahoi [n] fold, furrow, pleat, ridge.

fahoie [n] vulva; labia.

fala [n] party, festival, celebration.

falha [v1] be hoped for, wished for; hope, wish. <LOC hope (for) NOM> falhe [n] hope, wish.

falua [v2] start over, start again, begin over again.fana [v2] be affectionate towards, treat with affection.

fanol [n] affection.

fasa [v2] decrease, subside, taper (off), gradually stop; dwindle, ebb, diminish, die away; (p.t. fire) die down, slowly burn out.

fasoun [n] pride.

fata [v1] be bad, harmful, damaging, destructive, malignant.

fehia [v1] be uncomfortably hot. <NOM be uncomfortably hot, LOC feel discomfort because of heat>

feksa [v1] tingle (unpleasantly), prickle, itch; be irritated. <NOM tingle, LOC be/feel irritated, LOC have an itch in NOM> feksampa [v2] be itchy,

prickly, irritating; cause itchiness or irritation.

fene [p] at the lower limit; at least, no less than, no fewer than; no sooner than, no earlier than, at the earliest, not before. fene hekuna [n(loc)] no sooner than, no earlier than, at the earliest.

fenta [v2] scold, criticize, show disapproval.

fentoma [v2] be critical, disapproving.

fenu [n] riddle.

feti [n] scarf.

fiaku [n] trash, rubbish, refuse; worthless or useless thing(s); trivia, drivel, nonsense, gobbledygook.

fiana [v1] be warm (to the touch); be comforting, reassuring.

fiha [v1] be young; be new. fihats [n] youth.

fihkoipa [v1] be new, novel, unfamiliar, strange,
 different. <NOM be unfamiliar to LOC, LOC be
 unfamiliar with NOM>

fihu [n] young (one).

finta [v1] be tense, agitated, strained, stressed, excited, under stress/pressure; be tight, taut, constrained.

fitia [v2] peck (at) (p.t. birds); nag, badger, bother, irritate, annov.

fitok [n] hawk; falcon.

fola [v1] be inevitable, highly likely, bound to be. fomuha [v1] be unending, persist, go on indefinitely.

fona [v2] praise, laud, compliment. fone, fonats[n] praise, compliment(s).

fueile [n] bulge, bump, lump.

fuia [v3] come out, emerge (from a body of water); take (s.th.) out (of a body of water); (fig.) come to, regain consciousness, come out (of a trance), be revived (e.g., after fainting). <NOM come out of ABL, ERG take NOM out of ABL> fueia [v1] stick out, be above the level of the water. lhahe fuia [v3] stick out (of a body of water); stretch/reach out, extend out (of a body of water). souetinu fuia [v3] come out of a trance. uaste fuia [v3] take off (from the surface of a body of water; p.t. water birds).

fula [v3] declare, proclaim; claim, assert. <ERG declare NOM to DAT> fule, fulats [n] declaration, proclamation; claim, assertion.

fulloi [n] pupil (of the eye).

funtia [v1] be very dark, be pitch black.

futla [v1] be unpleasant, disagreeable, dislikable, foul-tempered, unappealing (used esp. of people). futlampa [v2] be unfriendly, impolite, rude, disagreeable; behave badly, have bad manners. <ERG be unfriendly towards ALL>

ha [p] in fact, actually, as it happens (emphatic particle expressing new or surprising information).

hafa [v1] be new, newly made/created; be fresh (p.t. bread or other prepared food).

hain [n] frame, framework (e.g., the beams that form the framework of a house); arbor; scaffold, rack; structure, construction, arrangement.

haio [n] whispering without words, murmuring, rustling; the sound of the wind.

haka [v2] scrape, rasp.

hakatla [v2] laugh. hakatle, hakatlats [n] laugh, laughter, laughing.

hakon [n] grindstone.

hakla [v2] go straight, move in a straight line, go directly. haklame [n(INST)] straight, right, directly; in a straight line; as the crow flies. hakle [n] straight line.

hakta [v1] be tired, weary, fatigued. minap hakta[v1] be thoroughly tired, exhausted, worn out (lit. tired in one's bone marrow).

hakui [n] bristle, stiff hair; spine.

hakuima [n] brush.

hal [n] temple, side of the head.

hala [v2] soar, glide (like a hawk). halaka [n] bird of prey.

halai [n] summer.

halaina [v1] be warm, warming; provide warmth, radiate heat. halainats [n] warmth, heat, heating. halaine [n] heat source.

halas [n] (long) coat, overcoat.

halhina [n] crown, circlet; wreath (worn on the head).

halhka [v1] be dry, arid. halhketa [v3] dry, dry out. halhkeita [v1] be dried, dessicated (as opposed to fresh).

halhkahain [n] drying rack (for drying fish, laundry, etc.).

halhkenam [n] arid region, desert.

halhkona [v1] be thirsty; thirst (for). <LOC be
thirsty (for NOM)> halhkonampa [v2] cause
thirst, make (s.o.) thirsty. halhkone [n] thirst,
cause of thirst; type of liquid for which one is
thirsty.

halime [p] on the contrary, rather.

halle [p] however, yet.

halma [n] book.

halu [n] room. kihalu [n] small room, chamber, compartment, closet. tohalu [n] large room, hall.

hame [n] white/grey (thing), pale (thing), light-coloured (thing) (used of hair; also of objects

whose original colour has faded or bleached).

hamekoin [n] old person, elder.

hameloi [n] cataract.

hamo [n] market, marketplace.

hamohi [n] steam, vapour.

hamohimok [n] sweat lodge, sauna, steam room.

hampi [a] a lot, much, very, greatly, to a great degree; (with eventive verbs) hard, intensely, strongly, forcefully; intently, with effort/concentration. tohampi [a] very much, extremely, exceedingly; very intensely, with great effort. lau hampi [a] far, a long way; much, a lot, to a large extent.

han [n] much, a lot. tohan [n] a large amount, a great deal, quite a lot. han iap [n] a lot more, much else (besides). han iahte [n] many more, many other(s).

hana [v3] cut, make a cut/gash in (i.e., cut without severing); (p.t. sound) blare out, peal, sound out suddenly; make, emit (a sound, usually loud and/or sudden). <ERG cut (into) DAT with NOM/INST, NOM blare out, ERG make NOM (a sound)> atlo hana [v3] sound an alarm, raise the alarm, make a warning call/noise; warn, alert. <ERG warn ALL> lhonko hana [v3] make a loud noise, be loud. lihke hana [v3] cut (into), make a cut/incision in. losumilh hana [v3] (p.t. a bell) sound the hour, signal the time of day. niokaule hana [v3] echo, reverberate, resound.

hanakol [n] torch, brand.

hani [n] fox.

hanoi [n] wound, cut, gash; incision.

hanta [v1] be fit, appropriate, suitable, proper, acceptable; fit, be fitting. hantampa [v2] be polite, be well-mannered, behave appropriately/properly. hantampanen [n] rule, manner(s), convention(s) of politeness, standard of behaviour.

hantilme [n] season, appropriate time; chance, opportunity.

hanu [n] teacher, scholar.

hapa [a] often; regularly, periodically; all the time.
hapa [v2] oppose, challenge; fight against, struggle against. <ERG oppose NOM> hapaka [n] opponent, challenger.

hapakoin [n] opponent; enemy.

hapanialie [n] scissors, shears.

hapasilh [n] thumb.

has [n] white (thing).

hasiku [n] pus.

haskitsu [n] head of garlic.

hasokuto [n] parsnip.

hastin [n] deer (esp. whitetail deer).

hasu [n] life; living, being alive.

hasumiha [n] transgender woman.

hasumin [n] life, lifetime, the course of one's life.

hasumpa [v2] live, go through life, have (life) experiences. hasumpe, hasumpats [n] life, lifetime; experience(s). hasumpanen [n] way of life, way of living; the circumstances of one's life.

hasunkal [n] transgender man.

hata [v3] shout, cry, call out, give a shout. <ERG shout NOM to DAT> hate, hatats [n] shout, cry.
hati [n] heat, warmth; power, energy, force.

hatiaha [n] volcanic ash.

hatina [v1] be warm (used of a person, object, or surface which has been exposed to heat, rather than the heat source itself); be warmed, heated.
ahatinima [v2] warm, heat, make/get warmer.
hatinota [v2] keep warm, stay warm. hatinota [v2] warm up, heat up, make/get warm.

hatlam [a] soon, presently, in a while, before long.laisne hatlam [a] very soon, shortly.

hatoun [n] flint.

hauat [n] fire, flames. tohauat [n] large fire, blaze, conflagration. alontsen hauat [n] campfire.
hele hauat [n] signal fire, beacon. loka tohauat [n] forest fire. tapio hauat [n] signal fire, beacon, flare.

hauk [n] smoke.

haukia [v2] cough. haukie, haukiats [n] cough, coughing.

haukpite [n] soot.

he [v1] be, exist; there is (copula). hita [v2] become, begin to be; make, cause, cause to be.
<NOM become (an) X, ERG make NOM (into an)</p>
X>

hehta [v2] move, shift (change position or orientation, but without changing location); stir, be disturbed; disturb, rouse, arouse, cause to stir; move, (re)position, change the posture/orientation of. <NOM move, ERG move NOM> kihaule hehta [v2] stir, make a small/quiet noise. tsan hehta [v2] masturbate (lit. stir oneself).

hehtoma [v2] be restless, wakeful.

heiku [a] again, once more (indicates repetition of an action). heiku taheiku [a] again and again, over and over.

heka [n] shark.

heki [n] way, means, method.

hekiyn [n] cord, string, wire, twine (esp. when

wrapped around something to hold it in place); knot; snare, noose (when set or pulled tight).

hektia [v3] carry, bring, take, deliver.

hektuta [v2] hiccough. hektute, hektutats [n] hiccough(s), hiccoughing.

heku [n] cause, account; time, occurrence, occasion.
hekuna [n(LOC)] since, because, on account of; given that, inasmuch as; when.
heku hekuna [n(LOC)] from time to time, occasionally, now and then; sporadically; here and there.
heku tsanna [n(LOC)] at the same time, simultaneously.
fene hekuna [n(LOC)] not until (after), not before, no sooner than, no earlier than.
hulne hekuna [n(LOC)] before, by the time (that), no later than.
laisne hekuna [n(LOC)] right when, exactly when, at the same time as, simultaneously with; just as, as soon as.
lhua hekuna [n(LOC)] about when, around the time (that).

hele [n] signal, sign, warning, indication. kihele[n] symptom (of disease).

helhtam [n] slice. kihelhtam [n] thin slice, sliver. tohelhtam [n] thick/large slice, slab.

heluk [n] cold (illness).

hema [n] warm water (from hot springs).

hemak [n] dark grey (thing).

hempi [n] pheasant.

hen [n] two. henka [n] second. hentla [n] (one) half. ehenna [a] twice, two times, on two (different) occasions. ehenkana [a] for the second time. kahen [n] double, two-part (thing); couple, pair, twosome, group of two (parts); two times. kahein, kahenme [a] twice, two times (in a row); twice, twofold, double, by a factor of two. ela henme, hen la henme [n(INST)] two by two, two at a time, in groups of two. ilme hentla [n] fortnight.

hena [v1] be safe, harmless, benign.

henka [v1] be good, enjoyable, pleasant, appealing (used esp. of food or other consumables, pastimes, artifacts, etc., but not people). <NOM be enjoyable to ALL, ALL like/enjoy NOM> henkats [n] pleasure, joy, enjoyment, appeal. kihenke [n] treat. ahenkohta [v1] be preferable, preferred; be (the) favourite. <NOM be preferable to ALL, ALL prefer NOM> akiel henka [v1] look good, have a pleasing appearance, be enjoyable to look at. aluhtse henka [v1] smell good, have a pleasant smell. amahtle henka [v1] taste good, be tasty, delicious. aule henka [v1] sound nice, have a pleasant sound.

henkol [n] pleasure, enjoyment, delight.

hentupa [v2] go/walk on two legs, be two-legged.hentupaka [n] biped. kihentupaka [n] toddler.

hepa [v3] go along, pass along (the length of), follow (a path); be on one's way; take along. <nom go along INST, ERG take NOM along INST> heipa [v1] go, follow (used of a route or path); lie along (a path), be adjacent to. hepota [v3] go on, keep going, continue. launa hepa [v3] be on the way (to), be in transit. <nom be on the way to ALL> lhahe hepa [v3] stretch along, reach along, extend along. sukenme hepa [v3] take the time to/for, take the opportunity to, set aside space/time/resources for. tihelaume hepa [v3] take a shortcut.

hepahian [n] pipe, conduit.

hepalan [n] line, contour, path, route; edge, outline.

hepalau [n] trail, path, way (leading from one place to another). **hepalauna** [n(LOC)] on the way, on one's way, in transit.

hepalomuats [n] wake, waves, ripples (made by a boat or other object moving through the water).

hepasì [n] current, flow.

hepaut [n] route, course; path, passage, way (along which one travels).

hes [n] rabbit; hare.

hesla [v3] become stuck, become lodged (in an opening); get caught; stick, catch, jam, lodge, snag. <NOM become stuck (in) DAT, ERG stick NOM in DAT>

hestemon [n] red-tailed hawk.

heta [v3] carry, bring, take, convey, transport, transmit. hiele heta [v3] carry, transport, ship (by vehicle). natak heta [v3] strike, deliver a blow. <ERG strike DAT> pynalhme heta [v3] test, examine, put to the test. <ERG put NOM to the test> sioku heta [v3] balance, bring balance to, bring into equilibrium; have a purpose; be sensible, rational, reasonable. <ERG balance DAT, ERG be sensible>

hetl [n] piece, small portion. kihetl [n] fragment.

hetsan [n] fraction; portion, share.

 $hets\grave{o}$ [n] snare, noose (esp. when loose).

hetu [n] beak, bill.

hetuksal [n] tunnel, passage, passageway, run (in a cave or burrow); (narrow) corridor, hallway (connecting one place to another).

heuhka [v2] (p.t. a fire, chimney) smoke, emit smoke.

heulhta [v2] pull, pull on; draw, attract.

heut [n] north.

hi [n] it; that (3rd person inanimate nominative clitic).

hiafa [v3] bring along; include. <ERG bring NOM
along with INST>

hiapa [v2] gallop. hiape, hiapats [n] gallop(ing).hiali [n] undershirt.

hialò [a] today. fene hialò [a] today at the earliest, no sooner than today, not before today.
hulne hialò [a] today at the latest, no later than today, by today. hun hialò [a] tonight. koset hialò [n] this evening. kotsim hialò [n] this morning. lem hialò [n] today (during the day).

hian [n] tube, pipe; (hollow) cylinder.

hias [n] wax.

hiauma [v2] yawn. hiaume [n] yawn.

hiaumoma [v2] be drowsy, sleepy, prone to yawning.

hiela [v2] go, move, be propelled (used of vehicles); go/travel by vehicle; take, ride (in) (a vehicle); drive, conduct, propel; row, sail. <NOM go/move, ERG travel by vehicle, ERG take/propel NOM> hielta [v2] set out, embark (on a trip by vehicle); launch. hiele [n] vehicle, conveyance, means of transport. suku hiela [v2] sail.

hielme [a] this month. huikuma hielme [a] this month during the full moon.

hielmon [n] oar, paddle.

hiem [n] light grey (thing), blue-grey (thing).

hife [n] cushion, pillow.

hihta [v3] light, kindle, spark, ignite. <ERG light
DAT with NOM/INST> hihte [n] tinder, kindling.
heihtanen [n] fire, burning, combustion; thing which is on fire.

hihtihme [n] outer layer, exterior; top layer, surface.

hihtsemin [n] constellation.

hihuikumats [n] waxing gibbous moon.

hikua [v1] have a strong or complex taste or aroma; be rich, savoury, piquant, full-bodied, aromatic.

hilap [n] dove, pigeon.

hilu [n] ink.

hilul [n] bottom (i.e., lowest point or area on the interior surface of an enclosed space); floor, bed.

him [n] interior, inside; period of time, duration, while. himna [n(LOC)] inside (of); during, while.

himakot [n] compartment (in a trunk or piece of furniture); cupboard; drawer. heulhte himakot [n] drawer.

himauote [n] feeling or sensation internal to one's body; emotion.

himeka [v1] be hollow, empty, not solid. himeke

[n] hollowness; hollow, cavity, empty space.

himiahki [n] trauma (mental/emotional trauma or internal injury).

himpeklha [v1] be nauseous.

himpià [n] top, ceiling, roof (i.e., highest surface in the interior of an enclosed space). huan himpià
[n] the roof of one's mouth.

himuka [v2] blow out (a candle).

himuohfa [v1] be stuffy, lack proper air circulation; have a thick atmosphere.

himynta [v1] be cramped, confined, tight, constrained; have a small/narrow interior.

hina [n] ring, loop, circlet; circle.

hinatlpa [v2] play (a wind instrument), blow into (to make music). <ERG play INST, ERG blow into INST> hinatlpanen [n] wind instrument.

hinkepe [n] intestines, entrails, guts.

hintana [n] shelf.

hintika [v3] leak air, release air through a small opening; whistle, blow (with puckered lips); let in air. <ABL release air, ERG whistle, ERG blow air from ABL into DAT, DAT let in air> hinteika [v1] be drafty, have a draft, let in air. <LOC be drafty>

hintiuhe [n] urge, compulsion.

hintoha [v1] be roomy, spacious, have a large interior.

hintsuha [v3] blow (air) out, push (air) out. etleuhintsuha [v3] blow one's nose.

hintsypal [n] pneumonia.

hiò [p] yes, indeed, so; actually, in fact (used as a focus particle, and when answering questions in the affirmative).

hiolhmo [a] this year. ihmet hiolhmo [a] this spring, last spring (i.e., spring of this year).

hiokon [n] storehouse, storage tank, vault (any free-standing above-ground structure of brick or stone, used for storage). ahotsin hiokon [n] granary.

hipalhi [n] floor (of a cave or tunnel); dirt or stone floor (unfinished floor of an enclosed space, such as a cellar).

hipana [v2] go on, continue, endure; be constant, steady, continuous; be sustained, persistent, incessant; continue, go on, persist, sustain, keep up. <NOM go on, NOM be steady, ERG continue (with) NOM, ERG persist (in NOM)>

hipeita [v1] affect, matter, be important, be of concern. <NOM affect ALL, NOM matter to ALL, ALL care about NOM> hipeite [n] effect, consequence; import, importance; important issue.

his [n] star. hismit [n] the stars, the night sky.

hisa [v2] cry, weep. hise [n] weeping, tears; cause of weeping.

hisanta [v3] blow on (to cool).

hisne [p] next, then, after (that), afterwards, thereafter.

hista [v3] lead (the way), take, bring, conduct, guide, escort; follow, go after, come next. <NOM follow ERG/ABL, ERG lead NOM to DAT> histaka [n] leader, guide, escort. nalhpe hista [v3] usher (by gesturing).

hisue [n] sparrow.

hitaut [n] heading, direction (in which one is going); route, way, path, trajectory; goal, destination. suku hitaut [n] direction in which the wind is blowing.

hite [n] tip (esp. of something rounded or tapered);
end, endpoint, farthest point, limit, extent. inna
hite [n] the corner of one's eye. monen hite [n]
wing tip. monie hite [n] wingspan. tete hite
[n] tip of one's tongue.

hitli [n] screech owl.

hitol [n] door.

hitsatsa [v1] be solid, firm, not hollow.

hitsla [v3] be dishonest, cheat at, get away with; trick, play a trick on, cheat. <ERG cheat DAT at NOM> hitslaka [n] cheater, trickster. hitsle, hitslats [n] trick, cheating.

hiua [n] horse. kihiua [n] pony.

hiuapyi [n] foal.

hiuma [n] floor (esp. finished floor of a room); flooring, floorboards.

hiumpatle [n] floor covering, carpet, rug.

hiunu [n] tear(s).

hiunuka [v1] shed tears, weep. <ERG/ABL weep>
hiunuke [n] tears, weeping.

hohits [n] dust; powder.

hoiko [n] rainbow trout, steelhead.

hok [p] (exclamatory particle).

hokipa [v1] be constant, steady; be invariant, consistent.

hokla [v1] be bad, unpleasant, unappealing, not enjoyable (used mostly of food and drink, pastimes, art, etc., but not people). <NOM be unappealing to ALL, ALL dislike NOM> akiel hokla [v1] look bad, be unattractive, be ugly. aluhtse hokla [v1] stink, reek, smell bad, have an unpleasant odour. amahtle hokla [v1] taste bad; be foultasting, unpalatable.

holha [v1] be tender, sore, sensitive or painful to the touch. **homa** [n] bread; loaf of bread.

hompa [v2] push steadily and forcefully (on), put constant pressure on, force.

hona [v2] visit (a place), go and see, stop at; tour, take a tour of. <ERG visit LOC> honota [v2] stay, remain (in a place). hone [n] visit, tour.

honne [n] goose (esp. Canada goose).

hos [n] sand.

hosia [v3] shake (out), flap, flick (e.g., to remove water).

hoskem [n] sandbar, shoal. tifueie hoskem [n] exposed sandbar, shoal. titsyipe hoskem [n] submerged sandbar.

hoskit [n] grain of sand.

hosmi [n] spirit, being with supernatural powers.

hosta [v1] be powerful, mighty; have energy.hostats [n] power, might; energy.

hosta [v2] dance. hoste [n] dance. hostakamit
[n] dance troupe.

hota [v3] attach, connect, join, fasten. <ERG attach
NOM to DAT> hoita [v1] be connected, attached.
<NOM be attached to LOC> sò hota [v3] tie.

hotakani [n] lamprey.

hotamet [n] joint, link, connection, point of attachment; exchange, transfer point.

hoti [a] always, ever, constantly, all the time (modifies eventive verbs).

hotin [n] stem (of a plant). kihotin [n] shoot, offshoot, new growth.

hoto [n] cooking pot.

hots [n] oak tree.

hotsem [n] anger. tohotsem [n] rage.

hotsma [v1] be angry. <LOC be angry at NOM>
hotsmampa [v2] anger, make angry. hotsmeta
[v3] get angry; anger, cause to get angry.

hotu [n] maternal uncle (mother's brother).

houka [v1] be rough, rough-hewn, crude, coarse, unpolished, unrefined, unsophisticated.

houn [n] owl.

huala [v1] be well, healthy. ahualima [v2] heal, recuperate, recover, get better; tend (to) (a sick person). <NOM get better, ERG tend (to) NOM> hualats [n] health. hualta [v3] recover, get well, become healthy; heal. ihualan [e] how are you? (addressed to a single individual; lit. 'are you well?'). ihualat ne [e] how are you? (addressed to two or more individuals).

huan [n] mouth. tohuan [n] smile, grin.

huanot [n] mouthful.

huata [v1] be liked, appreciated (used esp. of people). <ALL like NOM> ahuatohta [v1] be pre-

ferred; be (the) favourite. **huatampa** [v2] be friendly, likable, engaging, pleasant; behave in a likable manner.

huatoma [v1] be likable, favorable, agreeable, accommodating, congenial; be willing, amenable, well-disposed. <NOM be likable, ALL be well-disposed towards NOM>

huelhta [v3] (see: huetla).

huetla [v1] fear, be afraid, be scared. <LOC be afraid of NOM> huelhta [v3] become afraid, begin to fear; scare, frighten, startle. <ERG frighten LOC> huetlampa [v2] be frightening, inspire fear; scare, frighten, make (s.o.) afraid. huetlats [n] fear (i.e., the sensation of being afraid). huetle [n] fear (i.e., thing which one fears).

huikul [n] lamp.

huikuma [n] full moon.

huilau [n] ray, shaft of light.

huiliout [n] window shutter; blind.

huiloi [n] window, opening for letting in light.

huin [n] light (esp. light reflected off a surface), brightness, illumination.

huina [v1] be light, bright (used of objects reflecting light or spaces containing light, rather than sources of light); be lit up, illuminated, in the light. ahuinima [v2] brighten, lighten, get brighter. huinta [v3] become bright, be lit up; light up, illuminate.

huinomats [n] (pre-)dawn, early morning (esp. the period right before sunrise).

huiom [n] music.

huiompahti [n] timbre; harmony.

huiontsan [n] melody, tune.

huistu [n] willow.

hula [v3] cover (on all sides), sheathe, envelop, wrap, encase, enfold, enclose. <ERG cover DAT with NOM> hule [n] sheath, case, casing, covering; scabbard, holster; cover (e.g., of a book). kihule [n] cocoon.

hulhpa [n] shadow; shade; shelter (esp. from the sun).

hulhpakuma [n] (total) eclipse. aho hulhpakuma[n] solar eclipse. ilme hulhpakuma [n] lunar eclipse.

hulhpamul [n] canopy; tent.

hulhti [n] flute, recorder. kihulhti [n] whistle.

hulne [p] at the upper limit; at most, no more than, up to, as much as, as many as (modifes quantifiers); no later than, at the latest, not after, by.

hulo [n] leather.

hulte [n] boot(s); overshoe(s).

humia [v3] swell, become firm, become engorged; get an erection. <NOM swell, DAT get an erection> humeia [v1] be swollen, firm, engorged; be hard, have an erection. <NOM be swollen, LOC have an erection>

humik [n] badger.

humin [n] broth, stock.

humuil [n] moth.

hun [n] night, nighttime (period from sunset to sunrise).
hunna [n(LOC)] at night, by night.
takuiste hun [n] the longest night of the year (the night of the winter solstice).

huna [v3] get up, climb (onto, e.g., a horse), mount, get astride. hoina, kemna hoina [v1] be astride, mounted, on horseback. hunal [n] mount.

 \boldsymbol{hunka} [n] lung; bladder. $\boldsymbol{tohunka}$ [n] forge bellows.

hunkie [n] (pair of) lungs.

huoi [n] twelve. huoika [n] twelfth (ordinal).
huoitla [n] (one) twelfth (fraction). ehuoina
[a] twelve times. kahuoi [n] twelve-part (thing);
twelve times; dozen, group of twelve. kahuoime,
kahuoie [a] twelve times (in succession); twelve-fold, by a factor of twelve.

huol [n] bowl, basin. kihuol [n] small bowl, cup (esp. for serving soup or tea).

huoma [v2] moan, groan.

hupai [n] pipe, flute (unperforated musical instrument, esp. of the pan flute type).

husia [v2] rustle, ripple (used e.g. of the sound of leaves in the wind).

husu [c/p] and, and also, as well as, along with, together with, plus; (as a focus particle) also, even.husu ntse [p] not even.

huta [n] basket.

huto [n] root (of a plant); base, foundation (of a house or other structure). hutomit [n] root system

hutopa [v2] be based on, have as a foundation; depend on, be dependent on; be linked to, (co)vary with. <NOM be based on LOC, NOM depend on INST>

hutouta [v1] be crucial, vital, necessary, instrumental, of central importance.

hyikpa [v2] hold, contain; store, keep (in reserve), save. <LOC contain NOM, NOM be contained in LOC, ERG store NOM in LOC> hyikpanen [n] container, vessel; storage. hyikpe [n] contents, stuff, material; stores, supplies, goods, reserves, holdings.

hyl [n] buttocks, rump, ass.

hyla [v3] pass (by), go past, go beyond; elapse, transpire. lhahe hyla [v3] stretch past, reach beyond, extend beyond; exceed in length.

hylloi [n] anus; rectum.

hympailats [n] motion sickness. moin hympailats [n] seasickness.

hyna [v3] move, shift (from one place to another);
move, reposition. <NOM move to DAT, ERG move
NOM to DAT> hynats [n] movement, motion, locomotion.

hynukial [n] play, drama.

ia [p] (quotative/vocative particle).

iahki [n] sudden or forceful blow; flash, burst; fit, seizure, spasm, convulsion, attack. haukie iahki
[n] coughing fit. ksiame iahki [n] sneezing fit. lai iahki [n] flash of light, burst of light. siehat iahki [n] bolt of lightning, flash of lightning. tymok iahki [n] thunderclap.

iahkipa [v3] be attacked, struck; have a fit/seizure; hit forcefully, strike, beat (usu. with a tool or weapon); attack, lash out (suddenly) at. <DAT be attacked, DAT have a fit, ERG strike DAT with NOM/INST, ERG beat NOM against DAT> iahkipe [n] weapon; tool used to strike a blow (such as a hammer or axe). iahkipota [v3] strike repeatedly, beat. haukie iahkipa [v3] be seized by a fit of coughing. konom iahkipa [v3] hammer, hit with a hammer. lai iahkipa [v3] blind (temporarily). <DAT be blinded, ERG blind DAT> natak iahkipa [v3] strike a blow. siehat iahkipa [v3] be struck by lighting. <DAT be struck by lightning>

iahkusta [v2] choose differently; pick, select (as an alternative). iahkuste [n] alternative, other choice. oiahkustame [n(INST)] instead; alternatively, as an alternative.

iahok [p] at all (emphatic particle used in negative clauses).

iahte [n] others. la iahte [n] each other, one another, each ... the others (reciprocal expression used of three or more individuals). ntsemiò iahte [n] no others, no-one else (animate plural).

iak [p] (particle used to form negative imperatives [prohibitives]).

iakin [p] (emphatic particle used in negative questions).

iala [v1] be a responsibility, be an obligation; have, own, be responsible for (something to which one

bears a relation of stewardship or obligation, such as land, livestock, hunting/fishing rights); have, be related to (used with kinship terms, and terms denoting abstract qualities); know how to. <ABL have NOM, ABL be responsible for NOM> ialta [v2] gain, acquire, attain, receive (stewardship over); take/accept responsibility for, take charge of; give, bestow (responsibility). <ABL receive NOM, ABL take responsibility for NOM, ERG give ABL responsibility for/over NOM> iale, ialats [n] obligation, responsibility; stewardship, oversight; relationship, bond, kinship; knowledge, ability. pyi ialta [v2] have a child, become a parent. sihpu iala [v1] know how to swim. sot iala [v1] be serious, mean what one says, take responsibility for what one says. **suke iala** [v1] be responsible, reliable; take responsibility for one's actions. ulhmo takun iala [v1] be forty years old.

iam [p] it turns out (evidential particle, used to express surprise or new information).

ian [n] good (one).

ianta [v2] jump, leap.

iap [n] other, else. es iap [n] another (one). la iap [n] each other, one another, each ... the other (used of two individuals). ekas iapme [a] again, once more, one more time. emalh iapna, esalh iapna [n(LOC)] some other time, on some other occasion. mà iap [n] something else, anything else; some other, some more. miè iapna [n(LOC)] somewhere else, anywhere else, elsewhere. ntsemiò iap [n] no-one else.

iasa [v3] eat, consume.

iase [n] food.

iasonta [v1] be delightful, joyous; be joyful, gleeful, blissful, delighted, elated; delight (in), enjoy.
<NOM be delightful, LOC be joyful, LOC/ALL delight in NOM>

iasontol [n] joy, glee, delight, bliss, elation, rapture.

iaspailats [n] (bout of) food poisoning.

iatù [n] crack, crevice, fissure, rift, slit.

iatuhta [v3] crack, become cracked, develop a crack; make a crack in, fracture. <DAT crack, ERG make a crack in DAT>

ielmefoi [a] next month. huikuma hielmefoi [a] next month during the full moon.

ielmehka [a] last month.

iena [v1] be good. ania [v1] be as good, be good enough; might as well (irregular relative form).
ienampa [v2] go well, be done well; do good;

make (s.th.) good, do (s.th.) well. <NOM go well, ERG do good, ERG do NOM well>

ienapi [a] very, extremely, wonderfully; really, truly, well (intensifier for stative verbs, esp. ones carrying a positive connotation).

ifa [v1] be thin, light, fine, weak (used of paper, cloth, walls, pottery, and other flat objects and surfaces).

ifama [v2] be equal to, be a match for. <ERG be equal to ABL with respect to NOM>

ife [n] as much, an equal amount (of). ntse ife [n] not as much, less, a smaller amount (of).

iha [n] woman, female. ihinen iha [n] lesbian, homosexual woman. kalanen iha [n] heterosexual woman.

ihahats [n] womanhood, being a woman; femininity.

ihfo [n] other side, area behind, area obscured or occluded by. ihfona [n(LOC)] behind, on the other side (of). tene ihfona [n(LOC)] over the hill.

ihfoloita [v2] spy on. <ERG spy on NOM>

ihfoma [v2] be hidden; hide, block, conceal from view, obscure, occlude, screen, be located in front of; (fig.) be in the future, be yet to come. <NOM be hidden, NOM be in the future, ERG hide NOM> ihfomemit [n] the future, future events. ihfomaka [n] screen.

ihfota [v3] hide behind, disappear behind; put behind; block (the view of), conceal, obscure, occlude.
NOM hide behind DAT, DAT block NOM, ERG put/hide NOM behind DAT> ihfoita [v1] be hidden from view, concealed, obscured, blocked, occluded; be obscure; be secret, private, confidential. ihfoite [n] secret; thing hidden from view. ihfotanen [n] screen, barrier.

ihfoula [v2] eavesdrop. <ERG eavesdrop on NOM>ihinen [n] person who is sexually or romantically attracted to women (used of both heterosexual men and homosexual women).

ihka [a] before (now), beforehand, earlier, then; ago
(preceded by a measure phrase in the instrumental case). etohampi ihka [a] a long time ago.

ihkanta [v2] explain, account for, provide a rationale for; justify, defend, argue for, support.
ihkantanen [n] explanation, account, rationale; justification, argument, defense.

ihmet [n] spring (season).

ihpi [a] equally, as, as much, to the same degree, in equal measure. iehpi [a] for (just) as long. lau
ihpi [a] as far; to the same extent. ntse ihpi [a]

not as much, less, to a lesser degree. *ntse lau ihpi* [a] not as far, less far; to a lesser extent.

ihtà [n] six. ihtauka [n] sixth (ordinal). ihtautla [n] (one) sixth (fraction). iehtahna [a] six times. iehtaukana [a] for the sixth time. kaiehtà [n] sextuple, six-part (thing); six times; group of six. kaiehtahme, kaiehtahi [a] six times (in succession); by a factor of six.

ihtaupatam [n] sixteen. ihtaupatanka [n] sixteenth.

ihtia [v3] shred, rip up, tear into small pieces. ihtial [n] shred, fragment, small piece.

ihtlisa [v3] translate, interpret. <ERG translate NOM from INST to DAT> ihtleisanen [n] translation.

ihtsila [v2] speak clearly, speak fluently, be articulate; be clear, easy to understand; say clearly.<ERG speak clearly, ERG say NOM clearly>

ike [n] dog. kihike [n] small dog; puppy, whelp.

ikepyi [n] puppy, whelp. ikepyimit [n] litter of puppies.

ikima [n] we (1st plural inclusive ergative pronoun).

ikime [n] for us, towards us (1st plural inclusive allative pronoun).

ikimme [n] with us (1st plural inclusive instrumental pronoun).

ikimna [n] in us, at us (1st plural inclusive locative pronoun).

ikimu [n] from us, of us (1st plural inclusive ablative pronoun).

ikla [v2] scratch (at).

ikma [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person inclusive ergative).

ikme [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person inclusive irrealis dative).

ikmo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person inclusive realis dative).

iko [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + second person ergative).

ikò [n] you (2nd singular ergative pronoun).

ikoi [n] for you, towards you (2nd singular allative pronoun).

ikom [n] with you (2nd singular instrumental pronoun).

ikou [n] from you, of you (2nd singular ablative pronoun).

iksa [v1] be serious, be a serious matter. iksampa
 [v2] be serious, earnest; act with seriousness of purpose; be honest, frank, open, direct, straight-

forward. *iksampe* [n] seriousness, earnestness; serious matter; honesty, openness, frankness. *ik-sats* [n] seriousness, gravity.

ikue [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + second person irrealis dative).

ikume [n] with you (2nd plural instrumental pronoun).

ikun [n] at you, in you (2nd singular locative pronoun).

ikuna [n] at you, in you (2nd plural locative pronoun).

ikune [n] towards you, for you (2nd plural allative pronoun).

ikunu [n] from you, of you (2nd plural ablative pronoun).

ikuo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + second person realis dative).

ikut [n] you (2nd plural ergative pronoun).

ilal [n] shore, coast; bank, side, edge (of a body of water). kosto ilal [n] beach.

ilalkam [n] lodgepole pine, shore pine.

ilalot [n] (area) towards the shore/ocean, the direction of the shore.

ilalta [v3] go to the shore/ocean.

ilhka [v1] be bitter, taste bitter.

ilhkoua [v3] forgive, pardon, excuse. <ERG forgive DAT for NOM/ALL> *ilhkouats* [n] forgiveness.

ilme [n] moon; month, lunation, lunar cycle. ahuinime ilme [n] waxing moon; the first half of the lunar cycle. aksohmime ilme [n] waning moon; the second half of the lunar cycle. ilme ilmeme [n(INST)] month by month, (from) month to month.

ilmemet [n] new moon, dark of the moon.

ilmemilh [n] phase of the moon; time of the month; menstrual period.

ilo [n] writing, script, letters; writing system.

ilotein [n] letter, character, symbol (used in writing), rune, glyph. iloteinmit [n] alphabet, character set.

ilotl [n] horn.

ima [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person singular ergative).

imà [n] I (1st singular ergative pronoun).

iman [n] at me (1st singular locative pronoun).

imaul [n] corner (of an enclosed figure or space, sheet of paper, etc.), angle; vertex, point where two sides/edges meet.

imè [n] towards me, for me (1st singular allative pronoun).

imem [n] with me (1st singular instrumental pro-

noun).

imi [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person singular irrealis dative).

imla [v2] smile. imle, imlats [n] smile.

imo [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person singular realis dative).

 $im\dot{o}$ [n] from me, of me (1st singular ablative pronoun).

inà [n] he, she; this (one), that (one) (3rd singular animate ergative pronoun and demonstrative).

inan [n] in him/her, at him/her; in/at this (one), in/at that (one) (3rd singular animate locative pronoun and demonstrative).

inane [n] for them, towards them; for/towards these (ones), for/towards those (ones) (3rd plural animate allative pronoun and demonstrative).

inat [n] they, them; these (ones), those (ones) (3rd plural animate ergative pronoun and demonstrative).

inè [n] for him/her, towards him/her; for/towards this (one), for/towards that (one) (3rd singular animate allative pronoun and demonstrative).

inem [n] with him/her; with this (one), with that (one) (3rd singular animate instrumental pronoun and demonstrative).

inena [n] at them, in them; at/in these (ones), at/in those (ones) (3rd plural animate locative pronoun and demonstrative).

ineu [n] from them, of them; from/of these (ones), from/of those (ones) (3rd plural animate ablative pronoun and demonstrative).

inie [n] (pair of) eyes.

inime [n] with them; with these (ones), with those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate instrumental pronoun and demonstrative).

inkilhi [n] eyelash(es).

inkim [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person inclusive nominative).

inkime [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person inclusive irrealis dative).

inkimo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person inclusive realis dative).

inloia [v1] see well, be sharp-eyed, have keen eyesight.

inme [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person singular nominative).

inmi [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person singular irrealis dative).

inmo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person singular realis dative).

inna [n] eye.

inò [n] from him/her, of him/her; from/of this (one), from/of that (one) (3rd singular animate ablative pronoun and demonstrative).

intilas [n] eyeglasses.

intse [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person exclusive nominative).

intsi [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person exclusive irrealis dative).

intso [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + first person exclusive realis dative).

intuma [v1] be blind. intunta [v2] blind, make blind; become blind.

intumu [n] blindness. intumu koin [n] blind person

inu [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative+ second person nominative).

inue [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + second person irrealis dative).

inuo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate ergative + second person realis dative).

iohun [n] the middle of the night.

iokolhi [n] beard.

ioku [n] jaw, jawline; chin; cheeks, lower part of the face. kilhi ioku [n] unshaven face; facial hair, stubble.

iokuketo [n] jawbone.

iolem [n] midday, the middle of the day.

iolhmofoi [a] next year. tuhsa iolhmofoi [a] next winter, winter of next year.

iolhmohka [a] last year. halai iolhmohka [a](during the) summer of last year.

iom [n] world, earth; realm.

iometeun [n] landmark, prominent place; sacred place; focal point.

iona [v1] be known; be clear, apparent; know (a fact); know about (a person or thing), know what (s.th.) is, know who (s.o.) is. <NOM be known, LOC know NOM, LOC know who or what NOM is> ione [n] knowledge; fact, piece of information, thing which is known. *ionemit* [n] set of facts; information, material. *ionta* [v3] become known/apparent; learn (about), find out (about), come to know, become aware of, discover, realize; make known, let (s.o.) know (about), inform. <NOM become known to LOC, LOC find out DAT, ERG let LOC know (about) NOM, ERG make NOM known to LOC> iontahpa [v3] investigate, inquire (about), look into, try to find out (about). ionuha [v1] want to know, be curious (about). ionuhats [n] curiosity.

iontapin [n] nature, the natural world; environ-

ment, ecosystem.

iontoton [n] earthquake.

iontsu [n] middle, centre, midst, interior (esp. of a non-enclosed space).

iosok [n] key.

ipalà [n] herb, plant used in cooking or medicine.

ipama [v3] cook, prepare, make (food or medicine).
<ERG cook NOM (ingredients) into DAT, ERG prepare/make DAT out of NOM/ABL> ipame [n] ingredient, substance (used in making food or medicine). ipaimanen [n] preparation, concoction; prepared food; medicine, potion. nà ipama [v3] boil, brew, prepare in/with water.

ipoi [n] blackberry.

is [n] time/place after, time following. isna [n(LOC)] after, following, behind.

isa [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person exclusive ergative).

isane [n] for us, towards us (1st plural exclusive allative pronoun).

isat [n] we (1st plural exclusive ergative pronoun). ise [n] snow.

iseheut [n] north by northeast.

isekiam [n] snowstorm. tohisekiam [n] blizzard. isena [n] at us, in us (1st plural exclusive locative pronoun).

iseu [n] from us, of us (1st plural exclusive ablative pronoun).

iseut [n] northeast (lit. snow direction; conventionally, 60 degrees east of true north).

isi [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person exclusive irrealis dative).

isime [n] with us (1st plural exclusive instrumental pronoun).

iso [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate nominative + first person exclusive realis dative).

isoka [v3] be next, be subsequent, happen next, come next; result in, lead to, cause, create (a situation). <NOM happen next, NOM result in DAT, ERG cause NOM to result in DAT, ERG cause DAT by (doing) NOM> isokaka [n] cause, trigger; causer, agent. isokal, isoikanen [n] result, effect, consequence.

ispa [v2] learn; study. ispaka [n] student, pupil.
ispe [n] learning, lore, knowledge. minapna ispa [v2] learn by heart (lit. learn in the marrow).

isu [n] wrinkle, crease.

isuhkats [n] life, being alive; the living; the world of the living.

isunia [v1] be regrettable; regret, feel bad about

(s.th. that happened in the past); be contrite, remorseful, sorry, feel guilty. <NOM be regrettable, ALL regret NOM> *isuniats* [n] regret; remorse, contrition, guilt.

isuta [v1] live, be alive; be animate. isuhta [v3] be born; give birth to. <NOM be born, ERG give birth to NOM> isoihte [n] newborn, young (esp. of an animal). isoihtemit [n] litter of offspring. isuhtanen [n] birth, the circumstances of one's birth. isutats [n] life, being alive. isute [n] being, creature, entity, living thing, organism. isutota [v2] stay alive, live, keep on living; survive; save, preserve, keep (s.o.) alive.

ità [n] it; this (one), that (one) (3rd singular inanimate pronoun and demonstrative).

itan [n] in it, at it; in/at this (one), in/at that (one); there (3rd singular inanimate locative pronoun and demonstrative).

itane [n] for them, towards them; for/towards these (ones), for/towards those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate allative pronoun and demonstrative).

itat [n] they, them; these (ones), those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate ergative pronoun and demonstrative).

itè [n] for it, towards it; for/towards this (one), for/towards that (one); towards there, that way, thither (3rd singular inanimate instrumental pronoun and demonstrative).

itehis [n] comet.

item [n] with it; with this (one), with that (one) (3rd singular inanimate instrumental pronoun and demonstrative).

itena [n] in them, at them; in/at these (ones), in/at those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate locative pronoun and demonstrative).

iteu [n] from them, of them; from/of these (ones), from/of those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate ablative pronoun and demonstrative).

itime [n] with them; with these (ones), with those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate instrumental pronoun and demonstrative).

itò [n] from it, of it; from/of this (one), from/of that (one); from there, thence (3rd singular inanimate ablative pronoun and demonstrative).

itlas [n] record(s); observation. itlasmit [n] chronicle, set of records. kihitlas [n] minor observation; note, passing remark, comment.

itlasalu [n] library, archive(s).

iuhta [v1] be funny, humorous, comical. iuhtampa[v2] be funny, witty; act in a humorous manner; joke, jest.

iumia [v1] be limp, flaccid, slack; droop, be wilted;(fig.) be listless, lethargic.

ka [c] and; as, such that. X ka Y nemot [c] both X and Y (animate).

kà [v1] be here (near both speaker and addressee), be there (near addressee); here/there is, this/that is, voilà. kauota [v1] stay here, remain here; keep (s.th.) here.

kahame [n] maternal aunt (mother's sister, or other female maternal relative belonging to one's mother's generation).

kahatia [v2] lunge; rush (at); thrust. <NOM lunge at ALL, ERG thrust NOM at ALL>

kahehta [v2] shake, agitate; (fig.) disturb, upset.

kaheulhta [v2] pull hard (on), yank (on).

kahisa [v2] cry loudly, weep uncontrollably, bawl.kahits [n] spark.

kahma [v1] be valued, honoured; be valuable; respect, value, honour, hold in high esteem. <NOM be valued, ALL respect NOM> kahmats [n] value; respect, esteem, honour.

kahpa [v3] go down, descend; bring/take down, put down, lower; (p.t. rain or snow) fall. aipe kahpa [v3] float down, drift down, sink. inie kahpa [v3] look down. kuma kahpa [v3] face down. kuma kaihpa [v1] be face-down. lefe kahpa [v3] roll down. pake kahpa [v3] step down; get off, step off (a train or wagon). sù kahpa [v3] rain; get rained on. <DAT get rained on> talhe kahpa [v3] climb down (a sloping surface); go downstairs. tiause kahpa [v3] fall down; drop, let fall; (p.t. liquids) pour (out). yise kahpa [v3] climb down (a vertical surface).

kahpaho [n] sunset.

kahpaut [n] down, downward direction, way down; area below; downstairs. kahpauta [n(ALL)] down, downward(s), in a downwards direction; on the way down. kahpautna [n(LOC)] down, below, lower; downstairs. euolh kahpautna [n(LOC)] down there.

kahpilme [n] moonset.

kahpimohi [n] fog, heavy mist.

kahpise [n] snowfall.

kahpisù [n] rain, rainfall. muohfe kahpisù [n] heavy rainfall, downpour.

kahsì [n] rapids, whitewater; turbulence.

kahta [v3] hit, strike; run into, collide with. <ERG
hit DAT with NOM/INST, ERG hit NOM on/against
DAT, NOM collide with DAT> kahtampa [v2]

fight. <ERG fight with INST> **kahtota** [v3] hit repeatedly, beat. **kiompe kahta** [v3] run into, collide with. **solhe kahta** [v3] pelt, hit (with a thrown object).

kahtoma [v2] be violent.

kahu [n] fish.

kahuata [v3] stop abruptly, stop suddenly, break off; interrupt, disrupt.

kahuenek [n] salamander; newt.

kahunia [v2] fish, catch fish; go fishing. kahuniaka [n] fisherman. kahunie [n] fishing; catch.

kai [p] first, first of all (before anything else happens).

kaia [v2] appear suddenly, be unexpected; be sudden, happen suddenly, happen abruptly or unexpectedly; act suddenly, do (s.th.) suddenly.
<NOM happen suddenly, ERG do NOM suddenly>

kaiha [v3] kill, murder (used of unsanctioned or improper killing). <ERG kill DAT with NOM/INST, ERG use NOM to kill DAT> kaihaka [n] killer, murderer. kahtote kaiha [v3] beat to death. ulhnan kaiha [v3] poison, kill by poisoning.

kaila [v1] be hot. <NOM be hot, ALL feel hot, LOC
have a fever>

kaimutin [n] cancer; (cancerous) tumor.

kaine [p] first, first of all (before anything else happens).

kaisù [n] shower, sudden burst of rain.

kakahta [v3] hit suddenly, strike without warning; attack; run into, knock against, collide abruptly with. <ERG hit DAT suddenly with NOM/INST, NOM collide abruptly with DAT>

kakilhin [n] rabies.

kakilhta [v3] bite hard (on), bite forcefully; chomp, clamp (down on); (p.t. a predator) bite to kill.

kaklala [v2] crawl, scurry, scamper, scuttle, move quickly on small legs. kaklale [n] scurrying, scuffling (sound).

kaksipa [v2] squeeze tightly, grip violently or unexpectedly; throb, pound. lias kaksipa [v2] choke, strangle, throttle. tyn kaksipa [v2] have a throbbing headache. <LOC have a throbbing headache> kaksipe [n] strong grip; stranglehold.

kakyime [a] each time, every time (i.e., at each iteration of an action).

kal [n] man, male. ihinen kal [n] straight man, heterosexual man. kalanen kal [n] gay man, homosexual man.

kala [n] leg (of a person); back leg, hind leg (of a four-legged animal).

kalakte [n] ankle.

kalamet [n] knee.

kalanen [n] person who is sexually or romantically attracted to men (used of both heterosexual women and homosexual men).

kalapà [n] upper leg, thigh; lap.

kalapatle [n] pant leg; leggings, breeches.

kalapun [n] bicycle (or other human-powered wheeled vehicle).

kalh [p] (emphatic particle, used in questions).

kalha [v3] force entry, force one's way in; storm, invade; insert forcefully, force, shove, cram, thrust (into). <ERG force one's way into DAT, ERG invade DAT, ERG force NOM into DAT>

kalhats [n] manhood, being a man; maleness, masculinity.

kalhona [v1] be reminiscent of, similar to; resemble somewhat. <NOM be reminiscent of ALL> akiel kalhona [v1] look (a bit) like, be similar in appearance.

kalial [n] (pair of) legs; back legs, hind legs (of an animal).

kaliaspa [v2] swallow quickly, bolt, gulp down; gorge on; devour, consume, swallow up, engulf, overwhelm.

kalihpa [n] maternal female cousin, half-sister (daughter of one's mother) (or other female relative of one's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

kalina [v1] be upsetting, disturbing, distressing; be upset, agitated, distressed, disturbed, unsettled.
NOM be upsetting, ALL be upset about NOM>
kalinampa [v2] upset, distress, disturb, agitate, unsettle.
ERG upset ALL>

kallul [n] lower leg, shin; calf.

kalohka [v3] be sudden, happen abruptly or violently, happen without warning; erupt, break out, burst forth.

kalon [n] (adolescent) boy, young man, lad.

kalyua [v2] wake up suddenly/abruptly, awaken with a start, startle awake.

kam [n] time/place before, time preceding. kamna [n(LOC)] before, preceding, in front (of).

kam [p] before (that), beforehand, first, previously.kamak [n] duck (esp. mallard).

kamal [n] knife. tokamal [n] large knife, machete. kamehats [n] parenthood, parentage, being a parent, child-rearing; the period of one's life during which one is raising children.

kamiakta [v1] burst open, erupt; (fig.) ejaculate, have an orgasm (p.t. men).

kamie [n] parents. tokamie [n] grandparents.

kamilha [v2] weave back and forth, swerve from side to side.

kamiua [n] lynx, bobcat.

kamne [p] before (that), beforehand, first, previously.

kamona [v1] be expected, foreseen; foresee, foretell, predict, expect, anticipate. <NOM be expected, LOC expect NOM>

kampa [v3] pass by here, come through here, come this way (near speaker and addressee); pass by there, go/come through there, go that way (near addressee).

 ${\it kamume}$ [a] invariably, consistently, with every iteration.

kamunia [v1] be apprehensive, anxious, worried; dread, not look forward to. <NOM be apprehensive, NOM dread ALL> kamuniats [n] apprehension, dread, foreboding, anticipation of something unpleasant.

kan [n] value, worth.

kani [n] mouth (of an animal), maw, jaws.

kaniokta [v3] reappear suddenly, turn up unexpectedly.

kankilha [v3] depart quickly, leave suddenly, disappear; flee, run away.

kanlo [n] bay, estuary.

kanta [v3] stand (usu. p.t. inanimates), be upright, erect, vertical. tsan kanta [v3] stand on one's own, be free-standing.

kantalu [n] shed, outhouse, outbuilding; shack; booth, stand, kiosk.

kantiuhe [n] condition, precondition, requirement.kantsa [v2] pull steadily and forcefully (on), force; take by force, pry, wrest.

kantsuhkanen [n] past misfortune.

kantsympe [n] lever, crowbar.

kanu [n] lie, falsehood, deception.

kanulne [p] at first, initially, at/in the beginning.
kapa [v3] receive, accept, take (what is offered);
deliver, bestow, provide, supply; outfit, equip.
<DAT receive NOM, ERG deliver NOM to DAT, ERG provide DAT with NOM> kaipa [v1] have, possess, be bestowed with, be equipped with. <LOC have NOM> kaipe [n] gift, offering; possession, property. kaipemit [n] gear, kit, equipment, supplies, provisions. atlo kapa [v3] take heed, heed a warning; warn, alert. <DAT take heed of NOM/ALL, ERG warn DAT of NOM, ERG alert DAT

to NOM>

kapaka [v2] stumble, lurch.

kapalhta [v3] wash ashore, be washed ashore; (p.t. waves) crash on shore. kapalhtats [n] (sound of) surf, breaking wave(s).

kapatla [v3] smother, suffocate.

kapin [n] gift, offering; privilege; endowment.

kapua [v2] be good, skillful, accomplished; do skillfully, do well; approve of, think well of, be pleased with (the actions/abilities of). <ERG be skillful at NOM, ERG do NOM well, ALL think well of ERG> kapuohta [v2] be better (at), do more skillfully, outperform. <ERG be better at NOM than ABL> kapuaka [n] master, expert, skilled/accomplished person. kapue, kapuats [n] skill, talent, ability, aptitude, accomplishment. iale kapua [v2] be responsible, reliable.

kas [a] now, then, already; so far, as of now/then; up to now/then, until now/then; for (with a time phrase in the dative, used to express a measure of time ending at the present).

kasasa [v3] stumble upon, encounter unexpectedly; reveal suddenly or without warning. <DAT stumble upon NOM, ERG reveal NOM to DAT suddenly>

kasehtetsan [n] triangle. sioku kasehtetsan [n] equilateral triangle.

kasni [n] care, taking care, mindfulness.

kasol [n] iron.

kasolha [v3] throw hard, hurl, lob; hit, pelt. <ERG hurl NOM at DAT, ERG hit/pelt DAT with NOM> kasolhe [n] missile, projectile.

kasta [v3] go against, go in the opposite direction; oppose. < NOM go against ALL, NOM oppose ALL, ERG oppose ALL with NOM> kastaka [n] opponent, antagonist. kaste [n] opposite, antithesis; opponent, opposing object/force. *lhahe* kasta [v3] reach in the opposite direction; step in, intervene; interfere with, meddle in; interrupt, attempt to prevent. **pake kasta** [v3] take a step towards (s.o.) (in challenge); challenge, oppose. solhe kasta [v3] throw (s.th.) against. tiause kasta [v3] fall against, fall onto; drop onto. tluhe kasta [v3] push against; put pressure on. <NOM push against ALL, ERG put pressure on ALL> tlynke kasta [v3] push (back), push against; resist, actively oppose; hold out against. tuhana kasta [v3] be illegal, be against the law/rules; break the rules/law. <NOM be illegal, ERG break the law>

kastoma [v2] be contrary, antagonistic; be stub-

born, obstinate; be irascible, argumentative, disagreeable, feisty.

kasu [n] side, vertical/sloping surface; face, slope (of a mountain); side, edge, face (of an enclosed figure); side, surface (of a sheet of paper or other flat object), page (of a book). kasu kasume [n(LOC)] side by side, abreast; together, in tandem.

kasuhpa [n] maternal male cousin, half-brother (son of one's mother) (or other male relative of one's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

kasukuntsan [n] rectangle, square, four-sided figure. ure. sioku kasukuntsan [n] square.

katama [v1] be intimidating, daunting. <NOM be intimidating to ALL, ALL be intimidated by NOM> **katamampa** [v2] intimidate, bully.

kateka [v2] seize, grab, take suddenly and/or by force; catch, capture.

katia [v2] clap, crack, make a sharp/cracking sound, make a percussive sound. katie [n] clap, crack, sharp or percussive sound. kikatie [n] snap. tymok tokatie [n] thunderclap.

katiausa [v3] trip, fall over unexpectedly, drop suddenly.

katioka [v3] die violently; die suddenly or unexpectedly, drop dead.

katiopa [v2] gallop; run, chase (used of four-legged animals). <ERG gallop, ERG chase (after) NOM>

katlam [n] standard cubit (a unit of measurement, equivalent to about 55 centimetres, or 1.8 feet).

katluha [v3] press hard (on), press firmly (on),
push hard (on). <ERG press hard on DAT with
NOM/INST>

katlynka [v2] push hard (on), push forcefully (against).

katsypa [v3] drown; force (s.th.) under the water. <NOM drown in DAT (a body of water), ERG drown NOM in DAT>

kauempyi [n] chick, poult.

kauen [n] fowl, domestic bird, poultry; turkey (esp. a domesticate of *Meleagris*).

kauenka [n] hen, female turkey.

kaume [n] battle, foray; raid. kaumemit [n] war.
kaupihe [n] the next (one(s)), the following (one(s)) (esp. used of objects or places in a linear arrangement).

kauta [v3] leave, go from here (where the speaker and addressee are); leave, go/come from there (where the addressee is).

kaute [n] cheese.

ke [p] here, there; this, that (near addressee, or near speaker and addressee; deictic particle).

kefiha [v1] be new, unfamiliar; be recent, novel, previously unknown, recently arrived/acquired.

kefihu [n] something new or unfamiliar, novelty.

 $\boldsymbol{\textit{kefihusot}}$ [n] news, tidings, new information.

kefis [n] threat.

kehima [v2] breathe in, inhale.

kekua [v3] prepare, process, make usable. <ERG prepare DAT from/with NOM, ERG process NOM into DAT> kekoia [v1] be ready (to use), prepared, processed; be usable, serviceable.

kela [v1] be together; be related, be in a mutual/reciprocal relationship; share, have in common. <NOM be together/related, NOM have ALL in common> kelats [n] relationship; relatedness.
kelta [v3] (cause to) become related, enter into a relationship. ahkame kela [v1] be siblings. ame napè kela [v1] be mother and daughter, be related as mother and daughter. kohmi kela [v1] be in a romantic relationship. kuna kela [v1] be friends, have a friendship. sakohmi kela [v1] be married, be spouses. sakohmi kelats [n] marriage. sakohmi kelta [v3] get married; marry.

kelaitsip [n] wasps' nest.

kelana [v1] be fascinating, compelling, enthralling; be fascinated (by), be very interested (in), find compelling. <NOM be fascinating to ALL, ALL be fascinated by NOM> kelanampa [v2] fascinate, enthrall; do (s.th.) in a compelling way. <ERG fascinate ALL, ERG do NOM in a compelling way> kele [a] together, all together; a total of.

kelefa [v1] be shared, held in common; share, own together, have joint ownership of. <INST share NOM> kelefe [n] shared one, common one, the same (one).

kelh [n] shard, fragment, chip, flake, small piece (broken off of something hard and brittle); small piece, bite, morsel (of crispy/crunchy food).

kelha [v3] go up, rise, ascend; bring/take up; raise, lift (e.g., a part of one's body). <NOM go up (along) INST (a path), NOM go up to DAT, ERG take NOM up to DAT> inie kelha [v3] look up. kuma kelha [v3] face up. pake kelha [v3] step up, get up (onto). talhe kelha [v3] climb, climb up, walk up (a sloping surface); go upstairs. yise kelha [v3] climb, climb up (a vertical surface).

kelhaho [n] sunrise.

kelhaut [n] height, area above; up, upward direction, way up; upstairs. **kelhauta** [n(ALL)] up,

upward(s), higher; on the way up. kelhautna [n(LOC)] up, above, higher; upstairs. eka kelhautna [n(LOC)] up here (where we are).

kelhilme [n] moonrise.

kelhiuna [v1] be old, familiar, well known.

kelhpa [v1] be hard and thin, brittle, easy to crack; (p.t. food) be crisp, crunchy, crusty. kelhpe [n] crust.

kelhuhme [n] old/familiar (one).

kelhutopa [v1] be interdependent, depend on one another; be linked, closely connected.

keliala [v1] be a shared responsibility; share, have in common (s.th. to which one has a relationship of stewardship or obligation); be related (in common), share a relationship (with); be related to one another, share a bond of mutual responsibility or obligation. <ABL share NOM with INST, ABL be related (to one another)> kelialats [n] mutual obligation, relationship involving shared responsibility and/or responsibility for one another; relatedness, kinship. keliale [n] shared (one), common (one), the same (one). ihfoite keliala [v1] share a secret, conspire with.

kelmiku [n] ant colony.

kelmilhta [v3] compromise. <NOM compromise
 with ALL>

kelmota [v3] unite, join together, bring/come together, unify.

kelohtla [v1] resemble each other, be alike, be similar. kelohtlats [n] resemblance, similarity. akiel kelohtla [v1] look alike.

keloise [n] beehive.

kelotla [v1] part (ways), separate; disband, disperse.

keltima [v1] touch, be in contact with, be adjacent to, border on, share an edge/boundary with; (fig.) touch on; be related to, have something to do with, have something in common with. <NOM touch INST>

kelu [n] seven. keluka [n] seventh (ordinal). kelutla [n] (one) seventh (fraction). ekeluna [a] seven times, on seven occasions. ekelukana [a] for the seventh time. kakelu [n] seven-part (thing); seven times; group of seven. kakelume, kakeloi [a] seven times (in a row); sevenfold, by a factor of seven.

keluhits [n] dusk, twilight (period between sunset and darkness).

keluktia [v2] exchange, trade. keluktianen [n] exchange, trade/exchange network. keluktiats [n] trade, exchange.

kelupatam [n] seventeen. kelupatanka [n] seventeenth.

kelusinta [v2] change places, switch places; exchange, switch (with one another). <NOM switch
places with INST, ERG switch NOM>

kem [n] ridge; headland; back of a horse or other quadruped. etle kem [n] bridge of one's nose.
kutsmu kem [n] lower back, small of the back.
lias kem [n] nape of the neck.

kemeta [v2] be disturbed, rise suddenly into the air (used of groups of small light objects such as leaves or birds, or particulate matter such as snow or dust). hohits kemetats [n] cloud of dust. ise kemetats [n] snow flurries.

kemus [n] saddle.

kenin [n] (adolescent) girl, young woman, maid.

kenta [v3] use up, expend, exhaust, consume, spend. <ERG use up DAT> keintanen [n] waste, trash, refuse. kental [n] resource(s). kustai kenta [v3] have no choice, have no alternative.

kenu [n] unit of distance, equivalent to ten thousand standard cubits (*katlam*), or about 5 and a half kilometres.

kepe [n] seed, nut.

kepehots [n] acorn.

kepenia [v2] gather nuts or seeds, forage for nuts or seeds.

kepesoha [n] nutshell.

kesehta [v1] be continuous, perpetual, unending. **kesi** [n] stain; blemish.

kesta [v1] be happy, fortunate; be pleasing, pleasant; be happy, cheerful, joyful. <NOM be fortunate/pleasing, LOC be/feel happy (about) NOM>
kestampa [v2] please, make happy. kestats
[n] fortune; pleasure. keste [n] pleasing thing, (cause of) happiness; happy/fortunate event.

kestol [n] happiness, cheer.

kesup [n] mould, fungal growth; lichen.

keta [v3] come here, arrive here (where the speaker and addressee are); go/come there (where the addressee is); bring here/there, put here/there. pake keta [v3] step forward.

keto [n] bone.

ketohain [n] skeleton.

ketsan [n] time, moment in time.

keul [n] chair; stool; seat.

keuosta [v3] carve, incise, shape (with a pointed tool). <ERG carve NOM into DAT, ERG carve DAT from NOM/ABL, ERG carve DAT with NOM/INST>

kiampatam [n] fifteen. **kiampatanka** [n] fifteenth.

kian [n] five. kianka [n] fifth (ordinal). kiantla [n] (one) fifth (fraction). ekianna [a] five times; on five occasions; in five cases. ekiankana [a] for the fifth time. kakian [n] quintuple, five-part (thing); five times; group of five. kakianme, kakiain [n] five times (in a row); fivefold, by a factor of five.

kiatahkan [n] centipede.

kiel [n] the dream world (as separate from the waking world). kielna [n(LOC)] in a dream, while dreaming, as part of a dream.

kielmin [n] dream(s), dreaming.

kienaua [n] vote.

kietla [v2] fiddle with, play with, move (around) absentmindedly or without purpose.

kifa [v2] shrink, contract, diminish, recede, take up less and less room; reduce, compress; fold up.
<NOM shrink, ERG reduce NOM> tluhe kifa [v2] compress, compact, press together; crumple.

kiha [v1] be small, little. akihima [v2] shrink, diminish, (cause to) get smaller.

kihaka [v2] scrape, scratch (with a pointed instrument).

kihana [v3] pierce, stab, puncture, poke a hole in.
<ERG poke a hole in DAT with NOM/INST> lilh-piau kihana [v3] drill a hole in.

kihanoi [n] piercing, hole (through s.th.), puncture, perforation. ahim kihanoi [n] air hole, finger hole (on a flute).

kiho [n] small (one), little (one).

kiholu [n] iris (of the eye).

kihuata [v3] carve, scratch (with a pointed instrument), engrave, incise, make an incision in. <ERG carve (into) DAT with NOM/INST> kihuate [n] stylus, carving knife, tool used for scratching or incising. kihuaitanen [n] carving, carved symbol or inscription, engraving.

kihun [n] letter, message, note, correspondence. *kikahta* [v3] jab, poke, prick (with a pointed in-

strument).

kiket [n] each of us, every one of us, we each (1st plural inclusive). hen kiket [n] both of us, we two, the two of us, you and I (each).

kikiha [v1] be very small, tiny, miniscule.

kikloha [v3] pierce, poke a hole through, skewer; stick (a pointed object) through; thread (a needle) through. <ERG stick NOM through INST, ERG poke a hole through INST with NOM> kiklohe [n] skewer, spit, lance.

kiksona [v2] focus (in) on, concentrate on; look at closely, inspect carefully, examine closely, exam-

ine in minute detail.

kila [v3] be seen, appear, come into view; see, notice, spot; show, reveal. <nom appear, DAT see NOM, ERG show NOM to DAT> kula [v1] be seen, be visible, be in view; be evident; it appears that, it looks as though; see, have in view. <ALL see NOM, it appears that NOM> ekula [v1] look, have the appearance of, have an X appearance; seem, appear. kulampa [v2] show, be visible, be apparent; show, let show, reveal, exhibit, display. <NOM be visible, ERG show/reveal NOM>

kilahta [v3] be pointed, sharp, piercing; have a point, have a sharp tip; (p.t. a thorn, spine, etc.) stick out, protrude; point, aim (a pointed weapon or instrument) at; touch, prod, poke, jab (with the pointed end of s.th.). <NOM be pointed, NOM stick out, ERG point/aim NOM at ALL, ERG touch/prod DAT with NOM> kilahtal [n] target (e.g., in archery). kilahte [n] poker, pointer, weapon or tool with a sharp point.

kilalitsan [n] doll; puppet.

kilha [v1] be sharp, keen, have a sharp edge. *kilhta* [v3] sharpen, hone (a blade).

kilhi [n] hair (esp. facial hair), whisker(s).

kilhot [n] bite, sample (of food).

kilhta [v3] bite. <ERG bite DAT> *kilhte* [n] bite; biting.

kilim [n] chime, small bell. enkit kilim [n] wind chime.

kilohanen [n] larynx, voice box. fueie kilohanen[n] adam's apple.

kiloma [v1] be easily seen, prominent, noticeable, highly visible, eye-catching.

kilu [n] descendant. kilumit [n] one's descendants. kiluote [n] topsoil.

kim [n] we, us (1st plural inclusive nominative pronoun and clitic).

kima [n] we (1st plural inclusive ergative clitic).

kima [v2] be in use, occupied, taken up; take up; be busy, occupied (with); be diligent, hard at work; be preoccupied (with). <NOM be in use, ERG take up NOM, ERG be busy with NOM>

kime [n] to us (1st plural inclusive irrealis dative clitic).

kimi [n] baby, newborn, infant.

kimihats [n] infancy.

kimo [n] to us (1st plural inclusive realis dative clitic).

kimon [n] petal.

kimot [n] all of us, we all (1st plural inclusive). henkimot [n] both of us, the two of us, we both, you

and I both.

kina [v3] let, allow, enable. *lhyue kina* [v3] let (s.o.) in, allow (s.o.) to enter.

kinalu [n] toilet, latrine.

kinapetaka [n] mantis.

kine [n] bead. kinemit [n] string of beads.

kiolh [n] burn (on the skin).

kiolhka [v1] be too hot to touch; be burning hot, scalding. kiolhketa [v2] make/become (very) hot, reach a high temperature; bring up to a high temperature; heat, fire (pottery, metal, etc.).

kiompa [v2] run, move quickly; chase, pursue.
<ERG run, ERG chase NOM> kiompohta [v2]
outrun, run faster than, beat (in a race). <ERG
outrun ABL>

kiospa [v3] burn.

kiota [v1] be quick, fast, swift, rapid; move quickly.
akiotima [v2] speed up, accelerate, go faster.
kiotampa [v2] act quickly, hurry, rush; do (s.th.) quickly; be quick to (do s.th.).
kiotats [n] speed, swiftness, rapidity.

kiouha [n] demon, bogeyman (creature from Okuna folklore, usually depicted as a tall, paleskinned figure with no eyes or ears and a giant mouth).

kipehi [a] slightly, barely, just, a very little bit.kipiatsike [n] dragonfly.

kisa [v1] be frozen, solid, hard, petrified; be icy.
akisima [v2] (cause to) freeze, get harder, become more solid. kise [n] ice. kista [v3] freeze (completely), freeze solid, turn to ice; solidify, harden. keista [v1] be frozen.

kisenan [n] ice.

kisepyi [n] a very few, only a few. ekisepyina [a] rarely, (only) very occasionally, every now and then, every so often. kakisepyime, kakisepyie [a] only a few times (in a row); only a little.

kisipe [n] a tiny bit, only a little (quantifies mass nouns).

kistynan [n] frost, hoarfrost.

kit [n] mote, speck, grain, particle.

kitaha [v3] stab, spear, harpoon, kill (game) by stabbing.

kitam [n] piece/sheet of paper; leaf, page (in a book).

kitluha [v3] bore a hole in, drill a hole in. <ERG bore a hole in DAT with NOM/INST>

kitoleu [n] squirrel.

kitou [n] beetle.

kitsipi [a] slightly, barely, just, a very little bit.ekitsipi [a] briefly, for a very short time. lau

kitsipi [a] a very little ways, not far; slightly, barely, to a small degree.

kitsu [n] onion.

kitsypon [n] faucet, spigot, tap.

kiunma [n] (one) hundred. kiunmaka [n] hundredth (ordinal). kiunmatla [n] (one) hundredth (fraction), percent. ekiunmana [a] a hundred times. ekiunmakana [a] for the hundredth time. kakiunmame, kakiunmai [a] a hundred times (in a row); a hundredfold, by a factor of a hundred. kiunma hen [n] two hundred. kiunma tam [n] (one) thousand (lit. ten hundreds).

kiuo [n] whorl, loop, gyre; curl. kiuomit [n] coil, spiral; circular pattern, series of loops. silh kiuomit [n] fingerprints.

kiyn [n] string, wire, cord, line (esp. when stretched taut, as on a bow, stringed instrument, or rack).
kiynmit [n] set of strings (on a musical instrument); warp (on a loom).

klalpa [v2] creep (around), move stealthily. klalpe,klalpats [n] stealth.

kloha [v3] go through; undergo, endure, experience; put/take through; subject to. <NOM go through INST, ERG take NOM through INST> hasume kloha [v3] live one's life, spend one's life. iante kloha [v3] jump through. inie kloha [v3] look through, look out of (a window or other opening); examine, inspect, look over. lhope kloha [v3] flow through; (p.t. wind) blow through; permeate, saturate; cause to flow through, infuse (with). nà kloha, nà lhope kloha [v3] soak, drench. tiause kloha [v3] fall through, drop through. yise kloha [v3] climb through/among (e.g., the branches/canopy of a tree).

klolhau [n] path, passage, way through (an obstacle).

ko [n] you (2nd person ergative clitic).

kohahpe [n] piece of furniture. **kohahpemit** [n] furniture (set), furnishings.

kohalu [n] room (in a house).

kohmi [n] lover, partner, spouse (person with whom one is in a monogamous sexual relationship).

kohot [n] large box, chest, crate.

kohta [v2] compare. <ERG compare NOM to/with ABL> kohtanen [n] comparison; standard of comparison, thing against which s.th. is compared. kohtats [n] comparison.

kohtin [n] blacktail deer, mule deer.

kohui [n] berry.

kohuinà [n] berry juice.

koi [n] you (2nd singular nominative pronoun).

koihta [v3] (see: koipa).

koihte [n] specific (ones), particular (ones), (ones) in particular (plural).

koilampats [n] procession, parade.

koin [n] person, human being. esiankats koin
[n] adult. pahai koin [n] hermit, wild person, person living outside society.

koinkats [n] personhood, humanity, being human. koipa [v1] be familiar, known; be identified, indentifiable; be specific, particular; know, be familiar with (a person or thing). <NOM be familiar to LOC, LOC know (of) NOM> koipe [n] acquaintance; familiar person or thing; (when following another noun) specific, certain, (in) particular. akoipima [v2] become more familiar; get to know (gradually), become better acquainted with. **koihta** [v3] become familiar/known; get to know, become acquainted with; come to know, find out about; introduce, acquaint, familiarize, let (s.o.) know about; identify, specify. <NOM become familiar, LOC get to know NOM, ERG acquaint DAT with NOM, ERG identify NOM> esian koipa [v1] know by name, know the name of. kuma koipa [v1] know by sight, recognize.

koipahain [n] social network, network of relationships or associations; association, organization; society.

koitsan [n] (human) body; human form, figure/shape of a person. koitsanme [n(INST)] in human form.

koituk [n] crowd of people.

kol [n] pole, post, (vertical) support, timber, shaft, mast; leg (of a piece of furniture).

kolha [v2] protect, guard, watch over. **kolhaka** [n] guard, guardian, protector.

kolmutu [n] fence.

koluma [v1] be difficult, hard; be confusing, challenging, obtuse; (p.t. physical objects) be hard to handle or manipulate, cumbersome, awkward, unwieldy, clumsy, unmanageable; be crude, poorly done/made. kolumampa [v2] be clumsy, awkward; do (s.th.) clumsily; do (s.th.) with difficulty.

kolumpi [a] with difficulty.

koma [v2] (be able to) speak, know, understand, use (a language or other form of communication); communicate (a message), convey, express, indicate; represent, stand for (an idea or concept). <ERG speak INST (a language), ERG communi-

cate NOM by means of INST (means of communication), INST represent NOM> komats, komanen [n] speech, language, means of communication. kome [n] message, meaning, concept (being communicated); speech, speaking, words, communication, expression, (use of) language. komuhka [v2] manage to convey; get one's meaning/message across. ihtsile koma [v2] speak fluently, be proficient.

komal [n] beaver.

komaliout [n] beaver dam.

komi [n] seagull.

kompi [n] squash, gourd.

konin [n] state, conditions; environment, setting, surroundings, circumstances. tsuhpanen konin[n] living conditions.

kono [n] salmon.

konom [n] hammer.

konti [n] jacket, (short) coat.

kopo [n] pot, jar, jug, vase (any container with a narrow opening, used for storing or carrying liquid, grain, etc.). tilas kopo [n] bottle, glass jar.

kosa [v2] be difficult, be a struggle, be an effort; struggle with, grapple with, have difficulty with, have a hard time with. <NOM be difficult, ERG struggle with NOM> kosats [n] struggle, difficulty, effort.

kosehkam [n] early afternoon.

kosehkamot [n] south by southwest (lit. direction of the sun in the early afternoon).

kosehteut [n] due west (lit. just north of the direction of the sun in the evening).

koset [n] evening, afternoon (esp. mid to late afternoon); (fig.) west, western (esp. when modifying a noun denoting a location).

kosetot [n] west, southwest (lit. direction of the sun in the evening; conventionally, 120 degrees west of true north).

kosto [n] beach; sand bar, stretch of sand.

kot [n] (seed) pod, husk; capsule.

kota [n] brick.

kotanu [n] porch, deck, veranda.

kote [n] black (thing).

kotiemi [n] raccoon.

kotsim [n] morning, forenoon; (fig.) east, eastern (esp. when modifying a noun denoting a location).

kotsimot [n] east, southeast (lit. direction of the sun in the morning; conventionally, 120 degrees east of true north).

kotsinkeut [n] due east (lit. just north of the di-

rection of the sun in the morning).

kotsinkis [n] late morning (period just before noon).

kotsinkisot [n] south by southeast (lit. direction of the sun during late morning).

kotsuku [n] chest, wardrobe, cabinet (or other piece of furniture used for storage, usu. with compartments).

kotu [n] house, dwelling. kikotu [n] hut, cottage; shack; temporary shelter.

kouak [n] crow.

ksafa [v1] be hoped for, wished for, wanted, desired; hope, wish (for); want, desire. <LOC hope (for) NOM> ksafe [n] hope, wish; desire.

ksalpa [v1] vomit, throw up. <ABL vomit> ksalpe
[n] vomit.

ksalpona [v1] be nauseated, fell (very) nauseous, feel the urge to vomit. <LOC be nauseous>
ksalpone, ksalponanen [n] (cause of) nausea.
kummin ksalpona [v1] have morning sickness.

ksapatla [v3] salt, cover/coat with salt. ksapatle
[n] salt used in food preservation. ksapaitlanen
[n] salted meat.

ksas [n] salt.

ksetli [n] die/dice used in gambling.

ksiama [v2] sneeze. ksiame [n] sneeze, sneezing. ksinan [n] salt water (sea water or other salty or brackish water); brine.

ksipa [v2] squeeze, pinch, clench, grasp tightly, hold tightly (in one's grip). lhimie ksipa [v2] furrow one's brow. naua ksipa [v2] clench one's fist. ksipe [n] grip, grasp, hold.

ksipoma [v2] be greedy, stingy, tight-fisted, unwilling to share; be jealous.

ksohe [n] darkness.

ksohma [v1] be dark, in darkness, in shadow (used of objects reflecting light, rather than light sources). aksohmima [v1] darken, get darker, fall (gradually) into shadow. ksohmanen [n] shadow. ksohmeta [v3] darken, get dark.

ksohnomats [n] dusk, twilight, late evening (after sunset).

ksohona [v1] be mysterious, inscrutable, enigmatic, difficult to understand. ksohone [n] mystery, enigma.

ksohtilas [n] obsidian.

ksona [v2] look at, gaze at. **ksonahpa** [v2] look for, look out for, try to see. **ksonats** [n] gaze; attention.

ksonoma [v2] be watchful, vigilant; be observant. **ksutla** [v1] be ugly.

ku [n] you (2nd person nominative clitic).

kue [n] to you (2nd person irrealis dative clitic).

kueka [v1] be false, wrong, untrue, incorrect, inaccurate; be unreal. kueke [n] falsehood.

kufu [n] place between/among, midst. kufuna [n(LOC)] between; among, in the midst of. eka kufuna [n(LOC)] around here, hereabouts, in the area. kufu kufuna [n(LOC)] all around, here and there, in various places.

kufumpa [v2] go (back and forth) between; mediate between, arbitrate. <ERG go between INST> kufusot [n] gossip.

kuha [v1] be hard, firm, rigid, tough, unyielding; be dense, solid (not hollow); be rough. kuhampa
[v2] be rough, careless, brutal; handle roughly.
kuhta [v2] harden, make/become firm; solidify.

kuhinie [n] scowl, glare, dirty look.

kuhsule [n] slipper (or similar footwear); stocking.
kuket [n] each of you, every one of you, you each.
hen kuket [n] both of you, the two of you (each).

kuia [v1] be certain, definite; be sure. <NOM be definite, LOC be sure (of) NOM>

kuista [v1] be long (temporally), take a long time; last, endure; (p.t. animates) be long-lived.
akuista [v1] last, endure (for a certain measure of time), take (a certain amount of time). <NOM last for INST, NOM take INST> akuistohta [v1] be longer (than); exceed, outlast, outlive, last longer (than), survive for longer (than).

kula [v1] (see: kila).

kulampio [n] view, sight, field/range of vision, area which can be seen. kulampiona [n(LOC)] in sight, within view, in one's range of vision. kulampio pahaina [n(LOC)] out of view, beyond one's sight.

kulhe [n] green (thing).

kulhepaut [n] vein of a leaf.

kulhiku [n] bile, gall.

kulhua [v2] curl (up).

kulhulyip [n] frond.

kulu [n] thing; concept, idea, notion.

kuma [n] face, visage; front, facade; (fig.) presence; view, attention. kumana [n(LOC)] before, in front of, in the presence of, facing. kuma kumana [n(LOC)] face to face, facing one another; in person.

kumakyin [n] facial expression.

kumalhi [n] facial hair.

kumapahti [n] complexion.

kumeilhte [n] outcome, end result, upshot.

kumi [n] womb, uterus; vagina.

kumipa [v2] gestate, develop, be in utero; be pregnant, expecting; be pregnant with, carry (a child). <NOM gestate, ERG be pregnant with NOM> kumipaka [n] pregnant woman, expectant mother. kumipe [n] unborn child, fetus. kumipanen [n] pregnancy.

kumita [v2] come/go forward; approach, come before, present oneself to, enter into the presence of; turn towards, turn to face; present, bring forward; show, display, demonstrate; bring before, bring into the presence of. <NOM come before ALL, ERG bring NOM before ALL> inie kumita [v] look at, turn to look at, turn one's eyes towards. <erg (turn to) look at ALL> kumitats [n] display, demonstration, presentation; audience, hearing. **kumuta** [v1] face, be facing (in the direction of); be opposite, complementary (to). <NOM face ALL> **kumute** [n] complement, counterpart, opposite; opponent. ufatlauta kumita [v3] face the wrong way, look/turn in the wrong direction. **ufatlauta kumuta** [v1] be facing the wrong way; be backwards.

kumitaut [n] direction, way (in which something is facing), orientation, alignment, position.

kummin [n] (period of one's) pregnancy.

kumolua [v2] look behind, look over one's shoulder, turn around (to face s.o.).

kumot [n] all of you, you all. hen kumot [n] both of you, you both.

kumpakaka [n] heron.

kumpatam [n] fourteen. **kumpatanka** [n] fourteenth.

kumpatla [v3] water, drench, cover with water (or other liquid). <ERG water DAT> san kumpaitla [v1] be bloody, covered in blood. utsas kumpaitla [v1] be sweaty, covered in sweat. kumpokot [n] turtle.

kumuta [v1] (see: kumita).

kumuten [n] the other side, the opposite side (of a divided space). kumutenna [n(LOC)] opposite, across, on the other side.

kun [n] four. kunka [n] fourth (ordinal).
kuntla [n] (one) quarter, (one) fourth (fraction).
ekunna [a] four times, on four occasions, in four cases. ekunkana [a] for the fourth time. kakun [n] quadruple, four-part (thing); four times; four-some, quartet, group of four. kakunme, kakoin [a] four times (in a row); fourfold, by a factor of four.

kuna [n] friend.

kunahats [n] friendship. **kunahatsme** [n(INST)]

in friendship; as a friend.

kunelha [v3] soak, drench, saturate; fill with water (or other liquid). <ERG fill DAT with water> san kuneilha [v1] be bloody, blood-soaked, drenched in blood. utsas kuneilha [v1] be drenched with sweat.

kuniokon [n] water tank.

kunkule [n] flask, canteen, water bottle, water container

kunne [a] lastly, last of all, finally.

kunoike [n] otter.

kunta [v3] divide, separate (into groups or piles); sort, classify, categorize. <ERG divide NOM into DAT> kuntal [n] category, class, type, kind; division; group, grouping, pile (into which things are sorted). kuntanen [n] classification, taxonomy, way of sorting.

kuntehain [n] classificatory scheme, system of categories, taxonomy.

kuntiauen [n] waterfall.

kuntsapa [v2] ask about, inquire about; wonder about; think over, mull over. <ERG ask DAT about ALL> kuntsapanen [n] object of investigation or speculation, topic of inquiry.
kuntsapats [n] inquiry, investigation; speculation. kuntsape [n] query, question.

kuntsihfeta [v3] rinse. <ERG rinse DAT (of NOM),
ERG rinse NOM off of DAT>

kuntupa [v2] walk on four legs, be four-legged.kuntupaka [n] four-legged animal, quadruped.

kunu [n] water (esp. fresh water); water source, body of fresh water; pond. kikunu [n] pool, small pond. tokunu [n] lake.

kunumots [n] frog.

kuo [n] to you (2nd person realis dative clitic).

kuohka [v2] caw; croak; be hoarse.

kuola [v2] meet (by prior arrangement), meet with, rendezvous with. kuolats [n] meeting, appointment, rendezvous.

kuolen [n] meeting place, rendezvous (point).

kupina [v2] be patient. <ERG be patient>

kupio [n] den, lair; hideout; shelter, sanctuary, retreat.

kus [n] foot; base, bottom.

kusati [n] supper, evening meal.

kuska [v2] crumple, crinkle, crease, wrinkle.

kusnaua [n] sole (of the foot).

kusta [v2] choose, select, pick (out); decide (on), opt (for). kuste [n] choice, selection; option; decision. kumute kuste [n] alternative.

kustampe [n] judgement, discernment, ability to

form opinions.

kustial [n] (pair of) feet. kustialna [n(LOC)] on foot.

kustoma [v2] be decisive.

kusuk [n] wisdom tooth.

kusuta [v3] back up, back away. pake kusuta [v3] step back, take a step back.

kut [n] you (2nd plural nominative pronoun).

kutsmu [n] back, backside; spine, backbone, vertebrae; ridge (running along the length of s.th.). kutsmuna [n(LOC)] behind, in back of. puolkutsmu [n] keel or underside of a boat. tene **kutsmu** [n] ridge, crest of a hill.

kutsumpa [v2] move backwards, go in reverse. kututi [n] skunk.

kyfalu [a] generally, usually, as a rule; regularly; tend to, be wont to (indicates a generic or habitual event).

kyiohtla [v2] compare. <ERG compare NOM with ALL>

kyipa [v2] hold up (high), hold aloft, support; (fig.) bear, endure, put up with; maintain, sustain.

kyipeutin [n] pause, brief wait; moment (esp. moment during which nothing is happening). kyipeutein [n(DAT)] for a moment.

kyisa [v1] be short, brief; be quick; take a short (amount of) time; (p.t. animates) be short-lived, live for a short time. **kyista** [v2] stop, end, cut short, put a stop to, discontinue, interrupt.

kyitsa [v3] say (s.th.) about, tell about, let (s.o.) know about, inform. <ERG tell DAT about ALL, ERG let DAT know NOM about ALL> kyitsampa [v2] talk about, speak about, discuss. sanen [n] subject/topic of conversation, what one talks about. **kyitse** [n] information, knowledge, tidings. *itlas kyitsa* [v3] make an observation about, note, take note of, remark on, comment on. <ERG make an observation to DAT about ALL> $kefihu \ kyitsa$ [v3] give (the) news of/about, inform, let (s.o.) know about. siehpe kyitsa [v3] write about, write on; deal with, discuss (in writing). <ERG write DAT about ALL> sliahte kyitsa [v3] tell a story about.

kykaihpa [v2] keep down, hold down, keep from moving/rising.

kykanta [v2] be upright, vertical (used of inanimates); keep upright; bolster, support, brace, keep erect/standing; hold up, prop up, support, shoulder (the weight of). < NOM be upright, ERG keep NOM upright, ERG hold up LOC (e.g., a ceiling) with NOM (type of vertical support)>

kykantats [n] support.

kykilha [v2] hold/carry (s.th.) in one's mouth.

kylhoua [v2] keep inside, hold (inside), contain, store. <LOC contain NOM, ERG keep NOM inside LOC, ERG store NOM in LOC> kylhouanen [n] container; (place for) storage.

kylhouon [n] container, vessel (for storage).

kyluma [v2] stand open, be ajar; hold/keep open; sustain; (p.t. a fire) be/keep lit, be/keep going. <NOM stand open, ERG keep NOM open/lit>

kymainka [v2] keep in place, hold in place, hold fast, keep (s.th.) in position, keep fastened, prevent from moving.

kymainkon [n] clasp, fastener, brooch, buckle.

kymoika [v2] be closed up, shut tight; hold closed, keep closed; suppress; confine, keep contained.

kumokta [v3] be welcomed, invited in: welcome. invite in, make (s.o.) feel at home; be hospitable, welcoming, inviting. <NOM be invited in (to DAT), ERG be hospitable, ERG welcome NOM to DAT> kymoikta [v1] be welcome, feel at home. kymokte, kymoikte [n] guest, visitor, lodger. kymoktaka [n] host; landlord, innkeeper. **kymoktats** [n] welcome, invitation; hosting, hospitality.

kymokten [n] inn, guesthouse, lodging.

kyntla [v2] avoid, stay away from, keep from; fail to (do s.th.), keep oneself from (doing s.th.).

kypeuta [v2] expect, anticipate, look forward to. <erg expect all>

kysoika [v2] valuable, beneficial; be useful, helpful, of use; benefit, help. <ERG be useful to ALL, ERG help ALL in (doing) NOM> kysoikats [n] use, usefulness, utility: value, worth, benefit: purpose, function.

kytaihpa [v2] hold back, restrain, keep (s.o.) out of the way. **kytaihpaka** [n] obstacle; restraint.

kyteha [v2] hold back, detain, keep from leaving, make (s.o.) stay behind; delay, postpone, defer, put off, hold off (on). **kytehats** [n] delay, postponement, deferment.

kytlana [v2] keep straight, hold straight, keep in alignment.

kytlanon [n] brace, splint.

kytoilha [v2] be erect, be upright, stand upright (used of animates); hold (s.o.) up, keep upright, keep standing, support (s.o.); hold oneself up, lean on (for support). < NOM be upright, ERG hold up NOM, NOM lean on LOC> kytoilhats [n] posture, stance; support. ympe kytoilha [v2] support oneself using a staff/cane, lean on or walk with a staff/cane.

kytsoha [v1] be relevant, pertinent. <NOM be relevant to INST>

kytsyipa [v2] hold/keep under water, hold/keep submerged (in liquid).

kytu [n] gift, present.

kytukpa [v2] participate in, take part in; work together on, collaborate on.

kytusia [v2] gnaw (on).

kyuata [v3] carve. <ERG carve NOM into DAT, ERG
carve DAT out of NOM/ABL> kyuaitanen [n]
carving.

kyuosia [v2] keep warm, cuddle.

la [p] each, apiece; individually, separately; in turn.
hen la henme [n(INST)] two by two, two at a time, in groups of two.

[la [p] it's all right, don't worry, rest assured (emphatic particle, used to indicate reassurance).

 $l\grave{a}$ [n] plant. $tol\grave{a}$ [n] bush.

laha [v3] stop, relent; release, free, let go of; solve.
<ERG let go of DAT> efois laha [v3] solve a problem. lhan laha [v3] give up, admit defeat (lit. release will). petats laha [v3] let go of, release (from one's grip).

lahai [n] period of hot, dry weather, heat wave.

lahenia [v2] gather plants or plant material, forage for wild plants; (p.t. animals) graze.

lahi [n] ditch, trough.

lahta [v3] point, extend, stick out, protrude; point to, point out, indicate, call attention to; observe, take note of. <ERG point NOM at ALL, ERG point to/out ALL> tete lahta [v3] stick out one's tongue.

lahtsipe [n] sprout, shoot (of a plant), new growth.lahtsipin [n] early spring, season when plants are first budding.

lai [n] light (esp. light emitted directly from a light source, such as the sun or a fire, rather than light reflected off of some object); rays, radiation; brilliance. kilai [n] lamplight, flame of a lamp.

laina [v1] shine, glow, be bright, give off light; (p.t. sound) be high (in pitch). alainima [v2] brighten, intensify, get/make brighter; rise, go up (in pitch). lainampa [v2] be clear, transparent; be translucent.

laisne [a] just, right, barely; a short time/distance away; just about to; (modifying a numeral) exactly, precisely. lau laisne [a] straight, directly, in a straight line. laite [n] yellow (thing).

laitepai [n] yellow warbler.

laka [v2] bark, bay, make a barking sound. lake, lakats [n] bark, barking.

lakia [v2] go hunting; hunt (for). <ERG hunt for
ALL> lakiaka [n] hunter. lakiakamit [n] hunting party. lakianen [n] game, quarry, prey.
lakiats, lakie [n] hunt, hunting.

lakuie [n] delight, enjoyment, thrill(s); enthrallment, heightened emotional engagement.

lala [v2] touch, feel, stroke, pet.

lalia [v2] play, have fun. <ERG have fun, ERG play NOM (game), ERG play with NOM (toy, etc.)> laliats, lalie [n] play, playing; fun, amusement. pota lalia [v2] play ball.

lalioma [v2] be playful.

lama [n] (area) far away, distance. lamana [n(LOC)] far away, at a distance.

lampa [v3] go one after the other, go in order, process; move in formation; happen in order, happen in succession, occur in (a particular) sequence; put in order, sequence; take turns (at), do (s.th.) step by step; play (a game that requires taking turns); bring, take, pass, transfer (from one person to another). < NOM go/happen in sequence, ERG put/play NOM in order, ERG transfer NOM to DAT> lampats [n] order, sequence, succession; sequentiality; alternation, turn-taking. lampe [n] list, sequence, procession (of objects or events); line, queue, set of objects arranged in a line; game (played in turns). kutsumpe lampa [v2] go/happen in reverse order; reverse (the order of). pake lampa [v2] take alternating steps; alternate, take turns (at a game). <ERG take turns at NOM> solhe lampa [v2] throw/pass from person to person; play (a ball game). solhe lampe [n] ball game. uaste lampa [v2] fly in formation.

lampesot [n] (step-by-step) directions, instructions; explanation of a procedure; recipe.

lampin [n] (linear or temporal) order, sequence, succession, arrangement. mehke lampin [n] sequence of events. sliahte lampin [n] narrative.

lamuhin [n] ballad, lay; narrative poem. tolamuhin [n] epic.

lamuta [a] finally, at last, at the end.

lan [n] line; mark, stroke. $afime \ lan$ [n] parallel lines.

lana [v1] be free, loose, unfettered, unconstrained.
alanima [v2] loosen. lanta [v3] get free, escape; free, release, let loose. petats alanima

[v2] loosen one's grip on.

lanta [v2] keep, maintain, preserve (e.g., food).

lantsemin [n] pattern (of lines), shape, figure.

lantupa [v2] walk in single file; lead in single file.
<ERG walk in single file, ERG lead NOM in single
file>

lapu [n] crest; dorsal fin.

las [p] only, merely, just, except (focus particle).

lasta [v3] send, transmit. <ERG send NOM to DAT>
lastal [n] recipient, addressee (of a message).
lastampa [v2] send out, distribute. laste [n] message, transmission; delivery. tapio lasta [v3] signal, send a signal.

latla [v2] send away, dismiss, banish, expel.

latuma [v2] shade, block the light, eclipse; cast a shadow.

lau [n] way, path.

laui [n] rabbit.

laumasiò [n] homesickness.

launia [v2] doze, be half-asleep.

lautehian [n] track(s), rail(s) (for a train).

le [c] but, yet; while, whereas.

le [p] I guess, I suppose, perhaps (evidential particle used to express uncertainty). hiò le [p] yes,
I think so. ntsune le [p] no, I don't think so.

lefa [v2] roll (over), roll around, move with a circular/rolling motion.

lehina [v1] be little, small, minor; be trivial, unimportant, inconsequential.

lehma [v1] be calm, peaceful. alehmima [v2] calm down, become calmer, relax; pacify, make more peaceful. lehmeta [v2] calm down, pacify, become/make calm.

lehua [v1] be advisable; should, ought to.

leike [n] treat; snack.

leka [v1] be exhausted.

lem [n] day, daylight hours (period from dawn to dusk). takuiste lem [n] the longest day of the year (day of the summer solstice). lemna [n(LOC)] during the day, by day.

lempek [n] type of stringed instrument.

lena [v2] guess, suppose, reckon; imagine, speculate (about).

letan [n] mat, covering made of woven material.

letanin [n] coarsely woven material, matting.

leu [n] tail (of a land mammal, amphibian, or reptile).

leua [v1] be clear; be clean, pure, unsullied, unblemished, untarnished. leuta [v3] clear; (make) clean, purify.

lhaha [v2] reach, stretch (out), extend, lengthen.

lhahohta [v2] overreach, reach past. <ERG reach
past ABL> hulhpa lhaha [v2] cast a shadow.
<ERG cast a shadow on/over LOC> lotsan
lhaha, tsilpe lhaha [n] be branching, have
branches, send off branches.

lhahampio [n] reach, area within one's reach. lhahampiona [n(LOC)] within reach. lhahampio pahaina [n(LOC)] out of reach, beyond reach.

lhahina [v1] be strong, rich, intense, vivid, saturated, brilliant (in colour, taste, smell, etc.).
akiel lhahina [v1] be vivid, have a vivid appearance. amahtle lhahina [v1] have a rich/intense flavour, be flavourful.

lhailotl [n] antler(s).

Ihakina [v3] infect, contaminate. <DAT get infected, DAT be infected with NOM, ERG cause an infection in DAT, ERG infect/contaminate DAT with NOM> Ihakeina [v1] be infected, have an infection; be contaminated. <LOC have an infection> nol Ihakeina [v1] have an ear infection. Ihakine, Ihakeine [n] infection; contamination.

lhala [v1] be disliked; be annoying; dislike; mind, be annoyed by, not accept, not tolerate. <NOM be disliked, ALL dislike/mind NOM> lhale [n] annoyance, pet peeve.

lhama [v3] wrap. <ERG wrap DAT in NOM, ERG
wrap NOM around DAT> lhame [n] wrapping(s);
wrap, cloak, shawl, cape.

lhan [n] will, resolve, determination; effort.

lhana [v2] be left behind, be left over, remain;
leave. <NOM be left behind, ERG leave NOM>
lhaina [v1] be left behind, remain (stative);
have left, have remaining. <INST have NOM left>
lhaine [n] leftovers, leavings, remains.

lhanka [v3] mark, make a mark, leave a trace.
<ERG make NOM (type of mark), ERG make a
mark on DAT with NOM/INST> lhanke [n] mark,
trace.

lhata [v3] split, separate (lengthwise), branch;
sever, cleave. <DAT split, ERG split DAT with
NOM/INST> lhaita [v1] be split, severed, cloven;
be branching, forked. lhaitanen [n] cleft, split,
branching point, fork (in a road). lhatats [n]
split, separation, branching; slit, seam, rent.

lhati [n] (group of) children (collective noun; triggers plural agreement).

lhatopa [n] cloven hoof.

lhau [n] swallow (bird; esp. barn swallow).

lheka [v2] stand up, get up, rise (from a seated position); raise up. <NOM get up, ERG stand NOM</pre> up> *lheika* [v1] stand, be in a standing position (having previously been seated).

lhema [v2] fail, give out, lose one's strength or integrity; give way, yield, not resist; fail (at). <NOM fail/give out, ERG fail at NOM> tiause lhema [v2] collapse, fall apart, fall in.

lhenu [n] wool.

Ihenua [v2] be bad, poor, unskillful, incompetent (at); do (s.th.) poorly; be displeased with (one's abilities), disapprove of. <ERG be bad at (doing) NOM, ALL be displeased with ERG>

lhes [n] edge (esp. sharp edge); blade, cutting edge; ridge, crest.

lheta [v1] be thin, sparse, fine; be loosely packed, not dense (used of forest, hair, aggregated material, etc.).

 ${\it lhi}$ [p] almost, nearly, close to (modifies quantifiers).

lhihe [n] grass.

lhihenam [n] grassland(s), prairie.

lhihka [v] drool, dribble. <ERG/ABL drool> lhihke
[n] drool, spittle.

lhihkitalo [n] grasshopper.

lhika [n] saliva.

lhila [v2] pull (back towards oneself); pull in, draw back/in, haul in; stretch, make taut. lhilampa [v2] be strict, stern, rigid. lheila [v1] be drawn tight; be tight, taut, stretched (back); (fig.) be tense, alert, on edge. kiyn lhila [v2] draw in a line (e.g., a fishing line), tighten a cord, tighten a string (on a stringed instrument). tau lhila, taukiyn lhila [v2] draw (back) one's bow (to fire an arrow).

lhim [n] eyebrow.

lhima [v2] wipe, rub gently.

lhimie [n] (pair of) eyebrows; brow.

lhimul [n] rag, washcloth.

lhinial [n] razor.

lhinta [v2] be clever, smart, shrewd, cunning; be adept, adroit, agile, dexterous; use/wield (s.th.) skillfully. <ERG be clever at NOM, ERG do/use NOM skillfully> lhintohta [v2] outwit, outsmart, be smarter than. <ERG outwit ABL at NOM> lhinte [n] cleverness, cunning, agility, dexterity. inie lhinta [v2] be alert, watchful, on guard.

lhisa [v3] sew, stitch. <ERG sew DAT out of
ABL/NOM> lhise [n] sewing materials (fabric
and thread). lheisanen [n] (piece of) sewing,
stitchery.

lhita [v1] be missed, overlooked; miss, skip, overlook, disregard, fail to find/notice. <NOM be</p>

missed, ABL miss NOM>

lhokana [n] grate (for a fire); brazier.

lhol [n] relative, family member.

lholoi [n] inlet, entrance to a bay or harbour.

lhoma [v3] add, include; augment, supplement; increase (the number of), extend. <ERG add NOM to DAT, ERG include NOM in/with DAT, ERG supplement DAT with NOM> lhome [n] addition, increase, supplement.

lhomik [n] pin.

 ${\it lhonko}$ [n] loud noise. ${\it lhonkomit}$ [n] din, racket. ${\it lhono}$ [n] soap.

lhopa [v2] flow, run, be fluid; (p.t. wind) blow. lhopaka [n] fluid. lhope [n] flow, stream, current.

lhopaut [n] direction in which s.th. flows; stream, current; course, channel, path (of a stream).

lhot [n] metal.

lhotam [n] pan, griddle.

lhoua [v1] (see: lhyua).

lhua [p] about, around, approximately (modifies a following numeral quantifier).

lhukahim [n] foul air; bad breath; intestinal gas.

lhuko [n] waste, garbage, trash, refuse.

lhuma [v1] be dim, dark, hazy, foggy, poorly illuminated, in half-light (used of objects reflecting light or spaces containing light, rather than light sources); be unclear, obscure, indistinct, hard to discern/distinguish. alhumima [v2] fade, pale, grow dimmer.

lhumu [n] ache, dull pain.

lhuna [v1] leave, take one's leave; part ways (with),part company (with). <NOM part ways withABL> lhunats [n] parting, leave-taking.

lhunki [n] steller's jay.

lhusa [v2] ooze, seep, flow thickly, be viscous.

lhuta [v1] be heavy (in weight); be massive, dense; be bulky, cumbersome, difficult to lift or handle (relative to size). alhuta [v1] weigh (a certain amount). <NOM weigh inst>

lhympa [v2] be stupid, silly, foolish; be a fool, act foolishly, make a fool of oneself, do s.th. stupid; be clumsy. <NOM be (a) foolish (thing), ERG act foolishly, ERG make a fool of oneself (by doing NOM), ERG be clumsy> lhympaka [n] fool. lhympe, lhympats [n] foolishness, stupidity.

lhyua [v3] enter, go/come into; bring/take into, lead into. <NOM enter DAT, ERG take NOM into DAT> lhoua [v1] be inside, be indoors, occupy (an enclosed space); be occupied, not empty. <NOM be inside LOC, NOM occupy LOC, LOC be</p>

occupied> lhyuohka [v3] get into, make it into, manage to enter. eliampe lhyua [v3] welcome, make (s.o.) feel welcome, be hospitable towards. iante lhyua [v3] jump into. nalhpe lhyua [v3] usher into (by gesturing). sù lhyua [v3] leak, let in the rain (p.t. roofs).

liafueia [v1] be sticking out far above the surface (of a body of water).

liahosta [v1] be mighty, (very) powerful.

liahotsma [v1] be enraged, livid. <LOC be
enraged>

liahsina [n] necklace.

liahuetla [v1] be very afraid, terrified, petrified.
 <LOC be terrified of NOM> liahuetlampa [v2] terrify, petrify. liahuetlats [n] terror, intense fear.

liakaihpa [v1] be a long way down, be far down; be low, deep (down).

liakeilha [v1] be high (up), be far up, be a long way up; be lofty.

liakna [v1] be long (distance). aliakna [v1] be as long; be long enough; have a certain length, measure in length. aliaknima [v2] lengthen, make/get longer, elongate.

lialima [v2] open wide. *lialuma* [v1] be wide open; (p.t. a fire) be roaring, blazing.

lianka [n] snake.

liapaka [v2] take a large/long step (forward). lia-pakota [v2] take large steps, stride.

liapama [v1] be vast, immense.

lias [n] neck; throat.

liaskan [n] collar.

liaspa [v3] swallow. <erg swallow dat>

liatima [v1] be remote, distant, far away.

liatsuhka [v3] be disastrous, catastrophic; befall; suffer (a disaster). <NOM be disastrous, NOM befall DAT, DAT suffer a disaster, DAT suffer from NOM (a disastrous event)> liatsuhke [n] disaster, catastrophe, calamity.

liatsyipa [v1] be deep below the surface (of a body water); be submerged, sunk (out of sight/reach).
<NOM be deep below the surface of LOC> liatsyipanen [n] deep, depths.

liaume [n] penis.

liauna [v3] spread, scatter, disperse, strew; toss, throw (in all directions). <ERG spread NOM over DAT, ERG scatter DAT with NOM>

liet [n] hat, cap; head covering.

lihe [n] strand, thread (in a web or weaving). lihemit [n] web, webbing, weaving.

lihka [v3] cut (up), cut into pieces. <ERG cut (up)

DAT with NOM/INST> *leihka* [v1] be cut up, be in pieces. *lihke* [n] blade, cutting implement.

lihpa [n] sister. kilihpa [n] younger sister. tolihpa[n] older sister.

lihpahats [n] sisterhood.

lihtu [n] hips, waist.

lihtumul [n] belt, sash.

lika [v1] be tender, soft; (fig.) be cute, adorable.

likana [v3] spin (yarn or thread); twist (rope);
(fig.) discuss, debate, explore, consider, talk over;
decide, resolve. <ERG spin NOM (fibre) into DAT (rope/yarn), ERG discuss NOM, ERG decide DAT>
likanal [n] yarn, thread; (fig.) decision, resolution, conclusion, outcome of a debate or discussion. likane [n] fibre for spinning; material, matter, substance; (fig.) subject, topic, issue, concern, matter, question.

likanapun [n] spinning wheel.

lilhka [v3] fall (p.t. water level); flow out, flow away; ebb, recede, subside (p.t. water, also fig.).
lilhke, lilhkats [n] ebb, reflux, flowing out; ebb tide, falling tide.

lilhpiau [n] drill.

lima [v2] open; start, begin, initiate, commence, activate; (p.t. fire) light, ignite, start. limuhka
[v2] get (s.th.) open; get (s.th.) going; get (s.th.) started. luma [v1] be open; be begun, started; (p.t. fire) be lit, going. hauat lima [v2] start a fire, light a fire. heulhte lima [v2] pull open. hompe lima [v2] force open (by pushing). kantse lima [v2] pry open, force open (by pulling). stihe lima [v2] make (fire) by rubbing sticks together. tlynke lima [v2] pull open.

lin [p] do you suppose? (question particle, used to elicit supposition or conjecture from the addressee).

lino [n] body (esp. of an animal); frame; hull (of a ship); carcass.

lioke [n] symbol, sign; letter.

lioklampe [n] sequence of signs; writing, inscription, line (of text).

liouhta [v2] block, block out, shut out, shield from (light); obstruct, cut off (the flow of air or water); hold back, dam.

liout [n] barrier, barricade, obstruction; screen,
blind; shield. toliout [n] dam, dike, levee.
salhke liout [n] blood clot.

lipa [v1] be sticky.

lis [n] jewel, gem.

lisma [v2] be disrespectful, insolent, impudent.

listoun [n] crystal.

litla [v2] spin, twirl, gyrate, rotate (rapidly).liuk [n] awl.

liuna [v1] be old, aged. aliunima [v2] age, get older.

liunta [v1] be loose, slack; be relaxed, lax, not under strain. liuntampa [v2] be/act relaxed; be lax, lenient, indulgent.

lo [c] or, or else (exclusive or, used in questions).

lo [p] is it the case? (evidential particle expressing uncertainty, used when the speaker is requesting confirmation).

lò [n] day (i.e., twenty-four hour period, lasting from dawn to dawn). lò lohme [n(INST)] from day to day, day by day. ulhmo moitanen lò [n] birthday.

lohampa [v3] speak, talk, express oneself; say, express, articulate, give voice to, put into words.
<ERG put DAT into words> lohampe [n] words, speech; (verbal) expression, wording, the words in which s.th. is expressed; voice (fig.).

lohan [n] voice; (fig.) opinion(s), expression. lohanme [n(INST)] aloud, out loud.

lohka [v3] cause, make, bring about.

lohkihun [n] diary, journal; newspaper.

lohkiuo [n] knot (in wood).

lohne [n] brown (thing), earth-coloured (thing).

lohotin [n] sapling.

lohuto [n] tree root.

loi [n] opening, orifice; eye.

loia [v1] be clear, open.

loien [n] clearing (in a forest); courtyard. toloien[n] square, plaza, open space (in a town).

loimik [n] needle (for sewing).

loiotla [v2] be distinct, be (recognizably) different; distinguish, tell apart, tell the difference. <NOM be distinct from ABL, ERG distinguish NOM from ABL>

loipahu [n] eyelid.

loita [v2] watch, observe, look at; attend; witness, experience. loitakamit [n] audience.

loitam [n] lid (esp. hinged lid of a box or chest); door (of a cupboard or compartment); window shutter.

loitoma [v2] be watchful, observant, attentive. *loka* [n] forest, woods.

 $oldsymbol{loke}$ [n] mortar (for grinding). $oldsymbol{toloke}$ [n] mill, mill-stone

lokilu [n] offshoot; (small) branch, bough, limb (of a tree or plant).

lokua [v1] stink; be rank, foul, fetid, pungent; have a strong and unpleasant smell/taste.

lolhampe [n] week. lolhampe ekina [a] every week.

lomiku [n] termite.

lomua [v1] ripple, form into waves; drift, form into drifts. lomuats [n] small wave(s), ripple(s).
tolomuats [n] ocean wave(s), surf. ise lomuats [n] snowdrift. kosto tolomuats [n] sand dune.

lon [n] cauldron, tub, vat, large vessel (for cooking or bathing).

lonalh [n] large branch (of a tree).

lonka [n] mussel.

losak [n] firewood.

losemu [n] tree bark.

losumilh [n] time of day.

lotsan [n] wood, piece of wood (esp. when used as material for carving or building); tree trunk, heavy branch. kapailhte lotsan [n] (piece of) driftwood.

lotsuku [n] tree trunk.

loua [v1] (see: lyua).

loun [n] highland, upland, fell.

luaki [n] coyote.

luan [n] hair, head of hair; coat, fur (of an animal).hame luan [n] grey hair.

luelia [v2] calm, relax, pacify, put (s.o.) at ease; care for, treat (a disease or condition). <ERG calm NOM/LOC, ERG treat LOC for NOM (a condition)> lueliaka [n] doctor, healer; nurse. lueliats [n] care, treatment, therapy.

luha [v1] be dim, pale, faint, weak; give off very little light (used of light sources, rather than objects reflecting light); (p.t. fire) be low, smolder. aluhima [v2] fade, grow dimmer, dwindle, weaken, die away, burn low. luhampa [v2] (p.t. translucent substances) be cloudy, hazy, dark, dense; let through very little light. <ERG be cloudy>

luhits [n] ember(s).

luhkoipa [v1] be well-known, old, familiar, known for a long time.

luhme [n] old (one); elder.

luhmehats [n] old age.

luhtsa [v3] smell, detect the odour of. <DAT smell
NOM> loihtsa [v1] smell, perceive the odour of;
have a smell/odour. aloihtsa [v1] smell (of),
have the smell/odour of.

luiha [n] old woman (esp. after the onset of menopause), crone; wise woman.

luihats [n] menopause. luihatsna [n(LOC)] in menopause; during menopause.

luka [v1] be very old, ancient.

luku [n] louse.

lul [n] place/space underneath, area below, area beneath. lulna [n(LOC)] under, underneath, beneath.

lulha [v1] be bad. lulhampa [v2] go badly, go poorly, be poorly done; do s.th. bad; make (s.th.) bad, do (s.th.) badly, do (s.th.) poorly. <NOM go badly, ERG do NOM badly/poorly> lulhta [v2] become/make bad, ruin.

luma [v1] (see: lima).

lumakon [n] cellar, basement, underground room. kilumakon [n] vault, underground chamber or tank.

lune [n] blue (thing).

lunkam [n] spruce.

lunta [v1] flee, escape, run away, get away.

luom [n] (large) bell; (fig.) hour.

luta [v2] bow, bend forward. tyn luta [v2] bow one's head; nod (one's head).

luto [n] liver. kiluto [n] gall bladder.

lyhma [v3] seal (e.g., with glue or wax), make a seal in; caulk. <ERG seal DAT with NOM> lyhme
[n] seal; sealant, caulking agent.

lyihpa [v1] be possible. lyihpe, lyihpats [n] possibility.

lyihpiylaka [n] caterpillar.

lyip [n] leaf. lhihe lyip [n] blade of grass. tsatsanen lyipmit [n] foliage, greenery.

lynnu [n] yew tree.

lyua [v2] wake up, awaken. <NOM wake up, ERG awaken NOM> loua [v1] be awake. louats [n] waking, wakefulness.

ma [n] I (1st singular ergative clitic).

mà [n] what, which; some, something; any, anything; certain (inanimate).

mahki [n] demon, monster, malevolent spirit.

mahta [v2] be mean, petty; be nasty, malicious, unkind; do (s.th.) out of malice; be merciless, act without compassion. <NOM be mean (p.t. an action), ERG be mean/malicious (p.t. a person), ERG do NOM out of malice> mahtats [n] meanness, pettiness; malice, lack of compassion.

mahtla [v3] taste, detect the taste of. <DAT taste NOM> maihtla [v1] taste, experience the taste of, be able to taste; have a taste. <ALL taste NOM> emaihtla [v1] taste (of), have the taste/flayour of.

maka [n] (cooked) meat.

mala [v3] create, invent, make up, come up with,

coin (usu. spontaneously, through improvisation); discover, hit upon, arrive at; be inspired; inspire. <DAT invent NOM, ERG inspire DAT to (do/make) NOM> malats [n] creativity, invention, inspiration; improvisation. male [n] creation, invention, coinage; discovery.

malha [v1] be worthwhile, worth (doing).

malioina [v1] be clear, obvious, self-evident.

malka [n] wolf.

malo [n] wall (esp. supporting wall of a house or other enclosed structure).

maloma [v2] be creative.

man [n] I, me (1st singular nominative pronoun).

manka [v3] fix (in place), fasten, attach, affix. <ERG fasten NOM to DAT> mainka [v1] be fixed in place, held in place, held fast; stay in place, stay put; be firm, stable, unmoving. mainkota [v2] keep in place, hold onto, restrain, prevent from moving. *ahim mainkota* [v2] hold one's breath. inie manka [v3] catch sight of, focus one's gaze on; pay attention to. kistatl manka [v3] lock. kiste manka [v3] freeze in place. lhile mainkota [v2] restrain, hold back (esp. with a rope or net); keep tied up, keep on a leash. **no**lal manka [v3] listen attentively to. sò manka [v3] tie (in place), tie down. <ERG tie NOM to DAT> statl manka [v3] trap. tsan manka [v3] stay still, hold oneself in a fixed position; hold tightly onto; attach to oneself, fasten to oneself; (fig.) fixate on, become obsessed with. <ERG hold tightly onto NOM, ERG fixate on DAT>

mankemik [n] pin, brooch.

mankol [n] stake, peg.

manute [n] fungus.

mas [n] soup, broth; stew.

masete [n] cattail.

masiò [n] sorrow, melancholy, mournfulness.

matu [n] right, due, prerogative.

me [n] I, me (1st singular nominative clitic).

meha [v3] compose, create, produce, make up, devise, author (esp. a poem or song). <ERG compose DAT> mehaka [n] poet, author, composer. meihanen [n] work, piece, composition; (piece of) poetry.

mehka [v3] happen, occur, transpire, come about, come to pass; experience; come to be, come into existence, originate, be realized, be instantiated; cause, be the cause of, have, be responsible for.
NOM happen to DAT, DAT experience NOM, ERG cause NOM to happen to DAT> mehkats [n] existence, being, reality; event, occurrence. mehke

[n] being, (real) thing, entity; happening, event, occurrence; experience. mehketa [v3] appear, come about, come into existence, arise; (p.t. seasons) arrive, come, start, begin; bring into existence, make, create; cause to happen, effect, bring about. **mehkihpa** [v1] be intended, meant to happen; be intentional, deliberate. <LOC intend Nom> mehkihpanenme [n(INST)] deliberately, intentionally. *mehkyipa* [v1] be possible, potential. *mehkoksa* [v1] be necessary. meihka [v1] have happened; be done, complete, completed; be, exist, occur, be attested; be real, actual. **meihke** [n] fact, real/true thing, thing which exists. umehkemit [n] (the) past, past events, what happened. *iomna meihka* [v1] be real, actual (lit. exist in the world).

mehkamin [n] experience; s.th. which one undergoes.

mehkehain [n] information; system of knowledge, science, metaphysics, theory; way of organizing or interpreting facts.

mehketapin [n] history, annal(s), saga.

mehkoma [v1] be common, usual; tend to occur, be liable to occur; be likely, probable, expected.mehon [n] maple.

mehu [n] shame.

mekietam [n] vision, mental image, picture in the mind's eye. ahim mekietam [n] hallucination.mekoi [n] style, mode, design.

mekota [n] scorpion.

mekul [n] dish, plate; shallow flat-bottomed bowl.
tomekul [n] platter, serving dish.

melet [n] kidney.

meletie [n] (pair of) kidneys.

melyi [n] honey.

melyiho [n] mead.

mena [v3] promise, vow, swear, assure. <ERG make a promise to DAT, ERG promise DAT (to do) NOM> mene [n] promise, vow.

mesioku [n] mental health, mental balance, sanity. metatak [n] crayfish.

mete [n] hinge, joint; link (in a chain); juncture, meeting point, node; pivot, turning point (lit. and fig.). kimete [n] link (in a chain). tuose metena [n(LOC)] in the nick of time.

metehis [n] the North Star (Polaris).

meteun [n] juncture, junction, meeting point, confluence, place where two paths or rivers come together; turning point, place of transition, boundary, threshold, horizon.

metia [v2] flex, tense, tighten, clench, contract,

make/become rigid. *meitia* [v1] be flexed, tense, tight, rigid, clenched, contracted. *naua metia* [v2] clench one's fist.

meun [n] milk.

meunka [v3] give milk, lactate; nurse, suckle.
<ERG/ABL nurse DAT, DAT be nursing> meunkaka [n] nursing mother. meunkal, kimeunkal [n] nursing infant, suckling, newborn.

mi [n] to me (1st singular irrealis dative clitic).

mi [p] unfortunately, I'm afraid (emphatic particle used when reporting misfortune).

miafa [v1] understand, follow (an argument or train of thought). <LOC follow INST>

miahte [n] maternal grandfather (mother's father).
tomiahte [n] great-grandfather.

miai [a] how, to what degree; to some degree.

miame [n] maternal grandmother (mother's mother). tomiame [n] great-grandmother. tomiamemit [n] one's maternal ancestors; matrilineage.

miampi [a] how, to what degree; to some degree; somewhat, more or less. lau miampi [a] how far; to what extent; some distance, a certain distance; to some extent. ntse miampi [a] not much, not very, not so.

mian [n] how much; some, a certain amount. mian iahte [n] some more (plural), others. mian iap [n] more, some more (singular). ntse mian [n] not much, not a lot; little.

mianka [n] which (one) (in a sequence) (lit. the how many-th). emiankana [a] at which time (out of a set of times); on which occasion, in which case (out of a set of cases); at a certain time; on a certain occasion, in one case.

miankats [n] quantity, amount, number; portion.
kufu miankats [n] range.

miante [n] how many; some, a (certain) number of. emiantena [a] how often; on certain occasions, in certain situations; at various times, from time to time. kamianteme, kamiantei [a] how many times (in a row); by how much, by what factor; a number of times (in a row); to a certain degree, by a certain factor. ntse miante [n] not many, not a lot; few.

miatia [v1] get closer to, narrow in on, work on (formulating an idea). <LOC get closer to ALL> miauha [v2] mew, meow.

miè [n] where; somewhere; anywhere. miei [n(DAT)] where to, whither. mieia [n(ALL)] where, whither, in which direction. mieme [n(INST)] which way, how, by what route; some-

how, in some way, by some route. mieu [n(ABL)] where from, whence.

miekona [v1] be ignorant. <LOC be ignorant of NOM/ALL>

mihepa [v1] meditate, ruminate, ponder, think over. <LOC ruminate on INST>

mihkot [n] bur, prickly seed pod.

mihoiton [n] umbilical cord.

mihua [v1] be humble, modest, unassuming.

mihyla [v1] overlook, ignore, disregard, fail to consider, fail to remember/recall. <LOC overlook
 INST> mihylats [n] disregard.

mik [n] thorn; needle, barb, spine, quill. *kimik* [n] prickle, bristle.

mikal [n] boy (esp. pre-pubescent boy). kimikal [n] baby boy.

mikamie [n] maternal grandparents.

mikankuts [n] porcupine.

mikema [n] comb.

mikiela [v3] visualize, see in one's mind; imagine,
envision. <DAT visualize NOM>

mikloha [v1] think through, mull over, go over (in one's mind); relive, experience (the mental image or memory of). <LOC think through INST>

miktipa [v3] embroider. <ERG embroider DAT, ERG embroider NOM (an image or design) on DAT>
miktipe, miktipats [n] embroidery, needlework.
miku [n] ant.

mikulu [n] idea, notion, abstract concept, mental construct.

mikyitsa [v3] think about, contemplate. <ERG
think NOM about ALL>

mila [v1] be beautiful, handsome, attractive, pretty, comely (used of people).

milh [n] turn, shift, transition, change, transformation; stage (in a sequence of events), moment of change, point at which s.th. happens. milhu meilh [n(ABL/DAT)] back and forth, to and fro; over and over, again and again (lit. from turn to turn).

milhkoua [n(ALL)] why, what for, for what purpose, to what end; what's the point in (doing X); for some purpose.

milhoka [v2] do over (from the beginning), redo; start over.

milhta [v3] turn, shift; change, transform, turn (into); become; enter, begin (a new stage of one's development). <NOM turn towards ALL, ERG turn NOM towards ALL, NOM turn (in)to DAT, ERG turn NOM (in)to DAT> ekliona milhta [v3] turn left. hamei milhta [v3] pale, fade; (p.t. hair)

turn grey, go grey. *isutai milhta* [v3] come to life; bring to life, animate. kamehaits milhta [v3] become a parent; make (s.o.) a parent, be born to. <NOM become a parent, ERG be born to NOM> kefihai milhta [v3] start over (from the beginning), begin again; renew. koini milhta [v3] grow up, mature, enter adulthood, become an adult. ksipe milhta [v3] twist. luihaits milhta [v3] begin/enter menopause. misalhkai milhta [v3] begin menstruating, reach puberty (female). **muelhai milhta** [v3] fall asleep; put to sleep. oklai milhta [v3] go into hiding. sanei milhta [v3] redden, turn red. souetein milhta [v3] go/fall into a trance; put into a trance. ufatlauta milhta [v3] make a wrong turn, turn in the wrong direction; go wrong. uiloil milhta [v3] fall in love. < NOM fall in love with ALL>

mili [n] outside aunt, stepmother, mother-in-law (female relative of one's parents' generation who does not belong to the same maternal or paternal clan). milimit [n] group of older women.

mimeun [n] breast milk, mother's milk.

mimilha [v2] move back and forth, oscillate; move to and fro, zigzag, move in a serpentine fashion; twist and turn, meander. mimilhe [n] serpentine path, zigzag.

mimilhelau [n] winding or serpentine path, meandering path, trail with many switchbacks.

mimota [v1] plan (out); bring together a set of ideas; come up with a plan, strategy, or theory.<LOC plan NOM> mimote [n] plan, strategy, theory.

mina [v3] think, have thoughts. <ERG think NOM about ALL> mine [n] thought(s).

minahkan [n] emotional value, worth; respect, honour, esteem, high regard.

minahta [v1] be alive, vital, robust, powerful, vigorous, dynamic; have energy; work, function, be able to move (used esp. of body parts; opposite of paralyzed); have the use of, have life/feeling in (a part of one's body). minahtats [n] life, vitality, energy; vigour; function, functionality. auote minahta [v1] be in high spirits, have good morale; have confidence. kalial minahta [v1] have the use of one's legs, be able to walk. pyime minahta [v1] be pregnant.

minap [n] bone marrow; (fig.) core, essence, heart;
the heart, the very centre (of an enclosed space).
minapna [n(LOC)] at the heart, in the very centre (of); thoroughly, fully, completely, to the core, through and through; intensely.

- mineihte [n] correct thought/belief; right impression.
- miniokta [v3] return to (an idea or endeavour), resume thinking about, turn one's attention back to; remember, recall, bring to mind; draw one's attention to, remind. <LOC return to DAT, ERG draw LOC's attention to DAT>
- minkilha [v3] let one's mind wander, be distracted; lose interest, cease to concentrate (on). <LOC lose interest in ABL>
- minoma [v2] be thoughtful, mindful.
- minta [n] meaning, denotation; significance.
- minu [n] mind; thought(s); interest, attention.
- minufatl [n] fallacy, mistaken belief; false impression.
- minukan [n] interest, intellectual value; idea worthy of one's attention.
- minunta [v3] reconsider, revisit (an idea). <LOC reconsider DAT>
- *minupahti* [n] personality, character; perspective, outlook, point of view, way of thinking.
- minuta [v3] come to mind, come to the attention of; become interested in. <NOM come to the attention of LOC, LOC become interested in NOM>
- *miò* [n] who, which one (animate); some, someone; any, anyone; certain.
- miokoni [n] mental state, state/frame of mind, mood, spirits, attitude.
- mioktia [v3] be interesting, noteworthy; give a thought to, notice, become aware of; make aware of, inform of; teach, impart knowledge. <DAT be interesting, LOC notice DAT, ERG teach DAT about NOM/ALL> mioktiaka [n] teacher; informant. mioktie [n] subject of interest; teaching, imparted knowledge, information.
- miosuta [v1] be bored, lethargic. miosutampa[v2] be boring, tedious. miosutats [n] boredom, tedium; lethargy.
- mipa [v1] be bad, unfortunate, sad, regrettable.mipe, mipats [n] misfortune.
- mipeita [v1] be understandable, imaginable, accessible, easy to grasp; be clear, evident, apparent; grasp, understand, get, see the point of, see the reason for. <NOM be understandable, LOC understand NOM>
- misaha [v3] think over, mull over, ruminate on; pursue a train of thought; (try to) work out, try to come up with (an idea). <LOC think over ALL> misahe [n] thought(s), train of thought.
- misalhka [v1] menstruate. <abl menstruate>
 misalhke [n] menstrual flow; menstruation,

- menstrual bleeding.
- misasa [v3] find out, discover, learn (inadvertently); realize, conclude, come to a conclusion; let slip, unintentionally reveal or disclose (a piece of information). <DAT discover/realize NOM, ERG reveal NOM to DAT> misaisa [v1] be known, revealed, found out; know, be aware of, have learned (inadvertently). <LOC know NOM> misase [n] (unexpected) discovery, realization, revelation, conclusion. ufatl misasa [v3] be mistaken, get the wrong idea, come to the wrong conclusion; misunderstand. <DAT misunderstand ABL>
- misihsan [n] menses, menstrual blood/flow.
- mita [v3] come to mind, enter one's mind, occur to; think (of), consider, remember, recall, be reminded of; have an idea; discover, realize, think up, work out (an idea); bring to mind, remind (s.o.) of. <NOM come to mind, NOM occur to DAT, DAT think of NOM, ERG bring NOM to the mind of DAT> mite [n] idea, something thought up.
- mitahpa [v1] be surprised, taken aback. <LOC be surprised by ABL>
- mitakis [n] childhood name; nickname.
- mitatana [v1] daydream, let one's mind wander; be absent-minded. <LOC daydream> mitatane, mitatanats [n] daydream(ing).
- miteka [v2] assume, presume, infer, gather, conclude, come to the conclusion (that). miteke [n] assumption, inference, conclusion.
- miteuna [v3] focus on, concentrate on, give thought to, pay attention to. <LOC give thought to DAT> miteunal [n] focus of one's attention.
 miteune [n] attention, regard, focus.
- mitia [v1] be weak, frail; be fragile, breakable, easily broken.
- mitifa [v3] be/become distracted, stop paying attention; distract, divert one's attention. <LOC stop paying attention to DAT, ERG distract LOC from DAT>
- mitilha [v2] be confused, dazed, bewildered, befuddled; have difficulty thinking clearly. <ERG be confused (about NOM/ALL)>
- mitlelha [v3] find out (about), discover, learn (about), come to know (s.th. which one has been trying to understand); disclose, reveal; inform. <DAT find out (about) NOM, ERG disclose NOM to DAT, ERG inform DAT of NOM> mitlelhahpa [v3] investigate, study, try to find out (about), set out to discover. mitlelhe [n] discovery; conclusion, result(s) of one's investigations. mitlelhuha [v1]

be curious, want to find out (about).

mitsaka [n] what kind, what sort, what type; some kind, a certain kind.

mitsipe [n] flower bud.

mitsoha [v2] be connected, related, associated (used of ideas or concepts); associate mentally.
NOM be connected to/with INST, ERG associate NOM to/with INST> mitsohanen, mitsohats
[n] mental association, relationship between two or more ideas or concepts.

mitunke [a] how, in what way, by what means; somehow, in some way, by some means.

miua [n] cat. kimiua [n] kitten.

mo [n] to me (1st singular realis dative clitic).

mo [p] I think, in my opinion, in my view (particle used to indicate that the sentence expresses the speaker's personal opinion).

moheuhka [v2] steam, be steaming, simmer. <ABL simmer, ERG simmer ABL>

moheuk [n] steam, vapour.

mohi [n] cloud(s).

mohisiem [n] (partly) cloudy sky.

mohkain [n] society, community, social network; alliance, group of lineages.

mohkauat [n] hearth; hearth fire.

mohkiloiha [n] maternal granddaughter (female relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

mohkilu [n] maternal grandchild (relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan). kimohkilu [n] maternal greatgrandchild.

mohkilukal [n] maternal grandson (male relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

moiha [n] girl (esp. pre-pubescent girl). kimoiha[n] baby girl.

moiheki [n] sea otter.

moihkanoi [n] scar.

moikem [n] cape, peninsula. kimoikem [n] spit. moikenaua [n] fist.

moin [n] sea, ocean.

moinike [n] sea lion.

moisì [n] ocean current.

moita [v3] get, receive, acquire, obtain; get the chance, have the opportunity; cause to receive; let, allow, facilitate; give (s.o.) a chance, give (s.o.) the opportunity. <DAT receive NOM, ERG give DAT the chance (to do) NOM> moitampa [v2] be available, obtainable; be possible, feasible; provide, make available; enable, facilitate,

make possible. <NOM be available, ERG provide NOM> moitampe [n] (available) stores, supplies, provisions. moital [n] recipient. moite [n] thing received, acquisition; chance, opportunity. moituha [v1] be desirable; desire, want (to receive). taskuhe moita [v3] curdle. ulhmo moita [v3] get a year older, have a birthday.

mok [n] hearth; home, household; (fig.) matrilineal clan; matrilineage, maternal ancestry (in the Okuna bilineal kinship system, the clan affiliation inherited from one's mother, which forms the foundation of the household and the basic political and economic unit in Okuna society).

mokai [n] maternal niece/nephew (child of one's sister, or other relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

mokanapè [n] maternal niece (daughter of one's sister, or other female relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

mokatien [n] maternal nephew (son of one's sister, or other male relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same matrilineal clan).

mokelhol [n] matrilineal relative(s).

moknamit [n] household, immediate family, relatives with whom one lives.

mokta [v3] go/come home, get home; bring/take home.
NOM go home (to DAT), ERG take NOM home (to DAT)> moikta [v1] be (at) home.
moktuhka [v3] get home, reach home, make it home.
moktanen [n] way home; homecoming.

momilhta [v3] come (back) around, come full circle, come back to where one started, complete a cycle/circuit; bring (back) around, bring full circle. momilhtats [n] round trip, circuit; cycle.

mompi [n] mole (animal).

monen [n] wing (of a bird or bat); fin, flipper.

monie [n] (pair of) wings; (pair of) fins, flippers.

moseki [n] bat (animal).

mosie [n] upper back, shoulders.

mosiemul [n] cloak, shawl.

mosipa [v2] carry on one's back/shoulders.

mosketo [n] shoulder blade.

mostapu [n] armpit.

mota [v3] come together, join (with), come into contact (with); bring together, join, bring into contact (with). <NOM come together to become DAT, ERG bring NOM together into DAT, ERG bring NOM into contact with INST> moita [v1] be joined, be together; touch, be in contact (with), be adjacent (to); consist of, be composed

of, be formed from (the combination of). < NOM be joined together, NOM touch/be adjacent to INST, LOC consist of NOM> ampe mota [v3] agree, come to an agreement, achieve consensus. ampe motats [n] agreement, consensus, shared opinion, collective decision. ampe moita [v1] agree, be in agreement, be of the same mind, have the same opinion. hete mota [v3] bring together, assemble, collect together (from different places). kele moita [v1] touch, be touching, be adjacent, be in contact (with each other). *lhahe* mota [v3] reach (each other), come together, meet (by stretching/extending, e.g., branches of trees). lyhme mota [v3] stick together, glue together. *milhte mota* [v3] mix together, combine (with a circular motion); twist together. **sohi** milhte mota [v3] twist rope, make rope. solhe mota [v3] throw together, toss together; pile up, throw into a (jumbled) pile; mix together quickly and carelessly. *tiause mota* [v3] fall in, collapse (in on oneself). *tlule mota* [v3] push together, press together, squeeze together; knead.

motanalh [n] starfish.

moteun [n] meeting place, junction, point of contact.

mots [n] frog; toad.

mouta [v1] be sick, ill, unwell. mouhta [v2] get/make sick. <NOM get sick, ERG make NOM sick> moutats [n] sickness, illness, disease. heluku mouta [v1] have a cold, be sick with a cold. hekulu mouhta [v3] get a cold, come down with a cold. hintsypalu mouta [v1] have pneumonia. nykalu mouta [v1] be allergic, have an allergy. nykalu mouhta [v3] have an allergic reaction; be allergic to. <NOM be allergic to ERG>

moutoma [v2] tend to get sick; be frail, be infirm, have a poor constitution; be unhealthy, unhygienic. <NOM tend to get sick, ERG be unhealthy>

mpehis [n] the next (one(s)), the following (one(s)), subsequent (one(s)). empehisna [a] (the) next time. mpehis eket, mpehis nket [n] every other (one).

mpehkai [n] first, the first (one(s)), the primary (one(s)). empehkaina [a] first, for the first time. mpekam [n] the last (one(s)), the previous (one(s)), the preceding (one(s)), the most recent (one(s)). empekamna [a] last, the last time,

previously, most recently.

mpekunte [n] the last (ones(s)), the final (one(s)),

the ultimate (one(s)).

mpeteuna [v3] rank, put in an order/sequence, arrange in order, organize into a hierarchy or numerical order; prioritize. <ERG rank DAT, ERG put DAT in order> mpeteune [n] order, ranking, hierarchy.

mpetio [n] mushroom (esp. an edible mushroom).mpetionia [v2] forage for mushrooms, gather mushrooms.

mpetsan [n] number, numeral; rank, position (in an ordering or sequence).

mpyka [v3] bump, knock (against), run into, collide accidentally with. <NOM bump against/into DAT, ERG knock NOM against DAT, ERG knock (on) DAT with NOM/INST>

mu [a] enough, sufficiently.

muelha [v2] sleep. muelhe [n] sleep, period of sleep. muelhta [v2] fall asleep, go to sleep. tsan muelha [v2] get (oneself) some sleep.

muelhona [v1] be drowsy sleepy; have the urge
to sleep. <LOC be drowsy> muelhone, muelhonats [n] drowsiness, the urge to sleep.

muha [v1] be enough, suffice, be sufficient; have enough, be well-supplied. <NOM be enough, INST have enough (of) NOM> amuhohta [v1] be more than sufficient, exceed what is required; be plentiful. muhampa [v2] do enough; satisfy, satiate, give enough. <NOM satisfy ALL (with respect to NOM), ERG satiate INST> muhe [n] enough, a sufficient amount (of) (quantifies mass nouns). suken muha [v1] be a sufficient amount of time/room, be time enough, be room enough; have (enough) time, have (enough) room. <there is (enough) time/room for ALL, INST have (enough) time/room for NOM>

muhpi [a] enough, sufficiently, to a sufficient degree. emuhpi [a] enough, for enough time, for a sufficient amount of time. lau muhpi [a] enough, sufficiently, to a great enough extent; far enough.

muhte [n] enough, a sufficient number (of) (quantifies count nouns). emuhtena [a] often enough; in enough cases. kamuhteme, kamuhtei [a] enough times (in a row); enough, sufficiently.

muka [v2] close, shut; end, conclude, finish, complete; (p.t. fire) go out; put out, extinguish.
<NOM close/go out, ERG close/put out NOM>
moika [v1] be closed, shut; be over, finished, complete(d); (p.t. fire) be out, extinguished.
hauat muka [v2] put out a fire, extinguish a fire. heulhte muka [v2] pull closed, close by

pulling. hompe muka [v2] force closed (by pushing hard); (p.t. fire) smother. kani muka na [v2] shut up!, be quiet!, shut your mouth! kantse muka [v2] force closed (by pulling hard). lyhme muka [v2] seal up, seal shut. tlynke muka [v2] push closed, close by pushing.

mul [n] (piece of) cloth, fabric.

mulhe [a] always, constantly, all the time (usu. modifies stative verbs).

mulhta [v3] (see: mutla).

mun [p] do you think, is it your opinion that...? (question particle, used to elicit the addressee's personal opinion or subjective assessment).

muna [n] burrow, warren, (underground) lair.

munta [v1] be drunk. munteta [v3] get drunk. minap munta [v1] be very drunk (lit. drunk [in one's] marrow). tasle aitsip emunta [v1] be exceedingly drunk (lit. drunk as a wet wasp).

muoha [v1] be whole, complete, in one piece.
muohe [n] all, the whole, a/the complete (one).
muohta [v3] become whole; complete, make whole; mend, fix, repair, reassemble, put back together (s.th. in pieces); unite, unify; reconcile.
NOM become whole, ERG fix/complete NOM, ERG reconcile with INST>

muohfa [v1] be thick, dense, heavy, concentrated (used of liquid or vapour, hair, or packed material); (p.t. colour) be bright, saturated; (p.t. food) be rich, savoury, intense; (p.t. precipiamuohfima [v2] thicken, tation) be heavy. become thicker/denser, become more concentrated; make thicker, reduce; brighten, deepen, blush, flush; enrich, add flavour to. muohfeta [v3] thicken, make/become thick: concentrate: brighten, make/become bright. akaile muohfa [v1] be humid, muggy. amahtle muohfa [v1] be rich, have a rich/intense flavour. luan muohfa [v1] have a thick head of hair; (p.t. animals) be furry, have a thick coat. **nalei muohfa** [v1] be brightly coloured. *pahti amuohfima* [v2] blush, become red in the face.

muohpi [a] completely, entirely, wholly, fully.
emuohpi [a] the whole time. hun emuohpi
[a] all night (long), (for) the whole night. lem
emuohpi [a] all day (long), (for) the whole day.
muohsot [n] apology, words of reconciliation.

muot [n] valley, dale.

mupatla [v3] put on, don (an article of clothing); clothe, dress, cover, drape; get dressed, clothe oneself in. <ERG put on NOM, ERG clothe/dress DAT in NOM, ERG get dressed> mupaitla [v1]

wear, have on, be dressed in, be clothed in. <LOC wear NOM> *mupatle* [n] (article of) clothing, clothes, dress. *mupatlemit* [n] set of clothes, outfit.

muta [v2] grow, develop, mature, evolve, become more complex; enrich, foster, elaborate (on).mutanen [n] (manner of) growth, development, evolution.

mutifa [v3] take off, remove (an article of clothing); undress. <ERG take off NOM, ERG undress DAT, ERG remove NOM from DAT> mutifampa [v2] get undressed. muteifa [v1] be naked, nude, undressed. <LOC be naked>

mutla [v1] be understood; be understandable, comprehensible; understand, comprehend, see, realize; be aware of. <NOM be understandable to LOC, LOC understand NOM> mulhta [v3] become understood; come to understand, realize; teach, show, cause to understand. <LOC come to understand NOM> mulhta [v3]

 \boldsymbol{mutu} [n] wall, fence, barrier.

myhuna [v2] purr, make a purring sound. myiouk [n] padding, cushioning.

na [n] he, she (3rd person animate ergative clitic).na [p] (imperative/optative particle).

 $n\dot{a}$ [n] water (esp. water for human use).

nafa [v2] hold, hold onto, grasp; embrace.

nahenia [v2] fetch water (from a stream or well).nahenie [n] water supply.

nahepa [v3] run one's hand(s) along/across; feel
the contours of; stroke. <ERG run one's hand
along/across INST>

nahiela [v2] row, paddle (a boat); handle (a boat).
naka [n] stone, rock, piece of stone; chunk, piece (when used with the name of a type of stone).
tonaka [n] boulder. ksohtilas naka [n] chunk of obsidian.

nakahta [v3] hit (with one's hands), punch, slap; knock (on). moikenaua nakahta [v3] punch, hit with one's fists. naua nakahta [v3] slap, hit with the palm of one's hand.

nakap [n] chance, luck, happenstance. nakapme [n(INST)] by chance, accidentally.

nakasta [v3] oppose, resist, fight, struggle against.
nakatia [v2] clap one's hands. nakatiota [v2] clap repeatedly, applaud. nakatiote, nakatiotats
[n] applause.

nakelha [v3] pick up (with one's hands). nakem [n] the back of one's hand.

naki [n] duck (esp. wood duck).

nakiha [v2] scoop up a handful of. nakihe [n] handful, scoop, clump (esp. of a granular substance).

naklana [v3] happen by chance, just happen to; end up, get into, find oneself (in a certain situation); it turns out that; lead to, bring about (unintentionally). <NOM happen to DAT by chance, DAT end up (experiencing) NOM, ERG bring about NOM by chance> naklanats [n] chance, luck, happenstance. naklane [n] chance occurrence, accident, unintended event. nyhim naklana [v3] get into trouble (inadvertently). <DAT get into trouble, ERG get DAT into trouble>

nakluha [v1] be old, worn, used. anakluhima [v2] age, wear out. nakluhats [n] age; use, wear and tear. nakluhta [v2] get old, become worn out.

nakol [n] handle, grip (of a knife or other tool), hilt (of a sword).

nakoma [v2] communicate using gestures; indicate, convey, express (an idea) using gestures or pantomime. nakome [n] gesture; concept or message communicated through gesture. nakomats [n] gesturing, pantomime.

nakopa [v2] point out, indicate, identify, pick out, draw attention to; recognize, acknowledge (with a gesture), salute.

nakpa [v2] carry, bear, hold, have in one's hands.
tem nakpauot, temie nakpauot [v3] hold hands.

nalaha [v2] let go of, release (from one's grip).

nalahta [v3] stick out one's hand, point; point out,
indicate. <ERG point at ALL, ERG point out ALL>

nalampa [v3] pass (from hand to hand), transfer
(from one person to the next). <ERG pass on NOM
to DAT>

nalei [n] colour, hue; pigment, paint, dye. patlenalei [n] paint. elhe nalei [n] dye.

nalh [n] arm (of a person); front leg, foreleg (of an animal).

nalha [v3] put in, place inside, insert (with one's hands); fit in, stick in; plant; sow. <ERG insert NOM into DAT, ERG plant NOM in DAT, ERG sow DAT with NOM/INST> nalhe [n] insertion; planting; newly-sown seeds. nailhanen [n] garden plot, bed, patch of ground in which something is planted.

nalhal [n] (pair of) arms; front legs, forelegs.

nalhanka [v3] mark, leave a mark with one's
hand/fingers. nalhanke [n] fingerprint(s).

nalhmet [n] elbow.

nalhpa [v2] (make a) gesture, gesticulate. <ERG gesture at ALL, ERG make a gesture of NOM> nalhpe, nalhpats [n] gesture, gesticulation.

nalhpà [n] upper arm, bicep.

nalhpatle [n] sleeve.

nalhul [n] lower arm, forearm.

nalla [v3] greet, wish (s.o.) well. <ERG greet DAT with/on the occasion of NOM> nalle [n] greeting, salutation; farewell; well-wishing, benediction. etskane nalla [v3] welcome, say hello to, greet upon arrival. mokte nalla [v3] welcome (s.o.) home. nkilhe nalla [v3] say farewell to, say good-bye to, see off.

nam [n] (type of) terrain, landscape, topography; land, country, region, zone.

nami [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person singular irrealis dative).

namo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person singular realis dative).

namota [v3] assemble, put together (from various parts); connect, join together, combine (by hand); build, construct. <ERG assemble/combine NOM into DAT, ERG assemble DAT out of NOM/ABL>

nampahai [n] wilderness, the wild.

nampyka [v3] make a rapping sound, knock on (with one's hand). <ERG knock on DAT> nampyke, nampykats [n] knock, knocking, rapping sound.

namuohta [v3] fix, repair, mend (by hand); complete, make whole; (fig.) work, succeed, come off, pan out, be successful; succeed (at); make (s.th. work), create, accomplish, achieve, attain, pull off, bring about; win, prevail. <ERG fix NOM, DAT work/pan out, ERG attain/succeed at NOM, ERG make/accomplish DAT> namuoihtanen [n] accomplishment, achievement; creation. namuoihte [n] attainment; reward, winnings. namuohtats [n] repair; success, (act of) accomplishment. namuohtyipa [v3] be possible, feasible, doable, workable; be attainable.

nan [n] he, him; she, her; this (one), that (one) (3rd singular animate nominative pronoun and demonstrative).

nana [v2] let, leave, allow, permit; leave (s.o.) alone, let be, not interfere with; spare, save.

nanika [v2] try, attempt (to do or use s.th.); try out, test, experiment (with). nanikota [v2] practice; keep trying; test repeatedly. nanikotats [n] practice, exercise, drill.

naniokta [v3] put back, replace, return, hand back,

pass back, give back. <ERG hand NOM back to DAT>

nankilha [v3] give away, get rid of; remove, put away, put out of sight/reach; take away; pass on, hand off. <ERG take NOM away from ABL, ERG give NOM away to DAT, ERG hand NOM off to DAT>

nantsemin [n] landscape, terrain, geography.

nantsemoi [n] map, chart.

nanufa [v3] take out, remove, extract (by hand);
pluck; harvest (from the ground). <ERG remove
NOM from (inside) DAT>

nanyipa [v2] handle, manipulate, wield, use (with one's hands), operate (by hand). nanyipe [n] hand tool, implement, instrument.

napatla [v3] cover, conceal, block (s.th.) with one's
hands, put one's hands over, put one's hands in
front of. <ERG cover DAT>

napè [n] daughter (esp. the daughter of a woman).napesa [v2] brush with one's hand; strum (a stringed instrument).

napeta [v2] grab, grasp, take hold of; pick up with one's hands.

napiha [v2] feel, reach (out), search (with one's hands). <ERG feel for ALL>

nasa [v1] be strong. anasima [v2] strengthen, get/make stronger, fortify. nasampa [v2] exert oneself, use one's strength; do (s.th.) by force. nasats [n] strength.

nasehta [v3] hand on, pass on; hand over, turn
(s.th.) over to; give out, dispense. <ERG hand
NOM over to DAT>

nasimampe [n] handiwork, craft.

naslola [v3] grab (in a bunch), take a handful.
<ERG take a handful of NOM> nasloilanen [n] bunch, handful, as much as one can grab in a single hand.

nata [v3] hand, pass, give (by hand); (p.t. food)
serve; feed. <ERG hand/serve NOM to DAT, ERG
feed DAT with/on NOM> nate [n] serving; feed.

natafa [v3] show/demonstrate using gestures or pantomime. natafats [n] pantomime.

natak [n] blow. natakme [n(INST)] forcefully, by hitting. natak ehtsanme [n] in one blow, with a single blow.

natatana [v3] hand out/around, give out, dispense, distribute; circulate (by hand).

nateka [v2] get, go and get, fetch, gather, collect (in/with one's hands); pick up, take, grab; pick, choose, select, take up (i.e., identify s.th. as one's choice by grabbing or picking it up); (p.t. plants) pick, harvest. *nateke* [n] pick, choice, selection; harvest.

nateuna [v3] touch with one's hand(s), put/lay
one's hand(s) on; put down, set down (s.th. which
one has been holding or carrying). <ERG touch
DAT, ERG put NOM down on DAT>

natiausa [v2] drop, let go of (allowing to fall).

natifa [v3] take off, remove (by hand); strip, peel;
pick, pluck; harvest. <ERG remove NOM from
DAT, ERG peel/strip NOM off of DAT> natifampa
[v2] gather, harvest, bring in (a crop).

natilha [v2] be clumsy (with one's hands); handle clumsily, fumble with, have difficulty manipulating.

natiyisa [v2] lift (with one's hands), pick up, hold up (in one's hands).

natliku [n] noxious or irritating substance, irritant. tiokin natliku [n] poison, toxin, venom, deadly substance.

natlisa [v3] hand over, hand across; pass (e.g., food across a table); transfer, transmit (by hand).

natluha [v3] press down (on), hold down, pin (with one's hands/arms).

natlula [v3] pound, hammer (with one's fist), beat, throttle.

natlynka [v2] push (against) with one's hands.

natui [n] pestle.

natupa [v2] crawl on one's hands and knees.

naua [n] palm (of the hand); sole (of the foot); paw. nauatia [v2] gesture towards, point towards, indicate; hold out, offer; show, display. <ERG gesture towards ALL, ERG hold NOM out to DAT>

nauma [n] cougar, mountain lion, puma.

nauosta [v3] shape by hand; work (a material) with one's hands. nauostats, nauoistanen [n] handiwork.

nauot [n] cup, vessel (for drinking out of). tilasnauot [n] (drinking) glass.

nauotla [v2] separate, take apart, disassemble (by hand).

ne [n] he, him; she, her (3rd person animate nominative clitic).

 \boldsymbol{ne} [p] (interrogative particle; contracts to $\boldsymbol{-n}$ after a vowel).

nefi [n] fern (esp. western sword fern).

nehka [v1] moult, shed skin/scales (used of reptiles). <ABL moult> nehta [v2] move suddenly, move quickly, jump, jerk; be startled; startle, upset. <NOM move suddenly, ERG jerk NOM, ERG startle LOC> nehtota [v2] fidget.

neile [n] sheep, mountain goat.

nek [n] scales; skin (of a fish, reptile, or amphibian).

nelha [v3] forbid, prohibit, disallow; deny, say no.
<ERG forbid NOM, ERG forbid DAT from NOM,</p>
ERG deny NOM to DAT> neilha [v1] be forbidden, prohibited, disallowed, taboo. neilhe [n] forbidden thing, taboo.

nem [p] (speech act particle used to mark a sentence as expressing a suggestion).

nemot [n] all, all of them, they all; all of the (animate). hen nemot [n] both, both of them, they both; both of the (animate).

nenta [v3] scout, take one's bearings, examine one's surroundings; find (s.th. which one has been hunting for), locate, seek out, identify the location of. <ERG scout, ERG locate DAT> nentyipa [v3] be available, accessible, reachable, locatable; be able to find/locate. inie nenta [v3] scout, scan; sight, catch sight of, locate (by sight).

nepatla [v3] paint, cover/coat with paint. <ERG
paint DAT with NOM> nepaitla [v1] be painted,
be covered with paint. <LOC be painted in/with
NOM> nepatle, nepaitle [n] paint, pigment.
sane nepatla [v3] paint (s.th.) red.

nesap [n] question.

nesapa [v3] ask. <ERG ask DAT NOM> nesapampa
[v2] question, interrogate, ask questions (of).
<ERG interrogate INST>

ni [n] to him, to her (3rd person animate irrealis dative clitic).

nial [n] blade; sword; machete. kinial [n] dagger. nialhule [n] sheath, scabbard.

nialonka [n] (northern) pintail duck.

niama [v1] be sacred, holy, venerable; revere, venerate, hold sacred, recognize as sacred. <NOM be sacred, ALL revere NOM> niamampa [v2] be hallowed, be venerated; do (s.th.) sacred, participate in a sacred act; bless, hallow, sanctify, make sacred; venerate, treat as sacred. <NOM be venerated, ERG do NOM (s.th. sacred), ERG hallow NOM, ERG treat NOM as sacred>

niepa [v3] be available; offer (up), present, provide, make available; offer (to do s.th.), propose, suggest.
NOM be available, ERG offer NOM to DAT>
niepe [n] offer, offering, suggestion.

niha [v3] witness, experience, be exposed to; show,

demonstrate, expose, give (s.o.) the experience of. <DAT witness NOM, ERG show NOM to DAT> neiha [v1] be experienced, familiar. <ALL be experienced/familiar with NOM> nihal [n] witness. nihanen [n] experience.

nika [v2] try, attempt; sample.

niku [n] perch (fish).

nila [v2] change, shift, undergo steady or constant change; (p.t. time) pass, seem to pass (at a certain rate); experience the passage of time. <NOM change, ERG change NOM, ALL experience time passing> kiote nila [v2] change quickly; seem to pass quickly. <NOM change quickly, time seems to pass quickly for ALL> nilats [n] (the experience of) steady or constant change; the passage of time; (subjective) time, the sensation of time passing.

nilu [n] net.

nima [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person singular ergative).

nima [v2] go/travel from place to place, wander, move around; be nomadic. nimaka [n] wanderer, itinerant, nomad. nime [n] wandering(s), travel(s).

nimia [v2] suffer, be made to suffer, agonize. <NOM suffer, ERG cause NOM to suffer>

nimutok [n] golden eagle.

nin [n] they, them; these (ones), those (ones) (3rd plural animate nominative pronoun and demonstrative).

niò [n] eight. niohka [n] eighth (ordinal). niohtla [n] (one) eighth (fraction). eniohna [a] eight times. eniohkana [a] for the eighth time. kaniò [n] eight-part (thing); eight times; group of eight. kaniohme, kanioi [a] eight times (in a row); eightfold, by a factor of eight.

niohpatam [n] eighteen. niohpatanka [n] eighteenth.

niok [a] back, again, once more (indicates a return to a previous state of affairs).

niokakiel [n] reflection, image; projection.

niokalau [n] return, way back. niokalauna [n(LOC)] on the way back.

niokaule [n] echo, reverberation.

niokepa [v3] head back, turn back, turn around, go back the way one came; retreat, withdraw; lead back. <NOM head back towards ALL, NOM head back along INST (path), ERG lead NOM back towards ALL>

niokila [v3] reflect, mirror. <ERG reflect NOM to
DAT>

niokilon [n] mirror, reflective surface.

niokoipa [v1] be familiar; remember (a person or thing), recognize. <NOM be familiar, LOC remember NOM> niokoihta [v3] (come to) remember, recognize, recall, realize who (s.o.) is; remind.

niokoitsan [n] ghost, phantom, spectre; vision or apparition of a human form.

niokona [v1] be remembered, recalled, in memory; be clear, distinct (in one's mind); remember, recall, have in one's memory. <LOC remember NOM> niokonampa [v2] be reminiscent of, call to mind, remind, cause to remember. <ERG be reminiscent of NOM> niokone, niokonats [n] memory. niokonta [v3] (come/begin to) remember, recall, bring to mind; remind. <LOC remember NOM, ERG remind LOC (of) NOM>

niokonoma [v3] be memorable, noteworthy; have a good memory. <NOM be memorable, LOC have a good memory>

nioksot [n] answer, response, reply, retort.

niokta [v3] return, go/come back; put back, take/bring back, return, replace; redo, do again, do over; resume, begin again, take up again.
<nom return to dat, erg take nom back to dat> nioikta [v1] be back, returned. inie niokta [v3] look back at, return someone's gaze; turn one's attention back to, resume looking at, take another look at. <erg look back at dat/all> laste niokta [v3] send back, return; resend, send again. ois niokta [v3] replace, put (s.th.) back in its place. tiause niokta [v3] fall back down.

nioktunka [v2] react, respond, acknowledge. <ERG react to ALL> nioktunke [n] reaction, response.
niolh [n] land, country, region, territory.

nisa [v2] arise, come up (for consideration or discussion), come to one's attention; bring up, consider; think about, give attention to, give thought to; talk about, discuss, go over. <NOM come up, ERG bring up NOM, ERG give thought to ALL> neise, neisanen [n] topic, subject (brought up for consideration or discussion).

nisoma [v2] be interesting, be of interest; be interested, take interest in, be concerned with, be devoted to; mention or think about frequently.
NOM be of interest to ALL, ERG take an interest in NOM> nisome [n] topic/object of interest.
nisomats [n] interest, concern, attention.

nitlka [v3] sting, inject with venom. <ERG sting DAT> nitlke [n] sting, stinger.

niuka [v2] grunt, snort. niuke, niukats [n] grunt,

grunting sound, snort.

nket [n] each, every, each of them, they each; each of the (animate). hen nket [n] both, both of them, they both, the two of them each (animate). nketu [n] crab.

nkilha [v3] leave, depart, go away, disappear; remove, put away; get rid of, dispose of, dispense with. <NOM leave (from) ABL, NOM go away to DAT, ERG put away NOM> nkilhuhka [v3] get away, escape, manage to leave; get rid of, manage to remove. < NOM get away from ABL, ERG get rid of NOM> nkulha [v1] be gone, absent, nkulhota [v2] stay away, avoid; keep away. hete nkilha [v3] take away, carry away, remove. iante nkilha [v3] jump away, jump aside. kiompe nkilha [v3] run away, flee, disappear quickly. **kutsumpe** nkilha [v3] back away. solhe nkilha [v3] throw away, toss away/aside, discard. tlynke nkilha [v3] push away, push aside; (fig.) reject. **kulampiou nkulha** [v1] be out of sight, beyond the range of one's vision. ulampiou nkulha [v1] be out of earshot.

nkima [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person inclusive ergative).

nkime [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person inclusive irrealis dative).

nkimo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person inclusive realis dative).

nko [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + second person ergative).

nkue [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + second person irrealis dative).

nkulha [v1] (see: nkilha).

nkulhona [v1] be missed; miss, feel the loss or absence of. <LOC miss NOM>

nkuo [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + second person realis dative).

nkuta [v3] hit, beat (with a heavy blunt instrument), club, bludgeon. <ERG hit DAT with NOM/INST>

 $m{no}$ [n] to him, to her (3rd person realis dative clitic). $m{nohtsune}$ [n] earlobe.

nohtuma [v1] be deaf, hard of hearing. anohtumima [v2] lose (some of) one's hearing. nohtunta [v2] deafen, make deaf; become deaf.

nohtumu [n] deafness, trouble hearing, inability to hear (well). nohtumu koin [n] deaf person.

noksu [n] sturgeon.

nol [n] ear.

nolal [n] (pair of) ears.

nole [n] respect, esteem, admiration.

nolhina [n] earring.

nolho [n] muscle.

nolna [v1] be respected, admired, esteemed; respect, admire, hold in esteem. <ALL respect NOM>

noni [n] quail.

nonta [v3] learn (completely), grasp; master, become skilled, become proficient. <DAT learn NOM, DAT become skilled in NOM> nointa [v1] be learned, skilled, proficient; be an expert, be a master (of). <LOC be learned in NOM> nointanen [n] master, expert, learned person; teacher, scholar. nointats [n] skill, proficiency, expertise. nointe [n] (acquired) skill, learning; lore, accumulated knowledge. nontahpa [v3] study, train in, seek to master. nontats [n] mastery, training.

ntahò [n] misery; despair, hopelessness, lack of courage or resolve.

ntasiku [n] oyster.

ntielà [n] dolphin, porpoise.

ntsa [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person exclusive ergative).

ntsamà [n] nothing, none.

ntsamalh [n] no time, no point. ntsamalhna [n(LOC)] never, in no case, at no point, on no occasion.

ntse [p] not (negative focus particle). eima ntse
[p] not yet, still not. husu ntse [p] not even.
tiefu ntse [p] only not, just not; except (for).
ntseima [a] no longer, no more, not any more.

ntsemi [a] never.

ntsemiai [a] not so, not very; nohow.

 $ntsemi\grave{e}$ [n] nowhere.

ntsemifoi [a] never (in the future), nevermore, never again.

 $\boldsymbol{ntsemihka}$ [a] never (in the past), never before.

ntsemilhkoua [n(ALL)] for no purpose, to no avail; there's no purpose (for X), there's no point (in doing X), it's useless (to do X).

ntsemiò [n] no-one, nobody, none (animate).

ntsemitunke [a] nohow, in no way, by no means; there's no way (to do X).

ntsi [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person exclusive irrealis dative).

ntsilas [p] not only, not merely, not just (focus particle). $ntsilas\ X\ husu\ Y$ [p] not only X but also Y.

ntsit [n] tin.

ntso [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate nominative + first person exclusive realis dative).

ntsohkina [c/p] nor, and not, also not; not including, except for; (as a focus particle) neither, not even, not including.

ntsu [c] nor, and not. $ntsu \ X \ ntsu \ Y$, $ntsu \ X$ $ntsohkina \ Y$ [c] neither X nor Y.

ntsoke [a] not going to (future tense marker used in negative clauses).

ntsune [p] no, not so (used in answering questions in the negative); not, not in fact (focus particle expressing emphatic negation). ntsune eskuke
[e] no thank you.

ntsunehiots [n] disagreement; argument, dispute. ntsuta [a] not yet; not already.

ntsymiohpa [a] for no reason; there's no reason why.

ntsyntsa [v2] buzz, hum, murmur, make a buzzing sound. ntsyntse [n] buzz, buzzing sound, hum, murmur.

ntyla [n] dough.

nufa [v3] take out, remove (from inside), extract, draw out; draw (water from a well). <ERG remove NOM from (inside of) DAT> hake nufa [v3] scrape out. heulhte nufa [v3] pull out, pull up, extract by pulling, draw (water). hinkepe nufa [v3] disembowel, gut, remove the entrails from. keto nufa [v3] debone, remove the bones from. lihke nufa [v3] cut out, remove/extract by cutting. otse nufa [v3] dig up, unearth; dig out. seuki nufa [v3] weed, remove weeds from (a garden plot). siume nufa [v3] suck out, extract by sucking.

nuha [v1] be cold. <NOM be cold, ALL feel cold, LOC have a chill> anuhima [v2] chill, cool (down), get/make colder. minap nuha [v1] be chilled to the bone, cold through and through.

nuhkunu [n] water source, water supply; (large) well; reservoir.

nukana [v1] be dangerous, perilous, dire; be formidable, intimidating, terrible, mighty, grim.

nulha [v3] result in, develop into, lead to; trigger, bring about. <NOM result in DAT, ERG bring about DAT, ERG develop NOM into DAT> noilha
[v1] be the result of, be a consequence of, have as a consequence. <LOC be the result of NOM, LOC have NOM as a consequence> nulhal [n] result(s), outcome; consequences; development.

nulhut [n] cold, cold weather, low temperature(s).numa [n] wild rose.

numpa [v3] mash, grind, pound, make into (mush).
<ERG mash NOM into DAT> numpal [n] mush, coarse meal; porridge. numpe [n] pestle,

grinder. $ahotsin\ numpal\ [n]$ corn mush, cornmeal, polenta. $kepehots\ numpal\ [n]$ acorn mush.

nuta [v2] be idle, not in use; keep idle; be free, not busy. <NOM be idle (not in use), ERG be idle (not busy), ERG keep NOM idle>

nyfe [n] nest.

nyhim [n] trouble, difficulty, problems.

nyhui [n] surface (of a body of water); (permeable) membrane, barrier, tissue. nyhui lul [n] under (the) water, below the surface (of a body of water).

nyhuilan [n] waterline; water level; edge (of a body of water).

nyhuitsike [n] water skater.

nyipa [v2] use, employ; work, operate. <ERG use NOM for ALL> nyipanen [n] use; function, purpose/reason for which something is used. nyipe [n] tool, instrument, implement, device. kinyipe [n] toy, plaything. nyipuhka [v2] succeed in using, get (s.th.) to work.

nykal [n] allergy; allergic reaction.

oha [v1] be about, concern, pertain to, be concerned with, have to do with. <NOM be about ALL> ohanen [n] topic, subject matter, content.

ohe [n] more, a greater amount (of); the most, the greatest amount (of) (quantifies mass nouns). ki-hohe [n] a bit more, a little more. tohohe [n] much more, a lot more, a good deal more. ntse ohe [n] not more; no more, not any more.

ohila [v1] be healthy, hale, fit, robust, in good shape; be pretty, handsome, attractive.

ohiyna [v1] be sad, unhappy, cheerless, dreary, mournful; be unfortunate, tragic; be sad, unhappy. <NOM be sad/dreary, LOC feel sad about NOM> ohiynampa [v2] sadden, depress, inspire unhappiness. ohiynta [v3] sadden, (cause to) become unhappy, depress.

ohka [v1] be dear, cherished, beloved; love, cherish, hold dear. <NOM be dear, ALL love NOM>

ohkina [c/p] and, also, as well as, in addition to, including; (as a focus particle) also, even, including.

ohkutia [v1] be accurate.

ohpe [n] reason, rationale, motive, motivation. ohpeu [n(ABL)] because (of), on account of; for the sake of.

ohpi [a] more, more so, to a greater degree. iohpi[a] for longer. kihohpi [a] a bit more, somewhat

more. tohohpi [a] a lot more, quite a bit more, to a much greater degree. $lau\ ohpi$ [a] farther; more, to a greater extent.

ohsak [n] flesh, pulp (of a fruit or plant), raw vegetable matter; flesh (of an animal), uncooked meat.

ohta [v2] (see: opa).

ohtla [v1] resemble, be like, be similar to. <NOM resemble ALL> akiel ohtla [v1] look like, resemble. aluhtse ohtla [v1] smell like. aule ohtla [v1] sound like.

ohtlutsin [n] scarring, scar tissue.

ohui [n] (piece of) fruit, berry.

ohuinà [n] juice.

ohuinia [v2] gather berries or wild fruit.

oise [n] bee. oisemit [n] swarm of bees.

oisemon [n] hummingbird.

oita [v1] be important, be significant, matter.

oitekan [n] importance, significance, worth, value.
oka [n] community, society; people, tribe, cultural group, ethnicity.

okapa [n] member of a community, member of a tribe or cultural group.

oke [a] in the future, by and by; going to (marks future events).

okemehkemit [n] the future (esp. the foreseeable future), future events, what will happen.

okfa [v1] be wanted, desired. <NOM be wanted, LOC want NOM> okfe, okfats [n] want, desire. auokfohta [v1] be preferred, be (the) favourite; prefer, would rather. <LOC prefer NOM> euokfohte [n] favourite; preference.

okita [v2] isolate, cut off, separate. <ERG isolate NOM from ABL>

okla [v2] be hidden, in hiding; be secret; hide, conceal, have/keep hidden. okle [n] hidden object, secret; cache. okleta [v2] go into hiding; hide (away), secrete, stow away.

oklen [n] hiding place, hideout; seclusion, refuge. okonakiel [n] (visual) sign, token, indication, evi-

dence (of a property or condition); characteristic appearance; symptom.

okoni [n] quality, value, degree, level of intensity; tone; mood, condition, disposition; character, characteristic(s), aspect, feature, property, attribute. akiel okoni [n] appearance, looks, visual characteristic(s). aule okoni [n] sound quality, tone, timbre. lohan okoni [n] voice quality; tone of voice, inflection, intonation. nalei okoni [n] hue, shade, colour value. pahti okoni [n] complexion.

okuto [n] edible root, root vegetable; tuber.

ola [v3] come within earshot; hear, catch the sound of. <DAT hear NOM> ula [v1] be audible; it sounds like; hear, be able to hear, have within earshot. <ALL hear NOM> euola [v1] sound, have the sound of, have an X sound. ufatl ola [v3] mishear.

olh [p] there, over there, yonder, that (away from speaker and addressee; deictic particle).

olhempa [v3] pass (by) there, go through there, go that way (via a location away from the speaker and addressee, or a previously-mentioned location).

olhuta [v3] go/come away from there, leave there; bring/take away from there (a location away from the speaker and addressee, or previously mentioned).

oloma [v1] be easily heard, audible, clear, distinct;(p.t. voices) project, be powerful.

olua [v2] turn around, rotate, pivot.

omuti [n] opossum.

onakan [n] wisdom, learning.

onakpa [v2] be wise, learned.

ontia [v2] bounce.

opa [v1] believe, think, suppose, guess, speculate.
<LOC believe NOM> ope [n] belief, supposition, guess. ohta [v2] come to believe; convince, cause to believe. <LOC come to believe NOM, ERG convince LOC of/that NOM> eihte opa [v1] be right, get it right, guess correctly; believe/think the right thing. tsuon opa [v1] overestimate. ufatl opa [v1] be wrong, guess wrong, believe incorrectly.

osek [n] mouse (esp. field mouse).

oson [n] the planet Jupiter.

otakiloiha [n] paternal granddaughter (or other female relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otakilu [n] paternal grandchild (or other relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otakilukal [n] paternal grandson (or other male relative of one's grandchildren's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otalihpa [n] paternal female cousin, half-sister (daughter of one's father or father's brother, or other female relative of one's generation belonging to one's patrilineal clan).

otamili [n] paternal aunt (father's sister, or other female relative of one's parents' generation who belongs to the same patrilineal clan).

otana [n] patrilineal clan; patrilineage, paternal ancestry (in the Okuna bilineal kinship system, the clan affiliation inherited from one's father, serving a largely ceremonial function).

otanai [n] child (of a man); paternal niece/nephew (relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otanakame [n] paternal relative; paternal cousin (relative, esp. of one's own generation, belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otanalhol [n] patrilineal relative(s).

otanapè [n] daughter (of a man); paternal niece (or other female relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

otasuhpa [n] paternal male cousin, half-brother (son of one's father or father's brother, or other male relative of one's generation belonging to one's patrilineal clan).

otatien [n] son (of a man); paternal nephew (or other male relative of one's children's generation belonging to the same patrilineal clan).

ote [n] earth, soil, dirt; fertile/arable land.

otelhal [n] hole dug for burying something; place where something is buried; grave, burial, burial plot. kihotelhal [n] hole dug for planting seeds.
otieun [n] garden plot.

otime [n] fallen leaves; litter, straw or other plant material covering the ground.

otla [v3] come apart, break apart; separate (from); take apart; break up, separate, disband, disperse. <NOM separate from ABL, ERG take NOM apart, ERG separate NOM from ABL> oitla [v1] be apart, separated; be broken up, in pieces. ampe otla [v3] differ, disagree, have a difference of opinion. ehse otla [v3] tear apart, rip to pieces, shred; tear off, rip off. heulhte otla [v3] pull apart, pull to pieces. *iante otla* [v3] jump apart, spring away from (each other). kantse otla [v3] pry apart. lau otla [v3] part ways, go separate ways (after traveling together). < NOM part ways (from ABL)> lihke otla [v3] cut apart, dismember; cut off, cut away, remove by cutting. <ERG cut NOM apart, ERG cut NOM off of ABL> kiompe otla [v3] run away (from each other), disperse quickly, scatter. **solhe otla** [v3] cast away, throw in different directions (as when searching frantically for something), scatter, disperse (by throwing). *tiause otla* [v3] fall apart, fall down, collapse into pieces.

otlen [n] gap, empty space, point of separation; hole, opening; cleft. otsa [v3] dig. <ERG dig NOM (dirt, sand, or other substance), ERG dig DAT (a hole) in LOC> oit-sanen [n] dug hole, (water) well.

otsena [v1] be likely, probable; it is likely (that). $ot\grave{u}$ [n] hole.

otuhko [n] cave. tohotuhko [n] cavern.

otuhpa [v3] make a hole in, breach. <ERG make a hole in DAT>

otupa [v2] decide (on); settle; judge; choose, select.
otupahpa [v2] deliberate (on), try to decide; consider, evaluate, think about, ponder, ruminate (on).

otupam [n] potato.

otusu [n] paternal uncle (father's brother, or other male relative of one's parents' generation belonging to one's patrilineal clan).

oukuta [v1] be bothersome, worrying, of concern; be bothered, worried, concerned. <NOM bother ALL, ALL be worried about NOM>

ouna [n] bear (esp. American black bear). ki-houna [n] bear cub.

pahai [n] area beyond; (as a noun modifier) wild (thing), feral (animal). pahaina [n(LOC)] beyond; except (for), apart from, besides, above and beyond.

pahaipa [n] foreigner, outsider, alien; outlandish person.

pahal [n] cousin (or other relative of one's own generation) who is unrelated by clan; step-sibling, sister/brother-in-law (if belonging to different clans).

pahetsa [v3] say clearly. pahetsampa [v2] speak clearly; be articulate; be clear, explicit.

pahiem [n] overcast sky.

pahite [n] bow (of a ship).

pahkite [n] pace, stride (as an approximate unit of measure).

pahola [v3] hear clearly. <DAT hear NOM clearly>pahoila [v1] be easy to hear, clearly audible; be clear, crisp, distinct, sharp.

pahona [v1] be well known; know well, know a lot about, be proficient in, be well versed in, be an expert in. <NOM be well known, LOC know NOM well> pahonanen [n] expert; expertise, proficiency. pahone [n] area of expertise, subject about which one knows a great deal.

pahta [v2] lead, rule, direct, govern, administer.
pahtaka [n] leader, ruler, chief. pahtanen [n] rule, administration, governance, leadership; of-

fice, position of authority; government.

pahti [n] texture, consistency; complexion, visage, appearance; (degree of) clarity.

pahulhpa [n] shelter.

pai [n] songbird, warbler, passerine.

pak [n] step; stride, pace.

paka [v2] step, take a step. pake [n] step (in a sequence), stage, turn. pakemit [n] (series of) steps; stair(s); path marked by steps. pakota [v2] go step by step, move one step at a time; follow a series of steps, follow a procedure; do step by step, do in stages; do in sequence. <ERG go step by step, ERG do NOM step by step> pakotame [n(INST)] step by step. pakotats [n] sequence; procedure, series of steps. lampesot pakota [v2] follow instructions, follow directions.

pakanta [v1] loom, tower. <NOM loom over ALL>
pakaule [n] (sound of) footsteps, tread.

pakehis [n] planet.

paken [n] step; stepping stone.

pakila [v3] become clear, become easy to see, come into focus; see clearly; show clearly, show carefully/thoroughly. <NOM become clear, DAT see NOM clearly, ERG show NOM carefully to DAT> pakeila [v1] be easy to see, clearly visible; be sharp, vivid, in focus, easy to make out; be clear, plain, obvious, evident.

paklampe [n] (series of) tracks; trail, path, track.
hastin paklampe [n] deer track.

paklima [v2] begin, start, commence (used of journeys, stories, or other events which involve following a path); embark, set off, set out; originate, lead away (used of a path or course).
NOM begin, ERG begin NOM, ERG set out for ALL, INST lead away from ABL> paklimanen [n] start, beginning, beginning point (of a journey, path/route, or story).

pakon [n] bridge.

paksona [v2] take care of, tend (to), care for, manage; watch over, protect, guard; develop, enrich; raise, bring up, grow, cultivate, propagate, breed. paksonaka [n] care-giver, guardian, protector, manager, custodian. paksone [n] charge, ward, responsibility; person or thing that one cares for; (p.t. plants) crop, cultivar.

paksonen [n] garden; nursery.

pakuma [n] forehead, brow.

pakyipa [v2] hold up, support (e.g., a roof), keep from falling or collapsing.

pakyitsa [v3] tell (s.o.) everything there is to say about; explain clearly, explain thoroughly; give

a complete description of. <ERG tell DAT everything there is to say about ALL, ERG explain ALL clearly to DAT (by saying NOM)> pakyitsampa [v2] discuss thoroughly, say everything there is to say about; be thorough, comprehensive (in one's explanation). pakyitse [n] complete description, thorough discussion, comprehensive treatment.

pala [v2] catch, capture, trap; (p.t. disease) catch, come down with; afflict. <ERG capture NOM, ERG afflict NOM, NOM come down with ERG/INST> paila [v1] be caught, captured; be ill, afflicted, stricken. < NOM be caught in LOC, NOM be afflicted by INST (disease) > pale [n] quarry, prev. paile [n] catch, haul; (p.t. illness) patient, person afflicted. pailats [n] attack, affliction, bout of illness, sickness, condition. *hekiynna pala* [v2] (en)snare, catch in a snare. kakilhinme paila [v1] be rabid, infected with rabies. nykalme pala [v2] have an allergic attack, have a serious allergic reaction. **statlna** pala [v2] trap, catch in a trap. **uante pala** [v2] catch in a net; catch with a harpoon. *haukie pailats* [n] coughing fit. hinkepe pailats [n] indigestion; intestinal gas. **ksiame pailats** [n] sneezing fit.

palahta [n] tree.

palan [n] yard, courtyard.

palhi [n] (solid) ground, (dry) land, terra firma; surface of the earth; level ground; floor, bottom (of a forest or valley). palhina [n(LOC)] on the ground; on land, ashore. palhi lul [n] underground, below the surface. loka palhi [n] forest floor.

palhilà [n] ground cover, undergrowth.

 ${\it palhinam}$ [n] lowland(s), bottom land(s), river bottom.

palhta [v3] land, alight (i.e., move from the water or air to the land); go/come ashore, run aground; touch down. pailhta [v1] be landed, grounded; (p.t. a boat or aquatic animal) be ashore, be on dry land; (p.t. a bird or other flying animal) sit, roost, be perched. tolomuats palhta [v3] wash up on shore. tupe palhta, tumpake palhta [v3] wade ashore.

palhten [n] landing; pier, dock, mooring; perch,
roost, resting place. topalhten [n] port.

palu [n] village, small settlement.

palul [n] underside, bottom (lowest point/area on the exterior surface of an object); belly, abdomen (of a four-legged or crawling animal). palulna [n(LOC)] under, below, beneath, on the underside of; on one's belly. palyipmit [n] forest canopy.

pama [v1] be large, massive, expansive, take up room; (fig.) be grand, impressive.

pamasot [n] speech, address, oration; argument, rhetoric, discourse.

pamoikem [n] headland, promontory.

pamutla [v1] be well understood, be completely
understood. <NOM be well understood, LOC understand NOM completely>

pana [v1] be simple, plain, unadorned.

pankalu [n] kitchen.

pankauat [n] cooking fire.

pankoto [n] cooking pot.

pasehta [v3] go/come before, precede; go in front,lead the way. <NOM precede ABL> pasehtemit[n] vanguard.

pata [v1] be tall.

patla [v3] cover, coat; put on. <ERG cover DAT
 with NOM, ERG put NOM on DAT (to cover it)>
 paitla [v1] cover; be covered, be coated, have
 (s.th.) all over. <NOM cover LOC, LOC be covered
 with NOM> patle [n] coat, coating, covering. ho hits paitla [v1] be dusty. kilhi paitla [v1] be
 hairy, be covered with hair. myiouk patla [v3]
 pad (the outside of), cover/protect with padding.
 nalei patla [v3] paint, cover/coat with paint.
 nalei patle [n] (coat) of paint. pite paitla,
 tsyho paitla [v1] be dirty, grimy, filthy. tipe
 paitla [v1] be detailed, elaborate; be ornate, covered with decorations.

pato [n] heel.

patoilha [v1] stand in front, be foremost, be (in)
first (place). <NOM stand in front of ABL> patoilhanen [n] forefront.

patsihfa [v1] be bare, clear(ed), uncovered, unfilled, empty (used of horizontal surfaces such as tables and shelves).

paua [v2] wash, bathe, clean (with water). pauats[n] wash, washing.

pauekul [n] wash basin.

paulon [n] (wash) tub.

paumul [n] washcloth.

peha [v3] kiss. <ERG kiss DAT>

pehe [n] lips.

pehi [a] a little, a bit, somewhat, not very, to some degree, to some extent; partly, partially.

pek [n] patch (of colour). kipek [n] spot, speck.
topek [n] area, region (of colour).

pekait [n] rash, skin irritation.

peklha [v1] be crooked, askew, out of alignment, unbalanced; tilt, list to one side; (fig.) be uneasy,

disturbed, uncomfortable, ill-at-ease, tense, nervous, on edge. *peklhampa* [v2] be uneasy, tense, disturbed; disturb, be unnerving, be unsettling. <NOM be uneasy, ERG be unsettling, ERG disturb NOM> *peklheta* [v3] tilt, tip, (cause to) lean to one side, make/become crooked; (cause to) become uneasy, lose one's composure; unnerve.

pella [v2] get in the way, interfere with. pellaka
[n] obstacle, obstruction. pellats [n] interference, being in the way.

penta [v1] be safe, secure, out of harm's way.

pesa [v2] sweep, brush. hakuima pesa [v2] brush, clean/groom with a brush. tolu pesa [v2] sweep with a broom.

peta [v2] take (hold of), grasp; pick up; get, fetch.
petahpa [v2] reach for, grasp at, try to take; attempt to pick up. petats [n] grip, grasp, hold.
hitsle peta [v2] take by trickery, cheat. <ERG cheat ABL out of NOM> kilhte peta [v2] bite down on, grasp in/with one's teeth.

peteun [n] handle, grip; place where s.th. is grasped.

peuta [v2] wait; bide one's time. <ERG wait for
ALL> peute [n] wait, vigil; waiting period. inie
peuta [v2] watch out, keep an eye out, keep a
look out (for). <ERG keep an eye out for ALL>
inie peutaka [n] lookout, watch(er), guard, sentry. nolal peuta [v2] listen (for).

peutalh [n] wait, waiting time; break; time, interval, period (esp. of inactivity).

peutoma [v2] be patient, willing to wait; be watchful, vigilant.

pi [p] maybe, perhaps, possibly (evidential particle used to express uncertainty).

piat [n] arrow, dart.

piau [n] top, summit, peak, pinnacle, highest point, zenith. kipiau [n] tip, point, end.

piauta [v3] go to the top, go to the highest point, reach the summit; land on top (of), alight on; put/place on top. <NOM go to the top of DAT, ERG put NOM on top of DAT> piaueta [v1] sit/stand atop, be perched on top (of), be at the summit; (p.t. the sun/moon) be at its highest point in the sky, be at the zenith; be directly overhead. <NOM sit atop LOC>

piha [v2] follow, go/come after, come behind (in a sequence or procession); be next (in line), come next, be subsequent to. <NOM follow ALL> pihe [n] follower.

pihta [v1] be dirty, grimy, filthy.

pikia [v3] feel a stabbing or spasmic pain, have a

cramp. <DAT feel a stabbing pain in NOM, ERG cause DAT to feel a stabbing pain in NOM> pikiats [n] stabbing pain, (painful) cramp, spasm. tsankasu pikiats [n] stitch in one's side.

pila [n] bird. pilamit [n] flock of birds. kipila [n] small bird; hatchling.

pima [n] stuff, material (with which something is filled, or out of which something is made); contents; ingredients.

pinai [n] chile pepper.

piohta [v2] mock, make fun of. <ERG make fun of
ALL> piohte, piohtats [n] mockery.

pite [n] dirt (adhering to an object), grime, crud, filth.

piyla [v2] slither, crawl on one's belly.

poha [v1] be fat, corpulent.

pohua [v2] burst, rupture. <NOM burst, ERG burst NOM>

pokiolh [n] blister (caused by burning).

pokot [n] turtle, tortoise.

poku [n] stomach, belly, abdomen.

popinai [n] large mild chile pepper.

poso [n] grebe.

posteihe [n] blister (caused by friction/rubbing).

pota [n] ball; sphere.

psyta [v2] spit out.

puhetlka [v2] spill (out), overflow. <NOM spill from ABL, ERG spill NOM from ABL>

puhtla [v3] overturn, capsize, upset, turn/fall over
 (spilling one's contents). <DAT overturn, ERG
 overturn DAT with/using NOM/INST> mpyke
 puhtla [v2] knock over.

puita [v2] ride (an animal or bicycle). puite [n] mount.

pune [n] bean, pea, legume.

puniaka [v3] travel, go on a trip/journey. <ERG travel to DAT> puniake, puniakats [n] journey, trip, voyage; travel. puniakaka [n] traveller. puniakakamit [n] travelling party. puniakta [v3] set out, embark (on a journey). kielna puniaka [v3] dream, have a dream.

puol [n] boat, canoe. topuol [n] large boat, ship.
pusuka [v3] make, create, produce, build; combine, assemble (out of parts or ingredients); prepare.
<ERG make DAT out of NOM/ABL, ERG make NOM into DAT> pusoika [v1] be made, created, prepared; consist (of), be composed (of). <LOC be made out of NOM> pusukal, pusoikanen [n] creation, artifact, product; preparation; creature. pusuke [n] material(s), ingredient(s). sati pusuka [v3] make/prepare a meal, cook. so-

nana pusuka [v3] bake.

pyi [n] child; offspring (of a woman). pyimit [n] (one's) children, offspring (taken collectively).

pyihats [n] childhood, youth. pyihatsme
[n(INST)] as a child, during childhood. pyihatsna [n(LOC)] in (one's) childhood, in (one's)
youth, when (one) was a child.

pyna [v3] put, place (on the end/tip of something);
put (s.th.) on one's hands or feet. <ERG put NOM
 on DAT> pyina [v1] wear (s.th.) on one's hands
 or feet. <LOC wear NOM>

pynalh [n] test, examination, experiment, evaluation.

sa [n] we (1st plural exclusive ergative clitic).

saha [v2] pursue, go after, follow (with the intention of catching up to). <NOM pursue ALL> iante saha [v2] jump after; jump out at, leap out at, pounce on, spring on (with the intent of catching); ambush. kiompe saha [v2] chase, pursue, run after. lhahe saha [v2] reach out towards, reach for, try to touch/grasp; stretch (s.th.) out to. <NOM reach towards ALL, ERG reach NOM towards ALL> solhe saha [v2] throw at, lob towards (with the intention of hitting).

sahi [n] patch, cluster, stand (i.e., area where many plants of the same type are growing). ipoi sahi
[n] blackberry patch. palahta sahi [n] grove of trees; orchard.

sahontu [n] condor.

sahta [v1] be fierce, fearsome, dangerous.

saila [v3] strike, attack, force oneself upon; catch; prey upon. <ERG strike DAT> sailal, saielanen
[n] victim; prey, quarry. sailampa [v2] be hostile, violent; use force. <ERG use force against ALL> sailampe [n] force, violence. sailampats
[n] hostility; violence, use of force.

sak [n] fuel; sustenance.

saka [v2] be courageous, be a courageous act, be bravely done; be brave, courageous, valiant, heroic; do (s.th.) bravely, act with courage, do (s.th.) out of courage. <NOM be a courageous act, ERG be brave, ERG do NOM bravely> sakaka [n] hero. sake [n] act of courage, act of bravery, heroic act. sakats [n] bravery, courage, heroism.

sakan [n] wagon, cart (or other wheeled vehicle).
sakelha [v2] digest (food).

saket [n] each of us, every one of us, we each (1st plural exclusive).

sakit [n] crumb, bit, particle of food.

saklà [n] edible plant; vegetable.

sako [n] larva, grub; maggot.

sakohmi [n] spouse, husband, wife.

sakpa [v3] feed (a fire), stoke, fuel, add fuel to, supply fuel for. <ERG feed DAT with NOM>

salha [v3] lie down (esp. from a standing position);
lay down, put to bed/sleep. <NOM lie down on</p>
DAT, ERG lay NOM down on DAT> sailha [v1] lie
(down), be lying, be prone.

salhka [v2] bleed, shed blood; cause to bleed. <ABL bleed, ERG bleed ABL> salhke [n] blood, bleeding, bloodshed. haukie salhka [v2] cough up blood.

salia [v2] wave, flap, flutter; move (s.th.) back and forth; gesticulate. <NOM wave, ERG wave/move NOM, ERG gesticulate> salie [n] flag, banner, pennant. tem salie [n] gesture, gesticulation.

salo [n] plum.

salota [n] stuff, material, substance.

sama [v1] be cool enough to touch (used of food, metal, pottery, or other objects which have been heated). asamima [v2] cool down, make/get cooler (after cooking/firing). santa [v3] cool off, make/become cool enough to touch.

 \boldsymbol{samot} [n] all of us, we all (1st plural exclusive).

sampekmon [n] red-winged blackbird.

san [n] blood (substance).

sanaloi [n] the planet Mars.

sane [n] red (thing).

sanekam [n] cedar (esp. western red cedar).

saniahki [n] hemorrhage.

saninie [n] rage, fury.

sankepaut [n] vein; artery.

sanki [n] bronze.

sankits [n] rust; oxidation; red earth or dust.

sankohui [n] salmonberry.

sanokuto [n] carrot.

sapa [v3] tidy up, neaten; groom. <ERG tidy up DAT using NOM/INST> saipa [v1] be tidy, neat, in order; be well-groomed. mikema sapa [v3] comb one's hair.

sasa [v3] meet, find (without prior arrangement or intention), encounter, come across/upon, run across, discover. <DAT meet NOM> sasats [n] meeting, encounter.

saskihin [a] right away, immediately, directly.

sat [n] we, us (1st plural exclusive nominative pronoun).

sata [v2] think of, conceive of, imagine, come up with (an idea); propose, suggest. <ERG think of NOM> sate [n] thought, idea, concept; proposal,

suggestion.

sati [n] meal; dinner, midday meal; food, dish.
kisati [n] light meal, snack; lunch. tosati [n] large meal; feast, banquet.

satimith [n] course (in a meal).

satla [n] roof; shelter, covering. kisatla [n] lean-to, canopy (or other temporary shelter); tent.

satlakol [n] pillar, column, (vertical) roof support. **se** [n] we, us (1st plural exclusive nominative clitic).

sefa [v3] feel (on/with one's skin). <DAT feel NOM> seifa [v1] (be able to) feel (on/with one's skin); touch, be touching, be in contact with. <LOC feel NOM> eseifa [v1] feel (to the touch), have the feel/texture of, have an X texture.

sehta [v3] go/come forward, go/come forth, proced; come out, emerge, appear, come into view; go ahead, go on, continue, keep going; go in front, precede; bring/take forward, bring/take out, produce, show, display; resume, start again, take up again. <NOM go forward to DAT, NOM emerge from ABL, NOM precede ABL, ERG bring NOM forward (to DAT) > eliampi sehta [e] good-bye, farewell, bon voyage (lit. '[may you] go forth easily'). hompe sehta [v3] lunge (forward). inie sehta [v3] look forward, look ahead; (fig.) anticipate. <ERG anticipate ALL> kuma sehta [v3] face forward, face front. laste sehta [v3] send forth, send out. tale sehta [v3] continue reading; resume reading.

sehtona [v1] be foreseen, envisioned, anticipated; foresee, envision, anticipate, have foresight of.
<all predict NOM> sehtonta [v2] predict, envision, have a premonition of. sehtonats [n] foresight, prediction, prophecy; anticipation. sehtone [n] prediction, premonition, forethought, vision of the future.

seima [v1] be sweet.

sekit [n] rat.

seku [n] fish or amphibian eggs, spawn, roe.

sekui [n] shrike.

selem [n] conifer, fir, pine tree.

seleu [n] catkin.

semu [n] skin, hide; covering; bark; peel.

semuka [v1] peel, shed one's skin/bark. <ABL shed skin> semuke [n] shed skin/bark.

sena [v3] hang, suspend; hang up. <ERG hang NOM
from/on DAT> suna [v1] hang, be hanging, be
suspended. <NOM hang from LOC/ABL>

senin [n] curtain, wall hanging.

sepa [v2] drink, imbibe, consume (liquid); inhale, breathe in (smoke or fumes). tete sepa [v2] lap,

lick up.

sepe [n] drink, beverage.

sepyi [n] some, a few (quantifies over count nouns).
esepyina [a] sometimes, occasionally, now and then, from time to time. kasepyime, kasepyie
[a] a few times (in a row); a little, a bit, by a small degree.

sesina [v1] be colourful.

sete [n] reed; tule, sedge (or similar water plant).

setenam [n] marsh, wetland(s), fen, bog.

setla [v2] be rash, act rashly, take drastic measures; do (s.th.) in a rash manner.

setspa [v3] get stuck, get lodged, get bogged down
 (in mud, water, snow, sand, etc.), sink into; stick,
 lodge. <NOM get stuck in DAT, ERG stick NOM
 into DAT> seitspa [v1] be stuck, lodged. <NOM
 be stuck in LOC>

seuki [n] weed; inedible or non-useful plant.

si [n] to us (1st plural exclusive irrealis dative clitic).

sì [n] stream, current, flow; running water.

siafa [v2] rub; polish, buff.

sial [n] breast; nipple.

sialie [n] (pair of) breasts; (pair of) nipples.

sialoi [n] entrance, opening, way in.

siaua [v2] be gentle, be very careful, do (s.th.) gently; handle gently or delicately, handle/treat with care. <ERG be gentle (with NOM), ERG do/handle NOM gently>

siehat [n] lightning.

siehka [v1] shit, defecate; excrete, pass droppings. <ERG/ABL defecate> siehke [n] excrement; droppings, dung.

siehpa [v3] write, inscribe, transcribe. <ERG write
DAT with/using NOM/INST> siehpe [n] pen,
writing instrument. sieihpanen [n] writing(s),
document, written record, composition.

siekona [v1] feel the urge to defecate. <LOC feel
the urge to defecate>

sieksihin [n] diarrhea.

siem [n] sky, heaven; weather.

siemalh [n] season, time of year; the weather associated with a particular time of year.

siemlai [n] daylight, natural light; bright sky.

siemlan [n] horizon (line).

siempahti [n] weather, weather conditions; atmosphere.

sieni [n] sock(s), stocking(s).

sifa [v2] whistle; chirp, tweet. sife [n] whistle, whistling, chirping, tweeting (sound).

sifoi [a] from now on, as of now, starting now, from

this point on. $esihpi \ sifoi$ [a] for now, for a while.

siha [v1] flow, run (p.t. liquids), be in liquid form.
sihta [v3] melt, liquify, turn to liquid. etle siha
[v1] have a runny nose.

sihafa [v3] go/travel downstream; take downstream. <NOM go downstream, ERG take NOM downstream>

sihafaut [n] downstream, direction in which a stream flows.

sihauat [n] flame.

sihilal [n] river bank, riverside, area beside a creek or river. sihilalna [n(LOC)] by/beside the river.
sihimpailats [n] (bout of) dysentery.

sihin [n] flow, flux; outflow, discharge.

sihita [v3] go/come (down) to the (nearest) stream or river; bring/take (down) to the (nearest) stream or river.

sihitaut [n] direction of the (nearest) stream or river; area closer to the (nearest) stream or river. sihitauta [n(ALL)] towards the river, in the direction of the river.

sihka [a] up to now, until now (but no longer), just now, until just recently (used of a state of affairs which held in the past but has now ended).

sihkasout [n] upstream, direction opposite that in which a stream flows.

sihkasta [v3] go/travel against the current, go/travel upstream; bring/take upstream. <NOM go upstream, ERG take NOM upstream> puite sihkasta [v3] travel upstream (by boat).

sihkiuo [n] whirlpool, eddy, vortex.

sihkumuten [n] the opposite side/bank of a stream or river.

sihkunu [n] flowing water; stream, (large) creek, (small) river. kisihkunu [n] creek, brook, small stream. tosihkunu [n] (large) river.

sihmoteun [n] confluence, place where two streams or rivers come together, place where one stream flows into another.

sihpa [v2] swim.

sihsan [n] blood flow, bloodstream, circulation of blood.

sihtsilpe [n] tributary. sihtsilpemit [n] watershed, drainage basin.

sihtsipin [n] source of a river or stream, headwaters.

sihuanten [n] mouth of a river.

sika [v2] be clever, wily, shrewd, cunning; do/act with an ulterior motive; trick, play a trick on; be tricky, treacherous; deceive. <ERG be clever,</p>

ERG do NOM with an ulterior motive, ERG trick DAT by means of NOM> sikaka [n] trickster, deceiver. sikats [n] cleverness, shrewdness, cunning; trickery; treachery. sike [n] trick, act of cleverness/cunning.

sikà [p] until, up to, as far as, all the way to (emphatic particle, used after a noun phrase or dependent clause in the dative case). X su Y sikà [p] from X (all the way) to Y, (extending) between X and Y.

sikotl [n] claw, talon.

siku [n] hook.

sila [v1] be clear, straightforward, plain, obvious; be understandable, easy to understand, explicit; be easy to perceive. <NOM be clear, ALL understand/perceive NOM clearly> silta [v3] become clear; clarify, make clear, explain, elucidate. <NOM become clear, ERG explain NOM to DAT> aule sila [v1] be clear, easy to hear. <NOM be easy to hear, ALL hear NOM clearly>

silh [n] finger, digit. silhmit [n] (set of) fingers.
ahopiau silh [n] middle finger. kikoset silh [n] little finger, pinky. kunka silh [n] ring finger.
nakopanen silh [n] index finger.

silhakte [n] knuckle.

silhanka [v3] leave fingerprints, mark with one's finger(s). <ERG leave fingerprints on DAT> silhanke [n] fingerprints, marks made with one's finger(s).

silheketl [n] fingernail.

silhmet [n] finger joint.

silip [n] butterfly.

sima [v1] be subtle; be exquisite, fine, finely made; be carefully made or thought out. simampa [v2] be careful, take care; be thoughtful, mindful. sinta [v2] make, work, fashion with care or subtlety.

simu [n] concern, worry.

sinna [v1] be fragile, delicate; break easily.

sioku [n] balance, equilibrium; purpose, goal, end. siokuanen [n] bisexual person.

siokumilh [n] equinox. ihmet siokumilh [n] spring equinox. tiaulyip siokumilh [n] autumnal equinox.

siokuminta [n] ambiguity, double meaning.

siola [v2] slip, slide, skid. <NOM slide, ERG slide
NOM (on NOM/INST)>

sioute [n] precipitation, weather conditions.

sipa [n] pants, trousers.

sipe [n] some, a little, a bit (quantifies mass nouns).sipia [v1] be colourful.

sisa [n] rattle.

sislianka [n] rattlesnake.

sistatl [n] fish trap.

sisuhen [n] spring, source (of a stream or river).

sita [v1] be quiet, soft (i.e., not loud); be still, calm, peaceful, relaxed, at rest. asitima [v2] get quieter; go down, lower (in volume); calm down, settle down, relax.

siufa [v1] be close, enclosed; be thick, dense, crowded, packed tightly together (used of forest, hair, bundled objects, etc.). tahkua siufa [v1] be tangled (up), be in tangles.

siufen [n] dense woods, thicket.

siulla [v2] curl, spiral.

siuma [v2] suck (up), absorb; suckle, nurse. <ERG suck up NOM, ERG suck on LOC> kisiumaka [n] suckling, nursing infant. siumats [n] sucking; suction; suckling, nursing.

siyhu [n] field, meadow, open space.

siyhupai [n] meadowlark.

skala [v3] remove, take away, eliminate, expunge, purge; lift (from); omit; relieve, absolve (of).
<ERG remove NOM from DAT, ERG relieve DAT of NOM> mehu skala [v3] forgive.

skimo [n] tadpole.

skoha [v2] steal. skohaka [n] thief.

sliahte [n] story, tale.

slol [n] pack, bag, knapsack; bundle. kislol [n] satchel. slolmit [n] baggage, kit, packed supplies. mosipe slol [n] backpack, shoulder bag.

slola [v3] bunch up, cluster together; gather (up), collect, assemble; bundle (together). <NOM cluster together, ERG gather NOM into DAT (a cluster or bundle)> sloilanen [n] bundle, bunch, cluster, group(ing). pete slola [v3] grab (in a bunch), take a handful. sò slola [v3] tie up, tie together (into a bundle).

sluka [v1] be distasteful, odious, repulsive, repugnant; be unpleasant, unappealing, unappetizing; be sickening, nauseating; repel, repulse; be sickened, nauseated, repulsed. <NOM be repulsive, ALL be repulsed by NOM>

so [n] to us (1st plural exclusive realis dative clitic).

sò [n] rope. kisò [n] thin rope, string. tahkua sò[n] knotted or tangled rope.

sofalua [v2] start over, start again, pick up again, resume talking (after stopping to correct oneself); rephrase, restate.

sofalue [p] that is, that is to say, in other words. sofo [n] flour.

soha [n] shell (i.e., hard, rigid shell, as of a mollusk

or turtle, or of a nut); protective case or covering; shield. **tosoha** [n] shield.

sohenia [v2] gather shellfish, harvest shellfish.

sohie [n] shellfish (specifically bivalve mollusk: oyster, mussel, etc.).

sohta [v3] say, utter, state (in terms of); articulate, express, put into words. <ERG say DAT with NOM (words), ERG state DAT in NOM terms> soihta [v1] be uttered, be in words, be verbal. sohte [n] utterance, statement; verbal expression; wording, phrasing, the words with which something is expressed. sohtal, soihtanen [n] speech, discourse, oration; idea(s) put into words, concept being articulated. ampe sohta [v3] voice one's opinion, express one's opinion. fasoun sohta [v3] brag, boast, be boastful. haio sohta [v3] whisper, say (s.th.) in a whisper. sile sohta [v3] say plainly, express clearly, put in simple terms.

sohtapin [n] argument, argumentation, chain of reasoning; discourse; poem.

soiahki [n] outburst, outpouring of emotion, blowup; verbal attack, rant, railing; harsh criticism, castigation, invective.

soialta [v2] claim, proclaim, lay claim to, declare; take on, take charge of, take responsibility for; take a vow, promise fidelity, pledge fealty to. soialtats [n] pledge, promise, oath of fealty, (wedding) vows.

sokala [v3] invite; encourage. <ERG invite DAT to
 (do) ALL>

sokasta [v2] argue, quarrel; disagree (with), oppose; dispute, speak against, argue against.
<ERG argue with INST about ALL, ERG argue against ALL> sokastats [n] arguing, dispute; disagreement, (vocal) opposition. sokaste [n] argument, quarrel, dispute.

sokastoma [v2] be argumentative, quarrelsome, disagreeable.

sokla [v3] attach, fasten, join. <ERG attach NOM
to DAT>

sokloha [v3] talk through, go over, discuss, brief (s.o.) on; describe, explain; instruct. <ERG talk NOM through INST, ERG describe INST to NOM>

sokoipa [v1] know by reputation, know of/about, have heard of. <LOC know NOM by reputation> sokoipats [n] reputation.

sokopa [v2] hail, call out to, shout out to, greet (esp. from a distance); recognize, show recognition of, acknowledge. <ERG call out to NOM> sokopats [n] hail, call, greeting; (fig.) recognition, acknowledgement. **sokumita** [v3] summon, call over; describe, present, invoke, conjure up (in words).

solahta [v3] mention, point out, refer to; inform (s.o.) of, let (s.o.) know about; remark on, comment on, observe. <ERG mention NOM to DAT>

solasta [v3] contact, get in touch with, send word, send news. <ERG send DAT word of/about NOM> solaste [n] news, tidings; message, word.

solatla [v3] dismiss, excuse, send away, tell (s.o.) to leave.

solau [n] advice, counsel.

solha [v2] throw, toss, cast, lob; scatter, disperse (by throwing).

solhila [v2] exaggerate.

solisma [v2] be insulting; insult, speak disrespectfully. <ERG insult ALL> **solisme** [n] insult.

solohka [v3] order, command, demand (that an action be performed). <ERG order DAT (to do) NOM, ERG demand NOM of DAT> solohke [n] order, command, demand.

solohkoma [v2] be bossy, pushy, authoritarian; be demanding.

somehka [v3] create, enact, call into being (by speaking); perform (a ritual formula or incantation); order; arrange, organize, administer.
<ERG create NOM> somehkaka [n] speaker, spokesperson; performer; boss, foreman, manager, overseer.

somita [v3] convince, persuade. <ERG convince
DAT of NOM>

somoita [v3] hear (tell), get news, receive word.
<DAT hear about ALL, DAT get news of ALL>
somoieta [v1] be known; know (about), have heard of, be aware of. <LOC know about ALL>
somoiete [n] word, news, tidings, report; knowledge, information, intelligence. somoietemit [n] reputation; all that is known about a person or thing.

sona [n] oven. tosona [n] furnace.

soniha [v3] describe, talk about; convey, portray, depict (in words). <ERG describe NOM to DAT, ERG talk to DAT about NOM>

soniokta [v3] answer, reply, respond. <ERG give an answer to DAT, ERG answer DAT with / by saying NOM> soniokte [n] answer, response, reply, retort.

sonka [v1] be surprising, amazing, marvelous; be remarkable, out of the ordinary; be surprised, amazed (at); wonder, marvel (at). <NOM be surprising to ALL, ALL be surprised (by/at) NOM> sonkampa [v2] surprise, amaze. sonketa [v2]

startle, surprise.

sonki [n] pig; boar.

sonkilha [v3] dismiss, send away, tell to leave; call off (a dog). <ERG dismiss NOM, ERG tell NOM to leave>

sosilta [v2] explain, clarify. <ERG explain NOM to ALL>

sot [n] word; words, speech, utterance. ihfoite sot[n] a private word, private conversation.

sota [v1] be thick, heavy, bulky, strong (used of paper, cloth, walls, and other flat objects and surfaces).

sotafa [v3] describe, explain, explicate; instruct.
<ERG describe NOM to DAT, ERG instruct DAT in
NOM>

soteuna [v3] claim, lay claim, make a claim, assert
the right to; reserve. <ERG claim DAT> soteune,
soteunal [n] claim.

sotilha [v2] have difficulty speaking, slur or fumble one's words.

sotiuhe [n] rule, law, commandment, injunction, directive.

sotoka [v3] correct, contradict (an erroneous statement or false impression), set (s.o.) straight; debunk (a fallacy). <ERG correct DAT, ERG set DAT straight about ALL>

sotsokua [v3] introduce.

sotuhfa [v2] make excuses. <ERG make excuses to ALL for ABL> sotuhfe [n] excuse(s), evasion.

sotuma [v3] refuse, say no. <ERG refuse NOM, ERG
say no to DAT about NOM>

sotupuats [n] syllable.

souata [v2] interrupt, cut off; silence, shut (s.o.) up, stop (s.o.) from talking.

souetin [n] trance; hypnosis.

souksipa [v2] dread, feel dread. <LOC dread ABL, ERG cause LOC to feel dread> souksipe, souksipats [n] dread, a feeling of dread.

soun [n] heart; (fig.) soul, life force; spirit, courage, bravery, boldness, fearlessness.

sounta [v1] be moving, sublime, emotional; be moved, be deeply affected, feel deeply. <NOM be moving, LOC be moved by nom> sountampa [v2] move, be moving, affect deeply, cause intense emotion; inspire, encourage, embolden, give courage. <ERG move LOC>

souokia [v3] orate, give a speech or oral performance; recite, repeat, perform (in words). <ERG recite DAT> souokial [n] speech, oratory, recital, spoken performance. souokie [n] words (of a performance), lines (of a spoken text).

souosta [v3] pronounce, produce, form (words, sounds); describe, depict, portray, characterize, represent (in words). <ERG pronounce NOM, ERG describe DAT in NOM (words)>

souta [v3] go into a trance; put in a trance, put under, hypnotize. **soueta** [v1] be in a trance.

stahka [v2] snap, crack, make a cracking sound.

statl [n] trap, vice (or other device for catching or holding in place). kistatl [n] lock; knot. sò kistatl [n] knot (in rope).

stiha [v2] cause friction; be abrasive, rough, harsh (in texture); rub roughly, rasp, chafe, scrape, irritate. <ERG be abrasive, ERG rub NOM> steiha [v1] be raw, chafed; be sore or irritated (due to rubbing). stihats [n] friction, rubbing; abrasion, chafing.

stoka [v3] destroy. <ERG destroy DAT with NOM/INST> **stokampa** [v2] be destructive.

stula [v1] be strange, odd, unusual. stulampa [v2] act strangely, behave in an unusual way.

su [c] or. su X su Y [c] either X or Y.

su [p] ever since, all the way from (emphatic particle, used after a noun phrase or dependent clause in the ablative case). X su Y (sikà) [p] from X to Y, between X and Y.

 $s\dot{u}$ [n] rain. $kise \ s\dot{u}$ [n] sleet.

suaha [v3] smear, spread, daub, rub. <ERG smear
NOM on DAT, ERG smear DAT with NOM/INST>
sufe [n] foam, froth; lather, suds.

sufia [v3] rise, surge (p.t. bodies of water, also fig.); rush in, flow in, surge forward; flood, overflow, overwhelm, inundate, deluge. sufie, sufiats [n] influx; rise, surge, rush; deluge; rising tide, flood tide.

suha [v3] go/come outside; go/come out, exit, leave, emerge (from an enclosed space); take out, lead out, carry out, remove. <NOM come out of ABL (to DAT), ERG take NOM out of ABL (to DAT)> soiha [v1] be out, be outside; be outdoors. suhuhka [v3] get out, escape, manage to leave. lhahe suha [v3] stretch out, reach out, extend out, stick out, protrude (from an enclosed space). pake suha [v3] step out (of). talhe suha [v3] climb (up) out of. tiause suha [v3] fall out, drop out; (p.t. liquids) pour out.

suhalau [n] exit, way out.

suhaloi [n] exit, way out, opening (to the outside).suhauat [n] ash, soot, char.

suhima [v2] breathe out, exhale; sigh. suhime [n] exhalation; sigh, sighing.

suhkuto [n] basis (for doing something); basics,

fundamentals.

suhona [v1] be forgotten; forget (not be able to remember). <LOC forget NOM> asuhonima [v1] fade from memory. suhonta [v2] become forgotten; forget, overlook (lose the memory of); cause to forget. <LOC forget NOM, ERG cause LOC to forget NOM>

suhonoma [v2] be forgetable; be forgetful, absentminded, have a tendency to forget things. <NOM be forgetable, LOC be forgetful>

suhpa [n] brother. kisuhpa [n] younger brother. tosuhpa [n] older brother.

suhpahats [n] brotherhood.

suhuikumats [n] waning gibbous moon.

suk [n] tooth. sukmit [n] set of teeth.

suka [v3] work, do work; operate, function; do, make, bring about, cause (to happen). < NOM work/function, ERG (do) work, ERG do NOM, ERG work on NOM, ERG make DAT from/using NOM> **sukahpa** [v3] try, undertake, set out to do/make. **sukahpe** [n] endeavour, undertaking, effort. **sukampa** [v2] work, do things, be active; function; be useful, usable, functional. <ERG be active, ERG work with INST, INST work/be useful> sukaka [n] worker. sukanen [n] means, wherewithal; position, situation, occupation. sukats [n] work, working, activity; action; function. suke [n] action, deed. sukihpa [v1] plan (a project), intend. <LOC plan NOM> sukihpats [n] plan. sukihpe [n] goal, intent, intention. **sukuhka** [v3] work, work out, succeed, be successful; accomplish, manage (to do s.th.); get (s.th.) to work. efos suka [v3] make trouble, cause trouble; be troublesome. eihte suka [v3] be right, do the right thing. fala suka [v3] celebrate, have a party. **heiku suka** [v3] do again, do over, repeat. ian suka [v3] do good, do well, do the right thing. **kaumei suka** [v3] make war, wage war. **kefis suka** [v3] threaten (by one's deeds). lulhe suka [v3] do wrong; do evil. nyhim suka [v3] make trouble, cause trouble. sonana suka [v3] bake, make in an oven. tsan suka [v3] work hard, be busy, be preoccupied. ufatl suka [v3] make a mistake, err, be wrong, do the wrong thing.

sukana [v3] be sudden, happen suddenly, happen abruptly; happen quickly; rush, hurry, be in a hurry; do (s.th.) suddenly or abruptly. <NOM be sudden, NOM happen suddenly to DAT, ERG rush, ERG do NOM to DAT suddenly>

sukehain [n] information; advice, counsel, set of

instructions for performing an action.

sukeihte [n] correct action, the right thing to do.
sukelia [v1] work, function, operate (smoothly or correctly).
sukeliampa [v2] be skillful, agile; work, operate, cause to function (correctly).

sukelhko [n] task, mission; motivation, purpose for doing something.

suken [n] time and place (in which to accomplish something); room; extent, measure, share, allotment (of resources, esp. time and/or space in which to perform a task); chance, opportunity.

sukiam [n] storm, rainstorm.

sukimla [v2] grin. sukimle [n] grin, grinning. suklut [n] job, task, undertaking; work.

sukoipa [v1] be forgotten, unrecognized; not remember, fail to recognize (a person or thing).
<LOC fail to recognize NOM> sukoihta [v3] forget (the identity of a person or thing); cause to forget. <LOC forget NOM, ERG cause LOC to forget NOM>

suku [n] wind. kisuku [n] breeze, light wind. tosuku [n] strong wind, heavy wind, gale.

sukufatl [n] mistake, error; the wrong thing to do.
sukuheut [n] north by northwest.

sukukiam [n] windstorm, gale.

sukuliout [n] windbreak.

sukuma [v1] be different, distinct; differ. <NOM be different from ABL> sukunta [v2] change, alter, transform, make/become different.

sukumampe [n] disagreement, dispute, difference of opinion.

sukumon [n] banner, flag, streamer, pennant; kite.sukuot [n] northwest (lit. wind direction; conventionally, 60 degrees west of true north).

sul [n] language, speech.

sulhta [v3] turn aside, turn away; (fig.) forsake, abandon. <NOM turn away from ABL, ERG turn NOM away from ABL> soilhta, kuma soilhta [v1] be facing away, be turned away (from). sulhtampa [v2] avoid; ignore, disregard, fail to acknowledge. <ERG avoid ABL> inie sulhta [v3] look away, look to one side.

sulipe [n] sap.

sumilh [n] time, period, season; phase, step, stage, development (in a process or procedure); chapter, episode (in a narrative); verse, stanza.

suna [v1] (see: sena).

sunkiyn [n] plumb-line.

sunta [v1] be silent, mute; not speak, not make noise. suntats [n] silence. sunteta [v1] be quiet, shut up, stop speaking; silence, stop from speaking. <NOM stop speaking, ERG silence NOM> suntaipanen [n] tapestry, wall covering.

suntiemoi [n] hanging moss.

suonu [n] horn (musical instrument).

supiha [v2] fall behind, lag behind, fail to keep up.
<NOM fall behind ALL, NOM fail to keep up with ALL> supihe [n] straggler.

sutaut [n] direction (from which s.th. is coming), where one is coming from, source, place/direction of origin; route, way, path (away from a source). suku sutaut [n] direction from which the wind is blowing.

sute [n] clay.

sutlka [v1] be spoiled, decayed, rotten, rancid, putrid, foul, bad; be degraded, debased. asutlkima [v2] decay, spoil, rot (become more spoiled); decompose; degrade. sutlkampa [v2] be vile, vicious; act with viciousness. sutlketa [v2] decay, spoil, rot, putrify; degrade, debase; ruin, make/become ruined. minapna sutlka [v1] be rotten to the core.

syha [v1] faint, swoon, pass out, lose consciousness.syiha [v1] be unconscious, passed out.

syhona [v1] feel faint, dizzy. <LOC feel faint>
syma [v2] mutter, mumble, murmur. syme [n]
muttering(s), mumbling(s).

syti [n] navel, belly button.

ta [n] it, that (3rd person inanimate ergative clitic).
tafa [v3] show, demonstrate; teach. <ERG show NOM to DAT> efos tafa [v3] teach (s.o.) a lesson (lit. show trouble). nole tafa [v3] show respect to.

taha [v3] kill (an animal for food). <ERG kill DAT with NOM/INST> tahaka [n] killer, hunter; predator, carnivore. tahal, taihanen [n] prey, quarry, catch; meat source. tahe [n] hunting weapon. lihke taha [v3] slaughter (for meat), kill with a knife. nitlke taha [v3] sting to death, paralyze. piat taha [v3] kill with a bow and arrow. tiku taha [v3] spear, harpoon, kill with a spear/harpoon.

taheiku [a] yet again, once more. heiku taheiku[a] again and again, over and over.

tahen [n] twenty. tahenka [n] twentieth (ordinal).
tahenka [v1] be delightful, very enjoyable, very pleasurable; like/enjoy very much, love, delight in, get a lot of pleasure from. <NOM be very enjoyable, ALL enjoy NOM very much>

tahfun [n] pitch, resin.

tahka [a] earlier, before (then), at an earlier point. etohampi tahka [a] long before, a long time before (then), quite a bit earlier. laisne tahka [a] just before (that).

tahkua [n] bramble(s), brush; dense growth, thicket; tangle, knot. kitahkua [n] tangle, knot. ipoi tahkua [n] blackberry bush(es). lihe kitahkua [n] cobweb(s).

tahkuste [n] example, instance, illustration, case in point; sample, selection. tahkuste aunme[a] for example, for instance.

tahoi [a] after (then/that), thereafter, afterwards, later on, at a later point, subsequently; after, in (preceded by a measure phrase in the instrumental case). etsipi tahoi [a] shortly thereafter, not long after, a bit later. laisne tahoi [a] just after, right afterwards, just then, immediately.

tahop [n] cliff.

tahoti [a] constantly, repeatedly, incessantly, always, all the time.

tahpa [v2] step back, step aside; get back, get out of the way, steer clear; miss, avoid. <NOM step back from ABL, ERG miss ABL, ERG steer NOM clear of ABL> taihpa [v1] be clear, out of the way; be off to one side.

tahuoi [n] one hundred and twenty ('twelfty'). estahuoi [n] one hundred and twenty-one.

taiehtà [n] sixty. taiehtauka [n] sixtieth (ordinal).taiehtautla [n] (one) sixtieth (fraction).

taiona [v1] be definite, sure, certain; know for sure, know for certain, be positive. <NOM be definite, LOC know NOM for certain> taionta [v2] confirm, make sure, make certain, verify, prove, validate. <LOC confirm NOM>

taka [v3] cut (into two or more pieces), cut through, sever. <ERG cut (up) DAT, ERG cut NOM into DAT (e.g., number/type of pieces)> helhtaim taka [v3] slice, cut into slices/slabs. hentlai taka, hentla hein taka [v3] cut in half; bisect. hetl hein taka [v3] cut in two. losak taka [v3] cut firewood.

takan [a] now, at this time. eima takan [a] still, even now. hulne takan [a] by now, by this time. laisne takan [a] just now, right now, at this moment, even now.

takel [n] harp.

takelu [n] seventy.

takia [v3] break (into pieces), snap (used of thin, usu. brittle objects such as sticks or bones).
<ERG break DAT with NOM/INST, ERG break NOM into DAT (number/type of pieces)> takeia

[v1] be broken. *hentlai takia*, *hentla hein takia* [v3] break in half. *hetl hein takia* [v3] break into two pieces. *nalh takeia* [v1] have a broken arm.

takian [n] fifty.

takioma [v1] be brittle, easily broken (used esp. of thin objects).

takis [n] name (of a place or object rather than a person), designation.

takita [v3] alight on, land on (a branch or other narrow surface). takeita [v1] perch, be perched, roost, balance, sit, crouch (on a narrow surface). takeitanen [n] perch, roost; nesting place.

taklan [n] copper.

takoipa [v1] be well-known; be widely known, famous; be well acquainted with. <NOM be well-known, ALL be well acquainted with NOM>

taksa [v2] be named X, be called X; go by X; call by X, refer to as X, address as X. <NOM be called X, ERG call NOM (by) X (X a name preceded by the quotative particle ia, or an adverbial such as miai 'how' or tlai 'thus')> takseta [v2] (begin to) call (s.o.) X, give (s.o.) the name X, dub, label. ku miai tàksan [e] what is your name? (lit. 'how are you called?').

takua [v1] be dark, unlit, give off no light (used of light sources, rather than objects reflecting light);
(p.t. sound) be low (in pitch). atakuema [v2] darken, dim, get darker; (p.t. fire) die down; (p.t. sound) fall, lower, go down (in pitch). takuta [v2] go dark; go out; put out, snuff, extinguish. takoita [v1] be darkened; be out, extinguished.

takuiste [n] solstice. halai takuiste [n] summer solstice. tuhsa takuiste [n] winter solstice.

takun [n] forty.

tala [v3] read; examine, peruse, scan; interpret.
<ERG read DAT>

talak [n] coin; money.

talakpa [v3] give/spend money; pay (for); buy, purchase. <ERG give money to DAT, ERG pay DAT for ALL with NOM (type of money), ERG buy ALL from DAT for NOM (amount of money), ERG spend money on ALL> talakpe [n] cost, price, fee, fare; type or amount of payment. talakpaka [n] buyer, purchaser, customer. talakpanen [n] purchase (object bought, or transaction).

taleilhkats [n] low tide.

talh [n] then, that time, that case, that occasion. talhme [n(INST)] meanwhile, during that time. talhna [n(LOC)] then, at that time, at that point, that's when; in that case; on that occasion. fene

talhna [n(LOC)] no earlier than that, not before (then). hulne talhna [n(LOC)] by then, no later than that.

talha [v2] climb (a sloping surface, such as a hill-side or stairway). <ERG climb (on) INST> talhe,
talhats [n] climb, climbing. talhanen [n] slope,
sloping surface.

talhalau [n] climbing path, trail leading up/down a hill or slope.

talhko [n] cause. talhkou [n(ABL)] because (of).

talhkuma [n] (gentle) slope, rise, incline; hillside.
talhpake [n] step, stair. talhpakemit [n] stairs, stairway; steps; path made in the side of a hill by cutting steps or placing stepping stones.

talo [n] chief, chieftain, lord, ruler

talohats [n] rule, reign; chiefdom, lordship, command, sovereignty.

taloniolh [n] chiefdom, dominion.

talpana [v3] cover; spread over, spread across, overrum. <NOM spread over DAT/INST, ERG spread NOM over DAT/INST> talpaina [v1] cover, be spread over. <NOM cover LOC/INST>

tam [n] ten. tanka [n] tenth (ordinal). tantla
[n] (one) tenth (fraction), tithe. etamna [a] ten times. etankana [a] for the tenth time. katam
[n] ten-part (thing); ten times; group of ten. kataim, katamme [a] ten times (in succession); tenfold, by a factor of ten.

tama [v1] be great, strong, mighty, powerful, formidable, impressive. <NOM be great, NOM impress ALL, ALL be impressed by NOM> tanta [v2] become powerful; empower, make strong. tamats [n] strength, greatness, impressiveness; power, might. nolho tama [v1] be muscular, well-muscled.

tamin [n] might, power.

tamne [a] often, frequently.

tampalhten [n] dock, pier.

tampe [n] mattress; bedroll.

tampemul [n] bedspread.

tan [n] it; this (one), that (one) (3rd singular inanimate nominative pronoun and demonstrative).

tana [v1] be connected, bound, affiliated. <NOM be connected to/with INST> tanats [n] bond, connection, affiliation.

tanata [v3] sell, vend. <ERG sell NOM to DAT>
tanataka [n] seller, vendor, merchant. tanate
[n] item for sale; ware(s), merchandise. tanatanen [n] sale, vending.

taniò [n] eighty.

tanko [n] bench; platform for seating built into the

wall of a room. *huiloi tanko* [n] window seat.

tanotl [n] unit of distance, equivalent to one hundred standard cubits (katlam), or about 55 meters.

tantsò [n] strap, band; belt; thong.

tanu [n] platform; porch, deck; stage. kitanu [n] ledge, small platform.

tapa [v3] weave. <ERG weave NOM into DAT, ERG weave DAT out of NOM/ABL> tape [n] yarn, thread, fibre, material used in weaving. taipanen [n] weaving, woven cloth, fabric, textile; rug; tapestry. lihe tapa [v3] spin a web. ulei tapa [v3] cast a spell, do/perform magic.

tapahain [n] loom.

tapin [n] weaving; web, mesh, net; lattice; network. mehke tapin [n] situation, state of affairs. nilu tapin [n] net, netting; network. tsuhke tapin [n] unfortunate situation or state of affairs, predicament, jam, quagmire; misfortune, spell of bad luck.

tapio [n] signal, alert, beacon.

tapu [n] pelvic region, lower abdomen, loins; groin, crotch, pubic area.

tapuketo [n] pelvis.

tapumul [n] loincloth, breechcloth.

tasalia [v2] expand, grow, take up room; spread out, stretch out, unfold.

tasalu [n] grease, oil.

tasi [n] liquid, fluid; nectar, sap.

taskuhe [n] curds.

tasla [v1] be wet. ataslima [v2] get wetter. tasleta [v3] wet, get wet. sù tasleta [v3] get rained on, get wet from the rain.

tasolh [n] sack, large bag.

tasonka [v1] be astounding, amazing, wondrous, marvelous, miraculous. <NOM be astounding to ALL, ALL be astounded by/at NOM> tasonkampa [v2] amaze, astound.

tasohta [v3] affirm, assure, reassure. <ERG affirm
DAT, ERG (re)assure ALL (about) DAT> tasohte
[n] affirmation; assurance, reassurance.

tasta [v2] melt, thaw, liquify. taste, taste ise [n] slush, slurry.

tasufeiats [n] high tide.

tat [p] of course, after all, as you know, naturally (evidential particle used to mark a sentence as expressing common knowledge). hiò tat [p] yes, of course. ntsune tat [p] of course not.

tata [n] dad, daddy, papa.

tatalhkou [n(ABL)] thus, therefore, for that reason, because of that.

tatana [v2] go around from place to place, wander (constantly), circulate; be in constant motion; be restless, prone to wander; take from place to place, show around. <NOM go around, ERG show/take NOM around> tatane [n] wanderer, vagabond. iante tatana [v2] jump around (from place to place). kielna tatana [v2] dream, have a dream. kiompe tatana [v2] run around (from place to place). solhe tatana [v2] toss around (a ball, etc.). uaste tatana [v2] fly around, fly in different directions.

tatasot [n] babbling, gibberish, nonsense.

tatasuke [n] superstition; irrational or compulsive behaviour.

tateiek [n] ninety. tateiehka [n] ninetieth.

tatsa [v3] throw, hurl, fire, shoot (a projectile); hit, bombard (with a projectile). <ERG throw NOM at DAT, ERG hit DAT with NOM/INST> tatsahpa [v3] shoot at, try to shoot. tatse [n] projectile, missile. tatsal [n] target. tiku tatsaka [n] spear thrower, harpoon thrower, atlatl.

tau [n] bow. tau ka piat [n] bow and arrow(s).
taualhme [n(INST)] still, anyway, even so, even if so, despite that, nevertheless, regardless.

tauehte [n] thirty.

tauelhu [n] one hundred and ten ('eleventy').

tauketo [n] rib. tauketomit [n] ribcage.

taukiyn [n] bowstring.

taula [v3] bend, bow, curve; turn up (the ends of), make into a bowl shape. <ERG bend NOM into DAT> huan taula [v2] smile ruefully. naua taula [v2] cup one's hand(s).

taulan [n] curve, bend; crescent.

tauoma [v1] be flexible, bendable, pliable, elastic, tensile; be lithe, supple, toned; be springy.

taus [n] spoon; ladle. totaus [n] ladle, serving spoon; cup with a handle.

te [p] only; it is (only) X that... (identificational focus particle).

teha [v2] stay, remain (behind), not leave; be left, remaining; leave, abandon; detain, keep from leaving. <nom stay, ERG leave/detain nom> tehe [n] the rest, the remainder, what's left (of) (combines with mass nouns). eliampi teha [e] good-bye, take care (said by someone taking his/her leave to someone staying behind; lit. '[may you] stay easily').

tehefoi [a] soon, shortly, presently, in a little while.tehehta [v2] disturb, rouse, arouse, cause to move/stir (esp. by touching).

tehempi [p] also, moreover, besides, in addition;

either.

tehian [n] (thin) rod, bar; rail, railing, bannister.

tehiankepaut [n] railroad, railway.

tehiantsakan [n] train.

tehihka [a] recently, lately, a little while ago, not long ago.

tehima [v2] breathe. *tehimats* [n] breathing, respiration. *tehime* [n] breath.

tehou [n] tail (of a bird, fish, or marine mammal). tehpa [v3] lick. <ERG lick DAT>

tehsua [v3] drain slowly; (fig.) dwindle, diminish, taper off, abate. <NOM drain slowly from DAT, ERG drain NOM slowly from DAT> tehsue [n] run-off. tehsuats [n] drainage.

tehsulau [n] drainage ditch; sewer, culvert; duct, pipe (for drainage).

tehsuon [n] drain (in a floor or basin).

tehta [v1] be light (weight; opposite of heavy); (p.t. liquid or vapour) be thin, diffuse, clear, diluted, weak, unconcentrated; (p.t. colour) be faded, pale, bleached, colourless; translucent; (fig.) be subtle. atehtima [v2] lighten, get lighter, lose weight; thin, get thinner, weaken, dissipate, make/become more diluted; fade, pale. tehteta [v3] lighten, become light; (make/become) thin, dilute; fade, bleach. amahtle tehta [v1] be bland, light, weak; have a subtle flavour. nalei tehta [v1] be faded, be light in colour; be pale, colourless, translucent. pahti tehta [v1] be pale (in the face).

tehte [n] the rest, the remainder, what's left (of); all the other, all the rest (combines with count nouns). etehtena [a] the rest of the time(s), at all other times.

tehyna [v3] move, convey; direct, steer, lead. <ERG
move NOM to DAT, ERG steer NOM towards ALL>

teiek [n] nine. teiehka [n] ninth (ordinal). teiektla [n] (one) ninth (fraction). eteiekna [a] nine times, in nine cases, on nine occasions. eteiehkana [a] for the ninth time. kateiek [n] nine-part (thing); nine times; group of nine. kateiekme, kateieik [a] nine times (in succession); ninefold, by a factor of nine.

teiekpatam [n] nineteen. teiekpatanka [n] nineteenth.

teihma [n] cake.

tein [n] part, segment, section, subdivision; compartment; chapter, episode. haskitsu tein [n] clove of garlic. koitsan tein [n] body part, organ. kutsmu tein [n] vertebra. tsenki tein [n] link in a chain.

teinta [v2] segment, divide into parts or sections; take apart, disassemble; dismember.

teka [v2] get, acquire, obtain; go and get, fetch; take; gather. *tekanen* [n] errand.

tekahpa [v3] put down; lower.

tekelha [v3] pick up; raise, put up. mine tekelha [v3] pick up on, hit upon, adopt, think up (an idea). pete tekelha [v3] pick up (quickly), grab, snatch up.

tekema [v3] hurt, injure; damage. <ERG hurt DAT with NOM, ERG use NOM to hurt DAT> tekeme
[n] hurt, injury, damage; object used to cause injury/damage.

telaum [n] pacific madrone, madrona, arbutus.

telhma [v2] be trusted, trustworthy; trust, put one's trust in, believe (in), have confidence in.
<NOM be trusted, ERG trust NOM> telhmats [n] trust, belief; confidence.

telhol [n] bereaved relative, surviving relative, relative of one who has died. telholmit [n] surviving family, family of one who has died. kamie telhol [n] orphan. kohmi telhol, sakohmi telhol [n] widow, widower. pyi telhol [n] parent who has lost a child.

teli [n] clitoris.

teltu [n] basalt (or similar igneous rock).

teluhtsa [v2] smell, sniff (at), inhale the scent of. tem [n] hand. temme [n(INST)] by hand.

temahtla [v2] taste, have a taste; try, sample (the flavour of), partake of.

temai [p] then, thus, consequently, in that case; now (indicates a sequential or causal relationship). husu temai [p] even then.

temel [n] cotton.

temie [n] (pair of) hands.

temieut [n] double handful, as much as can be carried in two hands.

temnaua [n] palm of the hand.

temokta [v3] adopt, take in, take custody of, make (s.o.) a member of one's immediate family. <ERG adopt NOM into DAT> temokte [n] adoptee, ward, relative by adoption. temoktats [n] adoption, custody.

temot [n] handful.

tempato [n] heel of the hand (part of the palm nearest the wrist).

tena [c] and. tena X tena Y [c] both X and Y. tene [n] hill.

teniokta [v3] return, put back, replace. <ERG return NOM to DAT>

tenka [v1] be inevitable, highly likely; (it's) bound

to be.

tenkite [n] fingertip.

tenkule [n] glove; mitten.

tenù [n] people, group of people (inherently plural collective noun).

tepa [n] thrush, western bluebird.

tepu [n] lid, cover (used to cover a pot or hole).

tesa [v1] (p.t. weather) be cool and pleasant, be temperate; (p.t. liquid, food, breeze) be cool and refreshing.

tesiaua [v2] be delicate; handle gently, handle with care; do (s.th.) gingerly. <NOM be delicate, ERG handle NOM with care>

tesiek [n] feces, shit, solid waste.

tesu [n] western hemlock.

tetam [n] stack, pile (of flat objects).

tete [n] tongue.

teuk [p] thus, therefore, hence.

teula [v2] listen to. teulahpa [v2] listen for. <ERG listen for ALL> ma pila iteula [e] I don't understand, I can't make it out, it's Greek to me (lit. 'I am listening to birds').

teuloma [v2] be attentive, be a good listener.

teuna [v3] put, put down, place (esp. on a horizontal or sloping surface). <ERG put NOM on DAT> teunal [n] place, location, site (where something is put). teunampa [v2] put down; put in place, put (s.th.) where it belongs; site, position, find a place for; hand out, distribute. *inie teuna* [v3] look (down) at, take a look at, turn one's attention to. itlas teuna [v3] make an observation, make a comment. myiouk teuna [v3] pad, cushion, put padding under. nesap teuna [v3] ask a question, put a question. <ERG ask DAT a question, ERG put a question to DAT> silh teuna [v3] touch, put one's finger(s) on. statl teuna [v3] set a trap. *talohats teuna* [v3] make (s.o.) into a chief, elect/appoint as chief, give the chieftainship to. tiyise teuna [v3] lift into place; lift onto. <ERG lift NOM onto DAT> tlynke teuna [v3] push into place.

teunen [n] location, site, place (where something is put).

teuohka [v3] be required, obligatory; make, require, force, compel. <NOM be required, ERG force DAT (to do) NOM, ERG force NOM on DAT> teuohke [n] compulsion, obligation, requirement.

teusu [p] very, greatly, quite; really, truly, certainly; well, thoroughly.

ti [n] to it, to that (3rd person inanimate irrealis

dative clitic).

tiaha [n] ash.

tiahafun [n] charcoal.

tiahpi [a] easily, with ease.

tiahte [n] paternal grandfather (father's father). totiahte [n] great-grandfather. totiahtemit [n] one's paternal ancestors; patrilineage.

tiako [n] goat. tiakomit [n] herd of goats.

tiala [v1] be decent, polite (behaviour), good manners; be honorable. tialampa [v2] act with decency; be polite, behave well, have good manners; do (s.th.) in a polite or well-mannered way; be respectful, show respect for oneself and others, act with dignity; be respectable, dignified; honour, do (s.th.) out of a sense of honour. tialampe, tialampats [n] politeness, behaving well; respect, dignity; honour; respectability. tialats [n] decency, politeness, good manners, good behaviour; that which is decent or honorable.

tiame [n] paternal grandmother (father's mother). tiam [n] kindness, consideration; helpfulness.

tianta [v3] put (s.th.) where it belongs, put (s.th.) in its proper place; fit into/onto (an appropriate place). <ERG put NOM where it belongs, ERG fit NOM into/onto DAT> tiainta [v1] fit, belong (in/with), complement; be fitting, suitable, right, appropriate. <NOM fit in LOC, NOM complement INST> tiantal, tiaintanen [n] the right/proper/suitable place (for s.th.), the place where (s.th.) belongs. tiantats [n] fit, fitness, appropriateness, suitability; belonging, being in the right place.

tianunta [e] thank you (lit. 'may [your] kindness come full circle'). tianunta hok [e] thank you very much.

tiapa [v1] be easy, simple; (p.t. physical objects) be easy to use or manipulate, be manageable; be well done/made, elegant, graceful. atiapima [v2] ease, get/make easier, become more manageable; loosen (esp. s.th. which is too tight).

tiauen [n] drop, drop-off (point); (edge of a) cliff, precipice, steep slope, embankment.

tiaulotsan [n] fallen tree, log.

tiaulyip [n] fall, autumn.

tiaun [n] if so, whether that's the case (heads indirect questions from which the verb has been elided). tiaunme [n(INST)] if so, in that case; given that.

tiausa [v2] fall (down), fall over, collapse; fell,
cause to fall (over); drop; (p.t. liquids) pour
(out). tiauesa [v1] be fallen, collapsed; (p.t. a

mouth) agape, slack, hanging open.

tiausoma [v2] be precarious, unsteady, unstable, liable to fall; be clumsy, have a tendency to drop things. <NOM be precarious, ERG be clumsy>

tiè [n] there, that place. tiena [n(LOC)] there, in that place, that's where.

tiefu [p] only, solely, exclusively, just; except (for)
 (focus particle). tiefu ntse [p] only not, just
 not; except (for).

tiekal [n] foe, enemy, opponent.

tielhkoua [n(ALL)] thus, for that purpose, in order to do so/that.

tiella [v3] lure, attract, bait. <ERG lure DAT with NOM> tiellal [n] quarry, prey. tielle [n] bait.

tiemoi [n] moss.

tien [n] son.

ties [n] building, structure. toties [n] large building (esp. public building). totiesmit [n] building complex.

tiesat [n] town, large settlement. totiesat [n] city. tiespa [v3] build, construct, make, assemble. <ERG build DAT out of NOM/ABL, ERG make NOM into DAT (a structure)> tieispanen [n] building, structure, construction, edifice. tiespe [n] building materials.

tifa [v3] take off, remove, strip (from the surface or exterior of); pick (fruit, seeds, etc.). <ERG remove/pick NOM from DAT, ERG strip DAT of NOM> hake tifa [v3] scrape off, scrape away. hete tifa [v3] lift off, remove. kilhte tifa [v3] bite off. lihke tifa [v3] cut off, remove by cutting. semu tifa [v3] skin, remove the skin (from); peel, strip, remove the outer layer (of). tyn lihke tifa [v3] behead, decapitate. paue tifa [v3] wash off, remove by washing. pese tifa [v3] sweep off, brush off. tiause tifa [v3] fall off, come off, drop off.

tifueia [v1] be sticking out just above the surface of the water.

tiham [n] skirt, kilt.

tihelau [n] shortcut.

tiheipa [v1] be short (in length/dimension).

tihme [n] layer, stratum.

tihmehets [n] (layer of) sediment, deposit.

tihsemu [n] skin, hide, rawhide (esp. for making leather).

tika [v2] leak (out), escape, be emitted (usu. through a small or narrow opening, p.t. liquid, light, sound); emit, let out, give off; secrete, excrete, exude, shed (e.g., a bodily substance); lay, deposit, expel (from one's body). <NOM leak out

of ABL, ABL leak/emit NOM, ERG shed/secrete NOM from ABL> teika [v1] leak, have a leak, be leaky. <LOC/ABL have a leak> eketl tika [v2] moult, shed one's exoskeleton (p.t. crustaceans, etc.). euti tika [v2] lay eggs (p.t. birds, reptiles). lhuse tika [v2] ooze out, seep out. nà tika [v2] leak (water). seku tika [v2] lay eggs, spawn (p.t. fish, amphibians). ulhnan tika [v2] be poisonous, venomous, toxic.

tikaihpa [v1] be a short way down, be slightly below (i.e., a short vertical distance below some point).

tikaila [v1] be warm, tepid.

tikamie [n] paternal grandparents.

tikanta [v1] be short (opposite of tall; used of inanimates).

tikeilha [v1] be a short way up, be slightly above (i.e., a short vertical distance above some point). *tiku* [n] spear, harpoon.

tilan [n] line.

tilas [n] glass (substance); pane of glass.

tilha [v2] lean, teeter; be unsteady, unstable; be clumsy, fumble (with). <ERG lean, ERG fumble with NOM>

tiluma [v1] be shallow; (p.t. doors, etc.) be open slightly, ajar; (p.t. fire) burn low, be smoldering.inie tiluma [v1] squint.

tima [v1] lie, sit (on the ground); lie, be found, be located, be situated (in a particular place); be prone, horizontal (used of inanimates); (p.t. events or states) be likely, common, tend to (occur), be liable to (occur). <NOM sit/lie on LOC, NOM be located at LOC> timanen [n] place, location, position, site; situation; habit, tendency. tinta [v2] settle on the ground; locate, situate; lay, lay down (floorboards, carpet, etc.).

timaut [n] direction (in which s.th. lies); placement, situation, location (of s.th. relative to one's position).

timeihka [v1] be scarce, rare, infrequent, uncommon, hard to find, in short supply.

timen [n] spot, plot, site, position, place (on the ground) where something is situated.

timunta [v1] be slightly drunk, tipsy.

tin [n] they, them; these (ones), those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate nominative pronoun and demonstrative).

tina [v1] be tame, mild (i.e., not fierce), be domesticated; (p.t. food) be wholesome, good to eat; (p.t. water) be potable, safe to drink.

tinuha [v1] be cool.

tioikehats [n] death, being dead.

tioka [v2] die, perish; kill (unintentionally), be the cause of death; be deadly, fatal, lethal. <NOM die, ERG be deadly, ERG cause the death of NOM> tioika [v1] be dead. tioikampa [v2] play dead. tioikanen [n] death, being dead; the world of the dead, the afterlife. tioike [n] dead person/thing. tiokats [n] death, dying, loss of life. moutats tioka [v2] die of sickness. ulhnan tioka [v2] be poisoned, die of poisoning.

tiokin [n] death, the event of dying; time/moment of death.

tiokutsan [n] dead body, corpse. time tiokutsan [n] carrion.

tiompaken [n] gateway, opening (in a fence or wall).

tion [n] gate.

tipaka [v2] take a small step, move slightly forward. tipakota [v2] take small steps, inch forward; be incremental, gradual; move/progress in small increments.

tipana [v3] decorate, adorn, add designs to. <ERG decorate DAT with NOM> tipane [n] decoration, design, adornment, ornamentation.

tipe [n] detail, fine point; motif, design element. tipemit [n] pattern (esp. rhythmic or repeating pattern), design involving a repeated motif; rhythm. huiom tipemit [n] melody, musical phrase.

tipu [n] beer (esp. type of beer made from fermented maize).

tis [n] drop, droplet; flake, particle. hiunu tis [n] tear, teardrop. ise tis [n] snowflake. salhke tis [n] drop of blood. sù tis [n] raindrop. utsaske tis [n] bead of sweat.

tisimpa [v3] spray. <ERG spray DAT with NOM/INST, ERG spray NOM on/in DAT>

tisin [n] spray.

tislau [n] trickle, drip, rivulet, streak.

titia [v3] collect, gather; pick (fruit, etc.); build, assemble, put together, make, create (out of gathered materials). <ERG collect/pick NOM, ERG gather NOM into DAT, ERG build DAT out of NOM/ABL> titie [n] haul, collection, gathered or collected materials. itlas titia [v3] gather records, gather information; collect observations. nyfei titia [v3] build a nest.

titima [v1] be short (on a horizontal dimension; opposite of long).

titoilha [v1] be short (opposite of tall; used of animates).

titsyipa [v1] be just below the surface (of a body of water). <NOM be just below the surface of LOC>
tiuha [v1] be necessary, needed, required; need.
<NOM be necessary to/for ALL, ALL need NOM>
tiuhe [n] need, necessity, requirement.

tiuma [v1] be deep, low.

tiumen [n] depths, lowest or deepest point, bottom, nadir.

tiumetù [n] crevasse, abyss, chasm.

tiuse [a] maybe, perhaps, possibly.

tiyisa [v2] lift, raise, elevate; pick up.

tiyla [v1] be apparent, seeming; seem. <NOM be apparent, it seems to ALL that NOM> itiyle [v1] seeming (that); as if, as though.

tlafa [c] for, since, because, as.

tlaholon [n] bath tub.

tlahomok [n] bath house.

tlahua [v2] clean, cleanse; refresh. *tlahoia* [v1] be clean, cleansed, refreshed; be sanitary, hygienic.

tlai [a] that, that much, to that degree; that's how; so, to such a degree, how; thus, in that way.

tlaika [v3] consent, give consent, agree, allow, permit. <ERG agree (to) NOM, ERG give DAT consent
 (to do NOM)>

tlaka [v2] punish. tlakats [n] punishment.

tlala [v1] be wide; be open, clear (used of land).

tlalen [n] open space; area free of trees/brush; open country. totlalen [n] plain(s), prairie.

tlama [n] (wild) animal, beast, creature. pahai tlama [n] wild animal.

tlampi [a] that, that much, to that degree/extent; that's how; how, such, to such a degree. lau tlampi [a] that far, that distance; to that extent; that's how (much), that's how far; (in exclamations) how far, so far, such a long way.

tlan [n] that much, so much; that's how much. tiefu tlan [n] that's all, only that much.

tlana [v3] put, put up, place, mount (on a vertical surface). <ERG put NOM on DAT> inie tlana [v3] look (up) at, take a look at, turn to, turn one's attention to.

tlante [n] so many, this/that many, thus many; that's how many. etlantena [a] that often; that's how often; so often, so frequently. katlanteme, katlantei [a] that many times, so many times (in a row); by that much, by so much, by such a large proportion. tiefu tlante [n] only that many; that's all.

tlap [n] large piece/portion, chunk, hunk.

tlasa [v1] survive, live, remain alive, go on living; continue, persist. tlasampa, tlasota [v2] continue, keep (going), maintain; preserve (the life of), sustain. *tlasta* [v2] save (the life of); preserve, enable (s.th.) to continue.

tlasi [n] bend in a river. lau tlasi, tulo tlasi [n] bend in a road.

tlehai [n] respect.

tlehpa [v3] break into large pieces, break into chunks. <ERG break DAT with NOM/INST>

tleke [n] tile; shingle.

tlelha [v3] find, locate, discover (s.th. which one has been looking for); reveal, present, show the location of, show how to find (s.th. being sought).
<DAT find NOM, ERG show DAT the location of NOM> tleilha [v1] be found, accounted for, attested, known (about); be available, extant; know the location of, keep track of. <NOM be found, LOC know the location of NOM> tlelhahpa [v3] seek, look for, search for, set out to find, try to find.

tlena [v1] be elaborate, complex, detailed; be ornate, (heavily) decorated.

tli [p] (so) they say, apparently (evidential particle added to a sentence expressing hearsay or secondhand information).

tliha [v1] be thin, slender, narrow, skinny, slight (used of people, and cylindrical objects such as sticks).

tlihsiele [n] ferry.

tlihtam [n] horizontal beam, rafter, crossbar. hitol tlihtam [n] lintel.

tlimu [n] mercy, charity, benevolence.

tlina [v1] be straight (i.e., not crooked), be in alignment. tlinta [v2] straighten (out), align.

tlisa [v3] cross, go/come across, get across, traverse; go/come over; ford (a stream); bring/take across, bring/take over; transmit. < NOM go across/over inst, erg take nom across/over INST> tleisa [v1] cross, be/lie across, stretch across, span, extend over. *tlisuhka* [v3] (manage to) get across, make it across, get over. *tlisanen* [n] crossing point; boundary; barrier, obstacle; transmission. iante tlisa [v3] jump over, leap across. kome tlisa [v3] translate; interpret, act as an interpreter. <ERG translate from ABL into INST> moinme tlisa [v3] cross the ocean; (fig.) die, pass away. pake tlisa [v3] step over, step across. **puite tlisa** [v3] cross (by vehicle, esp. boat), take a boat across, ferry across. talhe tlisa [v3] climb over, climb across, scale (a hillside or mountainside). yise tlisa [v3] climb over, clamber over, scramble over (a fence, embankment, or other vertical obstacle).

tliseun [n] crossing point; ford; threshold, boundary. pake tliseun [n] threshold.

tlislau [n] path, passage, way over, way across (an obstacle); bridge. tomla tlislau [n] mountain pass.

tlohpa [a] for that reason, therefore, that's why. *tlok* [n] shoe; clog, patten.

tlota [v1] be heavy, dense, compact, solid; (fig.) be serious. <NOM be heavy/serious, ALL take NOM seriously> tlotats [n] density, solidity, heaviness; seriousness, gravity. tlote [n] solid/heavy thing; serious matter.

tlotona [v1] be dangerous, risky, unsafe, hazardous, precarious.

tlotonin [n] risk, hazard, danger.

tlotsaka [n] that kind, that type, that sort; like that, such (a). tlotsaka koin [n] a person like that, that kind of person, such a person.

tlotunke [a] thus, thereby, in that way, in that manner, by that means, that's how, so doing; like that, likewise.

tluha [v3] press, press down on, put pressure on, push. <ERG press (on/against) DAT with NOM/INST, ERG press NOM into DAT>

tlukan [n] raven.

tlula [v3] pound; grind, crush. <ERG pound/grind NOM into DAT> tlulaka [n] miller; grinder, pestle. tloilanen [n] meal. hoheits tlula [v3] pulverize, pound into dust. sofoi tlula [v3] grind (grain) into flour, mill flour.

tlume [n] large piece, chunk, hunk.

tluosna [p] instead (of that), rather, but. ntse X (le) tluosna Y [p] not X but Y.

tlutsa [v2] corrode, become corroded, rust, deteriorate (esp. through exposure to the elements); corrode, eat away (at). <NOM deteriorate, ERG corrode NOM> tloitsa [v1] be corroded, rusted.

tlutsoma [v2] be corrosive, caustic, harsh.

tlynka [v2] push (on/against), move by pushing.to [n] to it, to that (3rd person inanimate realis dative clitic).

toha [v1] be big, large. atohima [v2] grow, increase in size, (cause to) get bigger.

tohampi [a] extremely, exceedingly, a great deal, to a very great degree. etohampi [a] for a long time. lau tohampi [a] very far, a very long way; very much, to a very great extent.

tohante [n] a great many, a large number (of), numerous. etohantena [a] very often; in a great many cases. katohanteme, katohantei [a] a

great many times (in a row); greatly, immensely, significantly, by a large factor, to a great degree. **tohi** [a] extremely, exceedingly; especially.

tohmi [n] big (one), large (one).

tohta [v1] be extra, left over, excess (beyond what is needed); exceed, go beyond. <NOM be extra, NOM exceed ABL> tohte [n] extra, excess, left-over(s). nasats tohta [v1] have extra strength, have excess strength; exceed in strength.

toka [v3] correct, remedy, rectify, make right, set right; fix, repair, mend. <ERG correct DAT, ERG fix DAT with INST, ERG use NOM to fix DAT> toika [v1] be correct, right, accurate; be fixed, repaired, mended, whole, in good repair, in good working order. toke [n] correction, remedy; fix, repair; tool (used to fix something).

tokamemit [n] ancestors.

tokana [v1] be wonderful, glorious, sublime.

toklha [v1] be grim, grave, serious, somber, solemn;
be heavy; be austere, severe, cheerless; (p.t. weather) be stormy, severe, inclement. tokl-hampa [v2] be serious, behave seriously; act in a solemn manner, have a somber affect.

toklhemohi [n] storm cloud.

toklhin [n] stormy weather, inclement weather.

tokma [v3] tan hides. <ERG tan NOM hides to make DAT (leather)> tokme [n] tannin. toikmanen [n] leather, treated hide.

tokoloi [n] the planet Venus, the morning/evening star.

tokon [n] bald eagle.

tola [v3] attack, assail, assault. <ERG attack DAT with NOM/INST> tolahpa [v3] menace, threaten. tolaka [n] attacker, assailant. tolal [n] victim of an attack. tole [n] weapon.

tolha [v2] stand up (esp. from a lying position), get up; erect, raise, cause to stand up. <NOM stand up, ERG stand NOM up> toilha [v1] stand, be standing; be erect, upright; be up (out of bed).

tolika [v1] be disappointing; be disappointed.
<NOM be disappointing, ALL be disappointed in NOM> tolikampa [v2] disappoint, let down.
<ERG disappoint ALL>

tolmu [n] moose.

tolok [n] ten thousand. tolohka [n] ten thousandth. toloktla [n] (one) ten-thousandth (fraction). etolokna [a] ten thousand times. katolokme, katoloik [a] ten thousand times (in succession); ten thousandfold, by a factor of ten thousand. tolok tam [n] one hundred thousand (lit. ten ten-thousands). tolok kiunma [n] (one)

million (lit. one hundred ten-thousands).

tolokion [n] mill, mill house.

toloma [v2] be threatening, menacing; be fierce, aggressive, belligerent. <ERG be threatening>

tolu [n] broom.

toluhsì [n] undercurrent, undertow.

tom [n] drum.

tomia [v1] be jolly; be jovial, good-humoured.

tomla [n] mountain. tomlamit [n] mountain chain, mountain range. hatiaha tomla [n] (active) volcano.

tomlanam [n] mountainous region, mountain range; the mountains.

tomo [n] sir, madam (honorific used in addressing strangers).

tomoito [n] orca, killer whale.

tomouna [n] grizzly bear, brown bear.

tomu [n] cranium, top of the head; skull, braincase.
tomuha [v1] be plenty, plentiful, abundant; be more than enough; have plenty, have more than enough. <NOM be plentiful, INST have plenty of NOM> tomuhats [n] plenty, abundance. tomuhe [n] more than enough, plenty (of) (quan-

tifies mass nouns). tomuhpi [a] more than enough, to a more than

sufficient degree, quite. *etomuhpi* [a] for more than enough time, for plenty of time. *lau to-muhpi* [a] more than enough, to a greater than

sufficient extent; plenty far.

tomuhte [n] more than enough, plenty (of) (quantifies count nouns). etomuhtena [a] plenty of times; in plenty of cases. katomuhteme, katomuhtei [a] plenty of times (in a row); more than enough, to a more than sufficient degree.

tomyt [n] dragon.

topa [n] hoof.

tosepyi [n] several, a (fair) number (of) (quantifies count nouns). etosepyina [a] fairly often, several times, on several occasions; in several cases. katosepyime, katosepyie [a] several times (in a row); by quite a bit.

tosipe [n] a fair bit, quite a bit (of) (quantifies mass nouns).

tota [v2] shake, shudder, quake, tremor; (p.t. liquid) boil, roil; (fig.) have an orgasm (p.t. women).totam [n] board, plank.

totoha [v1] be very large, huge, enormous, gigantic.
totohi [a] extremely, immensely, extraordinarily, to an extraordinary degree; most especially.

totohmi [n] very large (one), giant.

totsat [n] table; work bench.

totsipi [a] fairly, quite, rather, pretty; quite a bit, to a fair degree. etotsipi [a] rather often, fairly often. lau totsipi [a] rather far, pretty far; to a reasonable extent.

totsomo [n] nearly all (of), the largest part (of), almost the entire (quantifies mass nouns).

totsomopi [a] almost, almost entirely. etotsomopi [a] almost always, nearly always, for almost the entire time. lau totsomopi [a] nearly all the way, almost the entire way; almost entirely.

totsomote [n] the vast majority (of), almost every, almost all, nearly all (quantifies count nouns). etotsomotena [a] nearly always, in the vast majority of cases.

totsypin [n] flood, deluge.

touhati [n] fever.

touhets [n] (bed of) rough rocks, rocky ground. kitouhets [n] gravel.

toukante [n] standing stone.

touketo [n] skull.

toumpaken [n] stepping stone.

toun [n] stone, rock (substance). tihme toun [n] sedimentary rock.

toupa [v1] be apparent, presumable, presumed; seem to be true; it must be the case (that).

toupima [n] brain(s).

tousemu [n] scalp.

toutam [n] paving stone, flagstone.

toutamin [n] paving, pavement, paved area.

tsà [v1] be here (where the speaker is); here is, this is, voilà. tsauota [v2] stay here, remain here; keep (s.th.) here.

tsaha [v1] be exciting, thrilling; be excited,
 thrilled, enthusiastic. <NOM be exciting, ALL
 be excited about NOM> tsahampa [v2] excite,
 cause excitement. <ERG excite LOC about NOM>

tsahati [n] body heat.

tsahihta [v1] shiver, tremble (all over).

tsahompa [v2] push against (with one's whole body); wrestle.

tsahosia [v2] shake oneself (off) (e.g., used of a dog shaking water out of its fur).

tsahota [v3] mate, copulate, have intercourse.

tsaka [n] kind, type, sort; category. tsaka tohante[n] a great many kinds; plethora, multitude, vast array.

tsakahpa [v3] lie down, lie back, recline (from a sitting position); lay down. <NOM lie back on DAT, ERG lay NOM back on DAT> tsakaihpa [v1] be reclining, lying down (having previously been sit-

ting up).

tsakamot [n] all kinds, all types, every kind. tsakamot koin [n] all kinds of people, people of every sort.

tsakanta [v1] lean on, lean against. <NOM lean on/against LOC>

tsakelha [v3] sit up (from a lying position). tsakeilha [v1] be sitting up.

tsakulhua [v2] curl up into a ball (e.g., to sleep, used of cats and other animals).

tsala [v1] be flat. tsalta [v2] flatten.

tsalaha [v3] cremate. <ERG cremate DAT> tsalahe [n] funeral, cremation.

tsalahauat [n] funeral pyre; cremation.

tsalehma [v1] feel (physically) well, at ease; have a healthy appetite and good digestion (describes a condition the opposite of nausea).

tsalhi [n] body hair.

tsalhila [v2] distort, deform; bend, stretch (s.th.) out of shape. tsalheila [v1] be distorted, deformed, misshapen, bent/stretched out of shape.

tsalia [v1] be healthy, well, fit, in shape. atsaliema [v2] heal, get better, recuperate; get fitter, get in shape; heal, treat, tend (a sick person). <NOM heal, ERG treat NOM> atsaliemaka [n] healer, doctor. atsalieme [n] patient. tsaliampa [v2] be healthy, wholesome, good for one's health; be nourishing, nutritious. tsalita [v2] heal, get well, recover; make well, cure.

tsalokuats [n] strong body odour.

tsamanka [v3] hold on, hang on, steady oneself (to keep from moving or falling). <ERG hold onto DAT>

tsametia [v2] start, freeze, become tense (in one's entire body); startle. tsameitia [v2] be tense, alert, motionless, frozen (e.g., in fear).

tsami [n] shirt, tunic; blouse.

tsamota [v3] have sex (with), make love (to). <ERG have sex with INST> tsamotats [n] lovemaking, sexual intercourse.

tsampa [v3] manifest (as), take the shape of, appear in the form of; create, embody, make manifest, give the shape of. <DAT take the shape of NOM, ERG give DAT the shape of NOM> tsaimpa [v1] be manifested (as), have the shape/body of; look like, resemble, appear as, appear in the form of. <LOC have the shape of NOM> tsaimpe [n] manifestation, embodiment, incarnation, personification, material form; body, form, shape, image, avatar.

tsamusa [v2] draw away, draw back, retreat;

shrink back, flinch, cringe; shy away, avoid. <ERG draw away from ABL>

tsan [n] thing, object, entity; body, figure, shape, material form; individual; member (of a set or class of entities), exponent; self, oneself; (one's) own; the same (one), the very (one). tsanmit [n] group, collection, set. him tsanna [n(LOC)] at the same time, simultaneously. tsaka tsan [n] the same kind.

tsana [v2] make a noise/sound.

tsanalhta [v3] change (shape), transform.

tsanie [n] pair, couple, twosome; both (used of two things that go together). tem tsanie [n] both hands.

tsaniumia [v1] be limp, listless. tsaniumita [v3] let one's body go limp; make (s.o.) go limp.

tsankasu [n] side (of one's body/torso).

tsankats [n] substance, body, mass, corporeality; concreteness, physical being, having shape or substance, having a physical form; individuality, selfhood, autonomy.

tsankulu [n] identity, selfhood, being, conception of oneself.

tsankyin [n] posture, carriage, bearing, stance, way of holding one's body.

tsanmok [n] heart; soul, spirit, life force.

tsanoma [v2] be noisy, make a lot of noise.

tsante [n] the same (ones), the very (ones) (plural).
tsapa [v1] get lost, go missing, go astray; lose.
<NOM get lost, ABL lose NOM> tsupa [v1] be lost, missing. mesiokou tsapa [v1] go mad, lose one's mind; have a nervous breakdown. mesiokou tsupa [v1] be mad, insane, crazy.

tsapahti [n] health, state of one's health, physical condition, fitness.

tsapaua [v2] bathe, take a bath, wash oneself. tsapauats, tsapaue [n] bath, bathing.

tsapaulon [n] bath tub.

tsapeihta [v1] have a seizure. tsapeihtanen [n] epilepsy.

tsapeklha [v1] be dizzy, wobbly, woozy; be faint, light-headed.

tsasan [n] humidity, humid weather.

tsasioku [n] good health, wellness, fitness; (physical) well-being; cleanliness, hygiene.

tsatsa [v1] be full. atsatsima [v2] fill (gradually). tsatsta [v2] fill, fill up, make/become full; become sated. iase tsatsta [v1] eat one's fill. mohi tsatsa [v1] be foggy, cloudy, misty; be clouded, unclear, translucent but not transparent. nà tsatsa [v1] be full of water.

tsatskam [p] and so on, and the like, et cetera.

tsatsona [v1] be filling (p.t. food); be full, feel full, feel sated (after eating), be satisfied. <NOM be filling, LOC be full (from NOM)> tsatsonampa [v2] be filling, cause to feel full, satisfy, satiate. <ERG cause LOC to feel full> tsatsone [n] the feeling of being full; food which is filling.

tsehpe [n] ribbon, strip of cloth or paper. lhame tsehpe [n] wrapping(s), bandage.

tsek [n] stick, dry branch. kitsek [n] twig.

tsekte [n] wrist.

tsektehina [n] bracelet.

tsektekan [n] shirt cuff.

tsema [v3] move, manipulate; put; place, position, arrange, configure; make, build, assemble (a collection or configuration of objects); collect, accumulate. < ERG move NOM to DAT, ERG collect/arrange NOM into DAT (a configuration), ERG make DAT of NOM> tseimanen [n] arrangement, configuration; assemblage; collection, accumulation. *tsemal*, *etseminen* [n] place, position (in an arrangement). **tseme** [n] object to be manipulated; element, part (of a configuration), member (of a collection); piece, pawn, game token. lampei tsema [v3] line (up), align, arrange into a line. **tetaim** tsema [v3] stack (up), make a stack (of), arrange into a stack. tuhai tsema [v3] pile (up), make a pile (of), arrange into a pile.

tsemin [n] arrangement, configuration; shape, figure, pattern, composition (made by an arrangement of objects).

tsemoi [n] diagram, plan, figure.

tsena [v1] regret. <LOC regret NOM>

tsenki [n] chain.

tsenoma [v1] be regrettable; be regretful, remorseful, full of regret. <NOM be regrettable, LOC be regretful>

tsets [n] shard, piece. kitsets [n] (small) fragment, sliver, splinter.

tsetskietam [n] mosaic.

tseuata [v2] stop momentarily, pause, hesitate (before going on); briefly interrupt.

tseuika [v2] stir, make a soft sound.

tseuna [v3] sprinkle, scatter; sow (seeds). <ERG sprinkle NOM on/over DAT, ERG sprinkle DAT with NOM>

tseuta [v3] leave, go away, go from here; take/lead away from here (where the speaker is).

tsi [p] here, over here, this (near the speaker; deictic particle).

tsifila [v2] chirp, twitter, make a chirping sound. tsihata [v2] cry out suddenly, exclaim.

tsiheulhta [v2] pull gently (on), tug; pluck (a stringed instrument). tsiheulhtota [v2] play (a stringed instrument).

tsihfa [v1] be bare, clear; lack; be rid, free (of); be stripped (of); be naked, uncovered; (p.t. paper) be blank. tsihfeta [v2] get rid of (s.th. covering the outside of s.th.), rid, remove (from the outside); clear, strip, peel (off). kilhi tsihfa [v1] be hairless, smooth; have no hair (on one's body/face). luan tsihfa [v1] be bald. nalei tsihfa [v1] be colourless. tipu tsihfa [v1] be simple, plain, unadorned, lacking in detail or decoration.

tsikahta [v3] jab, prod, poke. <ERG prod DAT with NOM/INST>

tsike [n] fly; flying insect. tsikemit [n] swarm of flies/insects.

tsikelha [v3] move quickly up and down, bob up and down; jerk upwards; raise, lift (quickly, and with minimal effort). lhimie tsikelha [v3] raise one's eyebrows (e.g., in surprise). mosie tsikelha [v3] shrug one's shoulders. nyhuina tsikelha [v3] bob on the surface of the water.

tsikilh [n] insect bite.

tsikilhta [v3] nip, take a small bite.

tsiko [n] seam; crack, crevice; fracture.

tsiksipa [v2] grasp lightly but firmly (as between one's finger and thumb).

tsiksipon [n] pincer(s), tongs; tweezers.

tsiksona [v2] glance at, take a quick look at.

tsila [v3] trim, prune, cut back; snip, cut off. <ERG
trim DAT of NOM, ERG cut NOM off of DAT> luan
tsila [v3] get a haircut, cut one's hair.

tsilaiota [v1] sparkle, twinkle.

tsilima [v2] open and close quickly; flash, glint.

tsilpa [v1] branch off, split off, separate. <NOM separate from ABL> tsilpe [n] branch, offshoot; prong; tributary. tsilpemit [n] canopy (of a tree). tsilpanen [n] fork, branching point, separation point.

tsilua [v2] spin, twirl.

tsimetia [v2] start, flinch, twitch, have a spasm. <NOM flinch, ERG cause NOM to flinch>

tsimilhta [v3] swerve, turn abruptly. <NOM swerve towards ALL, ERG turn NOM abruptly to DAT>

tsimma [v1] tingle pleasantly; (p.t. light) shimmer, sparkle.

tsimon [n] wing (of an insect).

tsimpa [v3] pass (by) here, come through here,

come this way; bring past here, bring this way (where the speaker is).

tsimpyka [v3] bump, knock gently (against).
 <NOM bump (against) DAT, ERG bump NOM
 against DAT>

tsimu [n] compassion, empathy.

tsimuka [v2] close and open quickly; (p.t. fire) dim briefly. inie tsimuka [v2] blink. inna tsimuka [v2] wink.

tsinioka [v2] be reflexive, automatic, involuntary, spontaneous, impulsive; react automatically, do (s.th.) reflexively, act on impulse; act without thinking, respond without thinking. <NOM be reflexive, ERG react automatically, ERG do NOM reflexively> tsinioke [n] reflex, impulse, reflexive action, automatic reaction/response. tsiniokanen [n] (one's) reflexes.

tsinkot [n] seed pod; ear (of corn).

tsinmok [n] genitalia; pubic region.

tsinu [n] seed; semen.

tsinuka [v2] ejaculate; (p.t. plants) release/spread seeds. <ERG/ABL ejaculate>

tsinyipa [v2] be deft, nimble, precise, accurate; wield deftly; use (an instrument) to perform a delicate or minute task. <ERG be nimble, ERG use NOM deftly>

tsip [n] mosquito, midge, gnat (or other flying, biting insect).

tsipa [v1] sprout, spring, issue, emanate; appear, arise, start, originate. <NOM sprout from ABL> tsipanen [n] origin, starting point.

tsipemilh [n] beginning, starting point, source, point of origin, moment at which something begins or comes into being.

tsipeta [v2] snatch, grab (esp. something small or lightweight); pluck, pick (off).

tsipeuta [v2] pause briefly, hesitate.

tsipi [a] a little, a bit, somewhat, to some extent; sort of. etsipi [a] for a little while, or a short while, briefly. lau tsipi [a] a short ways, a little ways, not far; a little bit, to some extent.

tsipikia [v3] sting, cause/experience a stinging pain. <DAT experience a stinging pain in NOM>

tsipin [n] source (esp. of a river or stream), spring;
(point of) origin, starting place. hema tsipin
[n] hot springs. ksinan tsipin [n] salt spring.

tsisuaha [v3] daub lightly, spread/smear gently.
 <ERG daub NOM on DAT, ERG daub DAT with
 NOM/INST>

tsita [v3] come here; bring here, put here, give here (where the speaker is). nate tsita [v3] hand over

here. **pake** tsita [v3] take a step forward (towards the speaker).

tsitianta [v3] adjust, fix, straighten, set right; tune (a musical instrument).

tsitlynka [v2] push gently (on).

tsitsana [v2] make a sudden, soft sound.

tsitskana [v3] appear for an instant, appear and disappear. tsitskuna [v1] be very brief, momentary, instantaneous; last for a moment.

tsitsoma [v1] be fragile, delicate, breakable.

tsitspa [v3] break (into shards), smash, shatter (used of brittle substances such as glass or pottery). <DAT break, ERG break DAT with NOM/INST, ERG use NOM to break DAT>

tsitusia [v2] nibble, munch (on).

tsoha [v2] be connected, related; have a connection/relationship; be associated with, have something to do with; connect, relate, associate.
<NOM be connected to/with INST, ERG connect NOM to/with INST> tsohanen [n] connection, association, thing with which s.th. is connected or associated. tsohats, tsohauots [n] connection, relationship, association.

tsohka [v1] be stiff, rigid, inflexible (lit. and fig.); be stubborn, difficult; be serious, grave, proud.

tsohtia [v3] confine, hold captive; capture, arrest, imprison, incarcerate. <ERG confine NOM in DAT> tsohteia [v1] be confined, imprisoned, under arrest, in custody, in captivity. <NOM be confined in LOC> tsohtie, tsohteie [n] prisoner, captive. tsohtiats [n] capture, arrest. tsohteianen [n] confinement, captivity, custody, imprisonment; place of confinement, prison, jail; period of confinement, sentence.

tsohtikon [n] (prison) cell.

tsokoimpa [n] stranger, unknown person; outsider, foreigner.

tsokua [v3] meet (for the first time), encounter, discover, become acquainted with; be introduced to; introduce, acquaint with. <DAT meet NOM, ERG introduce NOM to DAT> tsokoia [v1] be known; know, be acquainted with, have met (before). <LOC know NOM> tsokoie [n] (new) acquaintance.

tsolam [n] anvil.

tsomo [n] most, the major part (of) (quantifies mass nouns).

tsomopi [a] almost, almost entirely; mostly, for the most part. etsomopi [a] mostly, (for) most of the time. lau tsomopi [a] most of the way; mostly, for the most part. tsomote [n] most, the majority (of) (quantifies count nouns). etsomotena [a] usually, mostly, most often, for the most part, in most cases. katsomoteme, katsomotei [a] most times, the most number of times (in a row); mostly, to the greatest extent; almost twice, almost twofold, nearly double.

tsonna [v2] be stupid, dumb, idiotic, unintelligent; act out of stupidity, be stupid enough to (do s.th.). <ERG be stupid, ERG be stupid enough to (do) NOM> tsonne, tsonnats [n] stupidity, idiocy, lack of intelligence. tsonnaka [n] stupid person, idiot.

tsop [n] toe. tsopmit [n] (set of) toes.

tsopeketl [n] toenail.

tsotu [n] joke, jest; joking, fooling around; wit, humour, cleverness.

tsoukahin [n] chaos, disorder, great confusion, bedlam, pandemonium.

tsouota [v3] (come to) feel bad about, regret. <DAT
regret NOM> tsouoita [v1] feel bad about, regret, feel contrite. <LOC regret NOM>

tsuala [v2] be wary, careful, mindful; be vigilant, watch out, beware, be on guard, be on the lookout. <ERG be wary of ALL, ERG be on guard against ALL> tsualaka [n] watch(er), guard, lookout, sentry, sentinel. tsuale, tsualats [n] vigil, watch.

tsuhka [v3] occur, happen, come about, come to pass, befall (p.t. unfortunate or unwelcome events), be the fault of; go wrong; have a misfortune; cause, be responsible for. < NOM happen to DAT, DAT have the misfortune that NOM, ERG cause NOM to happen to DAT, NOM be ERG's fault> tsoihka [v1] be, exist, occur, be attested; be done, be complete (p.t. unpleasant things, conditions, or events); be wrong; suffer from. tsoihkanen [n] victim, one affected by misfortune. **tsuhkats** [n] unfortunate event or occurrence; fault, responsibility, blame. tsuhke, tsoihke [n] misfortune, unfortunate event or occurrence; fault, wrong. totsuhke, totsoihke [n] disaster, calamity, tragedy, grave misfortune. tsuhkyipa [v3] be possible; be susceptible to, suffer from. <NOM be possible, DAT suffer from NOM>

tsuhkamin [n] ordeal, trial, difficulty, bad or unfortunate experience.

tsuhpa [v2] live, dwell, reside; inhabit, occupy. <ERG live in/at LOC> tsuhpaka [n] resident. tsuhpanen [n] dwelling, residence, abode, habitation, place where one lives; settlement; circumstances of one's residence. *tsuhpe* [n] residence, occupancy.

tsuhyikpa [v2] be miserly. tsuhyikpaka [n] miser.
tsuika [v2] belch, burp; fart, break wind, pass gas.
tsuike [n] belch, fart; flatulence, gas, wind.

tsuku [n] torso, trunk, upper body; chest.

tsukunta [v1] offend, be offensive; be offended, take offense. <LOC be offended by NOM> tsukuntampa [v2] offend, be offensive, cause offense, do (s.th.) to offend. <ERG offend LOC with/by (doing) NOM>

tsul [n] bed, sleeping platform.

tsula [v2] visit, see, spend time with, socialize with; talk to/with, consult (with). tsulakamit [n] gettogether, social event, group of people socializing; conference. tsulats [n] socializing; visit, gettogether; consultation.

tsulholpa [v2] commit incest. tsulholpe [n] incest, incestuous relations.

 $tsulmasi\delta$ [n] loneliness, longing for the company of others.

tsuloma [v2] be sociable, gregarious.

tsuma [v1] be bad, poor, deficient, inferior.

tsuna [v1] be loud.

tsunyipa [v2] abuse, treat poorly; misuse.

tsuo [a] too, overly (degree adverbial).

tsuol [n] mud.

tsuompi [a] too, too much. etsuompi [a] for too long. lau tsuompi [a] too far; too much, to too great an extent.

tsuon [n] too much. totsuon [n] far too much.

tsuonte [n] too many. etsuontena [a] too often; in too many cases. katsuonteme, katsuontei [a] too many times (in a row); too much, by too large a proportion. totsuonte [n] far too many. tsupa [v1] (see: tsapa).

tsusna [v2] mourn, grieve. <ERG grieve (for) ALL>

tsusne [n] grief.

tsutakis [n] insult; bad name, insulting epithet.

tsutupa [v2] limp, walk with an irregular gait.

tsyho [n] grime, soot.

tsyhopek [n] stain, patch of dirt/grime.

tsyi [a] not enough, insufficiently (degree adverbial).

tsyimpi [a] not enough, too little, insufficiently, to an insufficient degree. etsyimpi [a] not (for) long enough. lau tsyimpi [a] not far enough; not enough, too little, insufficiently, to an insufficient extent.

tsyin [n] not enough, an insufficient amount (of),

too little.

tsyinte [n] not enough, an insufficient number (of), too few. etsyintena [a] not often enough, too seldom, too rarely. katsyinteme, katsyintei [a] too few times, not enough times (in a row); too little, not enough. totsyinte [n] far too few. tsyipalul [n] bottom, floor, bed (of a body of water).

tsymo [n] ruin(s), derelict building or other structure.

tsympuite [n] sled, sledge; travois.

tsyntla [v2] drag, pull (along the ground).

tsypa [v3] enter, go into, become submerged in (a body of water); put, place, submerge, immerse (in water). < NOM enter DAT, ERG submerge NOM in DAT> tsyipa [v1] be submerged, be below the surface (of a body of water), be under water. *iante tsypa* [v3] jump into, dive into (a body of water). *minei tsypa* [v3] become lost in thought, become preoccupied; preoccupy. minena tsyipa [v1] be preoccupied, be lost in thought. **solhe tsypa** [v3] throw/cast (s.th.) into (a body of water). *tiause tsypa* [v3] fall/drop into (a body of water); (p.t. liquids) pour into. tlynke tsypa [v3] push (s.th.) into (a body of water), dunk, submerge by pushing. tupe tsypa [v3] wade into (a body of water). uaste tsypa [v3] dive into (a body of water; p.t. water birds).

tsypaut [n] depth(s), downward direction (p.t. a body of water). tsypauta [n(ALL)] down, downward, deeper (into a body of water).

tuaha [v1] be good, useful, beneficial, effective; be suitable, appropriate, fitting; be fine, elegant, well-made, well-crafted.

tuha [n] heap, pile, mound (esp. of round or irregularly shaped objects); cairn.

 $tuhalom \ [n] \ mound, \ barrow; \ hillock, \ knoll.$

tuhan [n] rule, law.

tuhe [n] less, not as much. kituhe [n] a bit less, somewhat less. totuhe [n] far less, not nearly as much

tuhfa [v2] fall short, come up short, be inadequate, be insufficient; not do enough, fail. <NOM be inadequate, NOM fall short, ERG not do enough, ERG fail at NOM>

tuhpana [v2] be regular, periodic, rhythmic; do regularly, do at regular or periodic intervals; do in rhythm. <NOM be regular, ERG do NOM regularly> tuhpane [n] rhythm; rhythmic or regular action, periodic event.

tuhpi [a] less, to a lesser degree, not as much.

etuhpi [a] (for) less (time), not (for) as long.
kituhpi [a] a bit less, somewhat less. totuhpi
[a] much less, a lot less, not nearly as much. lau
tuhpi [a] less far, not as far; not as much, to a lesser extent.

tuhsa [n] winter.

tuhta [v3] break, breach, damage, make a hole or crack in. <ERG make a hole in DAT using NOM/INST> toihta [v1] be broken, be damaged; have a hole/crack; lack structural integrity. <LOC be broken, there's a hole/crack in LOC>

tuhte [n] fewer, not as many. kituhte [n] somewhat fewer. totuhte [n] a lot fewer, not nearly as many. etuhtena [a] not as often, less often, less frequently, in fewer cases. katuhteme, katuhtei [a] not as many times (in a row).

tuk [n] group, gathering, collection (of people or things).

tukahta [v3] kick. tukahte, tukahtats [n] kick.
tukpa [v2] do/act together, do/act as a group, cooperate, collaborate; herd (animals). <ERG do NOM together, ERG collaborate with INST on NOM, ERG herd NOM> tukpats [n] cooperation, collaboration, collective action. tukpe [n] shared work, joint project, collaboration, collective or cooperative endeavour. tiako tukpaka [n] goatherd.

tuksal [n] tunnel.

tuksalau [n] tunnel, underground passage(way); run (in a burrow).

tukta [n] gorge, canyon, narrow valley with steep sides.

tula [v2] be good, kind, generous, hospitable; act out of kindness; do a good deed; be useful, helpful. <ERG be kind to ALL, ERG do NOM for ALL out of kindness> tule, tulats [n] goodness, kindness, generosity, hospitality; good deed(s); use, usefulness, help.

tulama [v2] stride, march, amble, walk purposefully. tulame. tulamats [n] stride, gait.

tulhanka [v3] leave tracks, leave footprints. <ERG leave tracks on DAT> tsuol tulhanka [v3] track mud (on). tulhanke [n] tracks, footprints.

tulma [v1] be thick, wide, broad, massive, stout, stocky, heavy (used of people, as well as trees and other cylindrical objects); be awkward, ungainly. tulmampa [v2] move clumsily or awkwardly, blunder; stumble; lumber.

tulo [n] road.

tulomoteun [n] crossroads.

tultsa [n] bag, sack. kitultsa [n] small bag, pouch;

purse; pocket.

tuma [v2] be blocked; block, obstruct, interfere with; (p.t. parts of the body) be numb, be paralyzed; lack the use of (a body part). <NOM be blocked/numb, ERG block NOM> kalial tuma [v2] lack the use of one's legs, be paralyzed or severely crippled from the waist down. lias tuma [v2] choke, have an obstruction in one's throat.

tumi [n] blanket.

tumona [v1] be frustrating; be/feel frustrated.
<NOM be frustrating to ALL, ALL be frustrated (with NOM)> tumonampa [v2] frustrate, cause frustration, discourage.

tumpaka [v2] move carefully and/or with difficulty, struggle (through or around obstacles), scramble, pick one's way; wade (through water).

tunka [v2] act, behave; act as, fulfill the role/office of; (in combination with a dependent subjunctive complement) make as if to, pretend to, act as if. <ERG act INST (in a certain manner), ERG act as NOM on behalf of ALL> tunke, tunkanen [n] behaviour, deportment, way of acting; way, means, manner, method; role, office, duty, responsibility. etsaka tunka, lohan tunka [v2] speak for, speak on behalf of, represent.

tunkapahti [n] behaviour, way of acting, tendency to act a certain way; character, nature, temperament.

tunkilha [v3] kick away, kick aside; (fig.) dismiss, set aside, brush off, dispense with.

tunkoma [v2] be active, keep busy.

tunkona [v1] hurt, ache, be painful; feel pain, be in pain, have pain. <NOM be painful, LOC feel pain, LOC have pain in NOM> tunkonampa [v2] be painful, be harmful, cause pain. tunkonta [v3] begin to be in pain; hurt, harm, cause pain. <LOC begin to feel pain in NOM, ERG hurt LOC, ERG cause LOC to feel pain in NOM> suk tunkona [v1] have a toothache. tyn tunkona [v1] have a headache.

tunku [n] pain, ache.

tuntsoha [n] shield; armor plate.

tunyipa [v2] take, use, follow (a path). tunyipe [n] route, way, path (that one follows).

tuohisne [a] late, too late, after the appropriate time. tuohisne etskana [v3] be late, arrive (too) late.

tuohkamne [a] early, too early, too soon, before the appropriate time.

tuosa [v1] be ripe, mature; be ready, prepared; it is

(the right) time for, the time is ripe for. <NOM be ripe, it's time for NOM, ALL be ready/prepared> atuosima [v2] be in preparation, ripening, maturing; prepare, get ready. tuosta [v2] ripen, mature, become ripe; prepare, make ready. <ERG prepare NOM for ALL>

tuosalh [n] time (at which an event takes place);
occasion. muelhtanen tuosalh [n] bedtime,
time to go to sleep. nalhanen tuosalh [n] planting time. sati tuosalh [n] mealtime.

tuosne [a] on time, in time, in a timely manner, at the appropriate time.

tupa [v2] walk, tread, go on foot; walk, guide, lead, escort (on foot). <ERG walk, ERG lead NOM>
tupe [n] walk, trip on foot. tupaka [n] walker, pedestrian; guide, escort. ahune tupa [v2] go barefoot. kielna tupa [v2] dream. tilhe tupa [v2] stagger, be unsteady on one's feet. tlok tupa [v2] wear shoes, walk in shoes. ympe tupa [v2] walk with a cane/staff.

tupalau [n] footpath, track, trail.

tupaule [n] (sound of) footsteps, tread.

tupelioke [n] footprint(s), tracks.

tupu [n] club, baton, bludgeon. kitupu [n] (small) baton; drumstick.

tupua [v2] pulse, beat in rhythm. <NOM (the heart) beat, ERG beat NOM (e.g. a drum)> tupuats [n] pulse, beat; (fig.) moment, second. tupuatsme [n(INST)] briefly, momentarily, for (just) a moment. tupuatsmit [n] rhythm, pulse, series of beats. soun tupuats [n] heartbeat. tom tupuats [n] drumbeat.

tupuhtla [v3] kick over, overturn (s.th.) by running or walking into it. <ERG kick over DAT>

tusia [v2] chew (on).

tusien [n] texture, consistency (of food).

tuska [v2] compete, play, participate (in a game or contest). <ERG compete with/against INST, ERG participate in NOM> tuskanen [n] sporting event; (time/place of) competition; manner/style of play. tuske [n] competition, contest, game, match. tuskemit [n] tournament, games.

tuskoma [v2] be competitive.

tusu [n] uncle, stepfather, father-in-law (or other male relative of one's parents' generation who does not belong to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan). tusumit [n] group of older men.

tutilha [v2] stumble, stagger, move awkwardly, be unsteady on one's feet.

tutluha [v3] press down on, hold down (with one's foot). tutlula [v3] tread on, stomp on, trample; grind (down) with one's feet. <ERG trample NOM into DAT>

tutlynka [v3] push with one's foot/feet.

tutuma [v1] be lame, crippled; have difficulty walking. tutunta [v2] lame, cripple, incapacitate, become/make crippled.

tyhin [n] area, region, zone, range, expanse.

tyma [v2] be a burden, be burdensome, weigh heavily (on); carry a heavy load, bear a burden; be burdened, encumbered, saddled, weighed down.
<NOM be burdensome, NOM weigh heavily on ERG, ERG be burdened with NOM> tyme [n] burden, heavy load. tymanen [n] burden; strain.

tymok [n] thunder.

tymoktin [n] elk, wapiti.

tympa [v2] move one's head; gesture/point with one's head.

tyn [n] head.

tynan [n] dew.

uahka [v2] urinate, piss. <ERG/ABL urinate>
uahke [n] urine, urination, discharge.

uake [n] urine (substance).

uakona [v1] have a full bladder, feel the urge to
urinate. <LOC feel the urge to urinate>

uanta [v3] cast, throw (esp. without letting go of the end; used of ropes, nets, harpoons, etc.); (p.t. cloth) spread out. <ERG cast NOM to DAT> ksetli uanta [v3] throw dice, gamble.

uasta [v2] fly. uaste [n] flight.

uata [v2] stop, cease; interrupt.

ueho [n] wine (or other drink made from fermented fruit). aihne ueho [n] white wine. lohne ueho, takue ueho [n] red wine.

uelalout [n] inland, away from shore.

uelalta [v3] go/come inland, go/come away from shore.

ufasin [n] remnants, leftovers; dregs.

ufatl [n] (the) wrong (one(s)).

ufatlaut [n] the wrong way, the wrong direction.

uhin [n] song, poem. malka uhin [n] wolf howl(ing). pai uhin [n] birdsong, warbling, chirping.

uhna [v2] sing; (p.t. dogs, wolves) howl, call. uhnaka [n] singer. uhnakamit [n] group of singers, chorus.

uhsite [n] stern (of a ship).

uihta [v3] sit down, take a seat; set down. <NOM sit down on DAT, ERG set NOM down on DAT>

uihtal [n] seat, place to sit. uohta [v1] sit, be seated, be in a sitting position. <NOM sit on LOC> kalameit uihta [v3] kneel (down). kalametna uohta [v1] kneel, be in a kneeling position. minuna uohta [v1] be interesting (lit. sit in one's mind). <NOM be interesting to ALL, ALL be interested in NOM> satei uihta [v3] sit down to a meal. tsoip uihta [v3] crouch (down). tsopna uohta [v1] crouch, be in a crouching position.

uila [v2] love, cherish. <ERG love NOM> uile [n] beloved, loved one. uilta [v2] fall in love with, come to love. <ERG fall in love with NOM>

uilol [n] love.

uinon [n] ash (tree).

ukata [v1] be elaborate, complex, rich in detail; be adorned, decorated; (p.t. food) be rich, flavorful. ukatanen, ukatats [n] detail, elaboration; decoration, adornment.

ukia [v3] perform; orate. <ERG perform DAT> ukiaka [n] performer; orator; one who leads or oversees a ceremony. ukiakamit [n] group of performers, troupe, ensemble. ukial [n] performance, ritual, ceremony. hyne ukia [v3] act out, perform in a drama; mime; dance. pamasot ukia [v3] give a speech, orate. sliahte ukia [v3] tell a story.

ukime [n] to us (1st plural inclusive realis dative pronoun).

ukinta [v3] evoke, summon; capture, portray, express well/clearly. <ERG evoke DAT using/in
terms of NOM>

ukma [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person inclusive ergative).

ukme [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person inclusive nominative).

uko [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + second person ergative).

ukoi [n] to you (2nd singular realis dative pronoun). ukoi [n] poisonous mushroom, toadstool.

uktia [v3] give, provide, bestow; let, enable, give (s.o.) a chance. <ERG give NOM to DAT> uktial [n] recipient. uktiampa [v2] give out, distribute; give away. uktiampanen [n] ceremonial feast, potlach. uktiampats [n] distribution (of wealth), gift-giving; generosity, largesse. uktie [n] gift, thing which is given; chance, opportunity. aleut uktia [v3] be helpful; help, aid, give aid. aleutekan uktia [v3] be beneficial; benefit, help. <ERG be beneficial to DAT> eske uktia [v3] grant one's request. hele uktia [v3] signal, give

a sign, warn; indicate. *lhes uktia* [v3] sharpen (a tool or weapon). *mpetsan uktia* [v3] count, number; order, arrange in order. *solau uktia* [v3] advise, counsel, give advice. *soun uktia* [v3] hearten, encourage, embolden, give courage; inspire; boost, elevate, energize, exhilarate. *tule uktia* [v3] be kind, considerate, helpful. <ERG be kind to DAT>

uku [n] axe, hatchet.

uku [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + second person nominative).

ukuha [v1] be suspicious, dubious; be peculiar, odd, strange; be cautious, wary; be suspicious (of), be incredulous (of), suspect. <NOM be suspicious, LOC be cautious, ALL be suspicious of NOM> ukuhampa [v2] act in a suspicious manner, rouse suspicion; behave strangely. <ERG rouse the suspicions of ALL>

ukut [n] to you (2nd plural realis dative pronoun). ul [n] island. kihul [n] islet.

ula [v1] (see: ola).

ulampio [n] earshot, (range of one's) hearing.
ulampiona [n(LOC)] within earshot. ulampio
pahaina [n(LOC)] out of earshot. hate ulampio [n] shouting distance.

ulau [n] testicles, scrotum.

ulè [n] magic, witchcraft, the supernatural.

ulehkan [n] magic, magical power, supernatural power.

ulehtapin [n] spell, charm, enchantment.

ulhiku [n] worm (esp. earthworm).

ulhmo [n] year. ulhmo ulhmome [n(INST)] year by year, (from) year to year.

ulhmomet [n] new year's, the end of one year and the beginning of the next.

ulhmomilh [n] time of year, season.

ulhmotiokin [n] late autumn.

ulhnan [n] poison, venom, toxin, harmful or deadly substance.

uliho [n] vinegar.

ullaha [v2] relax, loosen up, slacken, release tension; calm down, experience relief. <NOM relax, ERG relax NOM, LOC experience relief> ullaiha
[v1] be relaxed, lax, loose, slack (having previously been tense/flexed); be calm, at rest, at ease; be relieved. <NOM be relaxed, LOC be relieved>

ullefa [v3] roll up. <ERG roll NOM up (into DAT)>
ulleife [n] roll, scroll.

ulna [v1] be sour, tart, acidic; taste sour; (fig.) be bitter, resentful, sore, in a sour mood. <NOM be sour, LOC be resentful, LOC resent NOM> uloha [v2] rock back and forth, sway, undulate.
uluka [v1] be very old, ancient. ulukats [n] ancient times. ulukatsna [n(LOC)] long ago, a very long

time ago, ages ago.

uluma [v1] be soft and wet, mushy, squishy; (p.t. earth) be damp, boggy, muddy; be flooded, soaked, saturated. <NOM be saturated with ABL> ulume, ulumanen [n] marsh, quagmire, soft/muddy patch, area where the ground is saturated with water. ulunta [v2] dampen, make/become damp; flood, soak, saturate. tsuol uluma [v1] be muddy.

ulumpek [n] puddle.

uma [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person singular ergative).

umai [n] to me (1st singular realis dative pronoun).
ume [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person singular nominative).

umialta [v2] adopt, take up, start (to do/use s.th.).
umpaha [v3] fold up, fold over; fold in on oneself.
<NOM fold in on oneself, ERG fold NOM up (into DAT)> umpahal, umpaihanen [n] hem, cuff.

umpatla [v3] cover completely, cover all over, coat;
wrap, envelop, encase. <ERG cover DAT completely with NOM, ERG wrap DAT in/with NOM>
umpatle [n] cover, covering; wrapper, wrapping, envelope; coat, coating; cocoon.

umpeta [v2] take, grab for oneself; take back, retrieve; take in, bring in, absorb, imbibe, swallow, devour.

umpetoma [v2] be greedy, grasping, acquisitive, voracious. <ERG be greedy (for NOM)>

umpiha [v1] be renewed, fresh, refreshed, rejuvenated, invigorated; be recreated, reestablished.
umpihampa [v2] be refreshing, invigorating.
umpihats [n] renewal.
umpihau [n(ABL)] afresh, anew; once again.
umpihta [v3] start over, begin again; renew, refresh, rejuvenate, invigorate.

umul [n] speech, language, the ability to speak and understand language.

umusa [v2] close up, seal (a crack or small opening); (p.t. flowers, sails) close, shut, fold up, furl; (p.t. a wound or lesion) close, heal. lhame
umusa [v2] bind (up), bandage (a wound). tsatste umusa [v2] fill in, caulk.

umusoi [n] mortar, plaster, caulking, sealant. kihumusoi [n] scab.

unai [n] to him, to her; to this (one), to that (one) (3rd singular animate realis dative pronoun and demonstrative). unat [n] to them; to these (ones), to those (ones) (3rd plural animate realis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

unia [v1] be uneasy, ill-at-ease, disturbed, unsettled, disquieted. uniats [n] unease, disquiet, discomfort; disease, illness. hinkepe unia [v1] have indigestion, have abdominal discomfort. minu unia [v1] be depressed. poku unia [v1] have an upset stomach. ymò unia [v1] be constipated, have constipation.

unkim [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person inclusive nominative).

unkima [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person inclusive ergative).

unkista [v2] lead in circles; confuse, confound.
unkuma [n] mask.

unkusta [v2] pick (s.th. new), make a different selection; switch, shift, change (from one thing to another); replace. <ERG pick NOM, ERG switch from ABL to NOM, ERG replace ABL with NOM> mupatle unkusta [v2] change (one's clothes).

unma [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person singular ergative).

unme [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person singular nominative).

unmilhta [v3] turn around; pivot, rotate; (p.t.
rope, etc.) twist, wind, coil. unmeilhtanen [n]
coil.

unniepa [v2] make a decision, come to a decision; choose, decide, resolve, opt (to do s.th.).

uno [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + second person ergative).

unta [v3] circle back, come full circle; return, come back (around); revisit; recur, happen again; bring back, reinstate, restore. <NOM return to DAT, ERG return/restore NOM to DAT> untanen [n] circle, circular or closed path, loop. kas uonta la [e] you're welcome (lit. 'rest assured [it] has now come full circle'; formulaic response to tianunta 'thank you', lit. 'may [your] kindness come full circle').

untapa [v3] braid; tie, knot, make a knot in. <ERG braid NOM (hair/fibre) into DAT> untaipanen
[n] braid, braided hair. kistaitl untapa [v3] tie (rope) into a knot.

untapu [n] underwear, underpants.

untlama [n] spirit, supernatural (non-corporeal) being.

untlisa [v3] mediate, arbitrate; facilitate, oversee; judge (a dispute). <ERG facilitate NOM, ERG mediate between DAT> untlisaka [n] arbitrator, mediator; judge, magistrate.

unto [n] whale (esp. grey whale).

untsa [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person exclusive ergative).

untsapa [v2] wonder, ask oneself.

untse [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + first person exclusive nominative).

untsuka [v3] carry out, follow (through on) (a task
 or request); perform, execute, enact, bring about;
 obey, be obedient. <ERG carry out DAT, ERG
 obey ALL>

untuhka [v3] begin again, start up again; resume, take up again, return to; continue (with), restore, reinstate; return, give back. <NOM start up again, ERG resume/continue (with) NOM, ERG return NOM to DAT>

unu [n] (clitic cluster: third person animate realis dative + second person nominative).

uohta [v1] (see: uihta).

uohtima [v1] exist, be attested; be real, actual; be definite, certain, substantial; be unavoidable, be the fact of the matter.

uokona [v1] be recognizable, be familiar, have a familiar shape; be identifiable, discernible; know the shape of; recognize, know by sight, be able to identify; know who/what (s.th.) is. <NOM be recognizable, LOC recognize NOM, LOC know who/what NOM is>

uokuha [v1] be set (used of clay or paint that is dried, pottery that is fired, food that is baked, etc.); be baked, dried, fired; be hard, firm, solid, rigid, in a fixed shape (not pliable). uokuhta [v2] harden, get hard, set (up), solidify, become firm. uokuhe [n] (piece of) pottery, ceramic.

uos [n] shape, form.

uoslan [n] shape, contour(s); outline, silhouette;
figure. hulhpa uoslan [n] silhouette.

uosta [v3] shape, give shape to, work; make, create, craft, fashion, produce. <ERG shape NOM into DAT, ERG make DAT out of NOM/ABL> uoista [v1] be shaped, wrought; have a shape; have the form of; be made/fashioned out of. <NOM have the shape of LOC, LOC be made out of NOM> uoistanen [n] (made) object, artifact, creation, product. uostanen [n] design, shape, way of making. uoste [n] substance, material (out of which something is made). mine uosta [v3] imagine, envision, conceive. nalei uosta [v3] paint a picture of, depict.

uostunka [v2] act, play a role (in a drama); play, portray, depict, act the role of; perform, act out. <ERG portray NOM, ERG act out INST> uostunkaka [n] actor, player. uostunke [n] character, role, part. uostunkanen [n] performance; portrayal, depiction, role.

uosu [n] pebble, stone made round and smooth by erosion. kihuosu [n] small pebble. tohuosu [n] large, round boulder.

uota [v3] feel, sense, perceive, notice, become aware (of); find (out), discover, see, realize. <DAT feel/perceive NOM> uoita [v1] feel, sense, perceive, be aware (of), be conscious (of). <LOC feel NOM (an emotion or sensation internal to one's body), ALL perceive NOM (an external sensation or stimulus)> euoita [v1] feel, have the feeling/sensation of; seem, appear. laumasiò uoita [v1] be/feel homesick. masiò uoita [v1] be sorrowful, feel sorrow. simu uoita [v1] worry, be worried, be concerned. <LOC worry about ALL> tulats uoita [v1] be grateful.

upam [n] wapato, broadleaf arrowhead.

us [n] place (where one sits), seat; saddle; stead. usna [n(LOC)] instead (of), in place (of).

usa [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person exclusive ergative).

usahke [p] especially, in particular (focus particle).
usahkena [v1] be special, particular, noteworthy.
usat [n] to us (1st plural exclusive realis dative pronoun).

use [n] (clitic cluster: third person inanimate realis dative + first person exclusive nominative).

uset [n] being, creature, living thing, organism.

usia [v1] be warm, cozy, comfortable (used of a space).

usihout [n] direction away from the river. usihouta [n(ALL)] away from the river.

usihta [v2] go/come up from the (nearest) river, move away from the (nearest) river.

usinta [v3] move, shift (from one place to another), change location; transfer; switch, exchange. <NOM move from ABL to DAT, ERG transfer NOM from ABL to DAT, ERG switch NOM for/with ALL>

uska [v2] fool, trick, deceive. <ERG deceive ALL
with NOM/INST, ERG use NOM to deceive ALL>
uskats [n] deception, trickery. uske [n] trick;
fake (thing), deceptive words/action.

usla [v2] end, conclude, finish. <NOM end, ERG end NOM> oisla [v1] be ended, concluded, finished, over, closed. uslanen [n] end, conclusion, close, finish; endpoint. uslats [n] end, ending, conclusion. $\it uslah [n] end(ing)$, endpoint, closing, concluding moment.

uslaut [n] end; edge, rim, border; boundary, frontier (between two areas/regions); transition point, starting and ending point; spine (of a book).

usleian [n] border, boundary line; edgeusoihtapin [n] spiderweb.

usoit [n] spider.

usteuna [v2] replace, substitute, put in (the) place (of). <ERG substitute NOM for ALL, ERG replace ALL with NOM, ERG put NOM at DAT in place of ALL> usteune [n] replacement, substitute.

ustima [v1] be in place; lie, be located, be situated;
exist (in the physical world), be tangible, take up space; be real, actual, attested. <NOM be located
(at) LOC> ustimanen [n] place, location, space;
situation; existence, physical reality.

usuta [v1] be slow, move slowly. auosutima [v2] slow down, go/get slower, decelerate. usutampa [v2] be slow, avoid rushing; do (s.th.) slowly.

uta [a] already; yet.

utai [n] to it; to this (one), to that (one); there, to there, thither (3rd singular inanimate realis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

utat [n] to them; to these (ones), to those (ones) (3rd plural inanimate realis dative pronoun and demonstrative).

ute [n] area nearby, vicinity; area beside (s.th.).
utena [n(LOC)] near, close (to), nearby, in the area, in the vicinity; by, beside, next to.

utempa [n] neighbour.

uteupi [a] almost, nearly, close to. uteupi ntse [a] hardly, barely.

utia [v1] (see: atia).

utla [v2] be harmful, (do/cause) harm. <ERG be harmful, ERG harm NOM> utle, utlats [n] harm.
utloma [v2] be harmful, hurtful.

utok [n] stump.

utsan [n] amount, measure, portion (of some substance).

utsas [n] sweat. hamohi utsas [n] condensation.
utsaska [v2] sweat, perspire. <ABL sweat> utsaske [n] perspiration, sweat.

utume [n] the planet Saturn.

yhkuna [n] guest, visitor; person to whom one is obligated to show hospitality.

yhma [n] outside, exterior, area outside; outdoors.yhmalhol [n] outside relative (i.e., blood relative

or relative by marriage who does not belong to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clans).

yhmamehu [n] humiliation.

yhmauote [n] sensation originating outside one's body; external stimulus, object or quality perceived by one's senses.

yhtipe [n] embellishment, elaboration.

yi [i] oops; ouch.

yikasu [n] cliff (face), precipice; steep bank.

yikuma [n] (steep) slope, bank, hillside.

yima [v1] be steep; be sheer, precipitous; be vertical, perpendicular.

yipake [n] rung (of a ladder); foothold (for climbing a steep surface). yipakemit [n] ladder.

yipalhten [n] eyrie, high perch or nesting site.

yisa [v2] climb (a vertical surface/path, such as a tree or ladder); (p.t. smoke) rise.

yisaloi [n] opening (in or near the roof of a structure), smoke hole; dormer, skylight.

yisin [n] column of smoke or flame; rising cloud, plume, emanation, emission (of smoke/flame, mist, or gas). kihyisin [n] wisp; fume(s), vapour.

yitanu [n] raised platform, dais; balcony.

yities [n] tower (or other tall structure).

yklha [v1] be severe, harsh (used of an action or condition). yklhampa [v2] be severe, harsh (used of an individual); act with severity, treat harshly.

 $yk\hat{u}$ [n] (red) alder.

yla [v1] have, include (as a sub-part or property), be equipped with, endowed with, furnished with; feature. <NOM include INST> ylanen [n] property, trait; component; (body) part. ylta [v2] acquire, develop, come to include (a feature or property); endow, furnish, equip, supply, install. <NOM acquire INST, ERG endow NOM with INST> hauatme yla [v1] be on fire, be in flames. hauatme ylta [v2] catch fire; set fire to. <NOM catch fire, ERG set fire to NOM> laime yla [v1] be lit, give off light (p.t. lamps). laime ylta [v2] light (a lamp). pyime yla [v1] be pregnant, be with child.

ylha [v2] lose, be defeated; defeat, vanquish. <ERG defeat NOM> ylhaka [n] victor. ylhats [n] loss, defeat.

ylpa [v2] undo, reverse (an action or event); unmake, take down, strike. alontsats ylpa [v2] strike camp. kulhue ylpa [v2] unfold, unfurl. meunke ylpa [v2] wean. patle ylpa [v2] uncover. pusuke ylpa [v3] unmake, take apart, disassemble; destroy. tane ylpa [v2] discon-

nect. *tiespe ylpa* [v2] unbuild, deconstruct, take apart, take down, dismantle, disassemble. *uoste ylpa* [v2] mar, disfigure.

ymiohpa [a] why, how come, for what reason; for some reason. ntse ymiohpa [a] for no reason, without cause; there's no reason why.

ymò [n] bowel(s), lower intestine; colon.

ympe [n] staff, cane, walking stick, crutch.

ympyi [n] niece/nephew, stepchild, son/daughterin-law (or other relative of one's children's generation not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan).

ynal [n] are in front of, this side of. ynalna [n(LOC)] before, in front of, on this side of.

ynkiloiha [n] granddaughter (or other female relative of one's grandchildren's generation) not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan.

ynkilu [n] grandchild (or other relative of one's grandchildren's generation) not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan.

ynkilukal [n] grandson (or other male relative of one's grandchildren's generation) not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan.

ynnapè [n] niece, stepdaughter, daughter-in-law (or other female relative of one's children's generation) not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan.

ynta [v1] be narrow, tight, small (used of openings and spaces between objects). aiyntima [v2] narrow, get/make narrower, close up, close in, tighten, shrink.

yntien [n] nephew, stepson, son-in-law (or other male relative of one's children's generation) not belonging to one's matrilineal or patrilineal clan.

yntoi [n] narrow opening or passage, bottleneck; tight space.

ypià [n] area above. ypiahna [n(LOC)] above, over, overhead.

yta [v1] be true, correct, accurate; be the case; be real, actual. ytats [n] truth; reality.

ytapi [a] truly, really, definitely, surely, certainly.

ytlampi [a] especially, particularly, in particular; noticeably; in a noteworthy fashion.

ytlana [v1] stand out; be noteworthy, remarkable, noticeable, significant, conspicuous; be unusual, odd, peculiar; be impressive; notice, wonder at, be struck by; observe with interest, pay (close) attention to, show interest in. <NOM be remarkable, ALL notice NOM>

ytypa [v2] rumble, rattle.